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1903

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ANDERSON

& Co



Seedsman & Plant Merchants

31st MARCH, 1903.

Just Going to Press...



THESE are the last lines of our Catalogue to be written. Our Printer waits for final instructions before setting his machines in motion to print our Catalogue for 1903, which we will distribute over the State.

It is true that the drought has not yet broken up, although some glorious rains have visited many parts of the State, but the end of our troubles cannot be very far off—who knows but that before our Printers' ink is dry, copious rains will have fallen, and broken the spell of our misfortunes, and that with one accord we will

exclaim—

"THE DROUGHT HAS BROKEN UP,

The parched land has been refreshed, and waits the hands of the husbandman to till the soil and sow the Seeds to produce the plenteous harvest which will bring prosperity to all."

Then our Catalogue will have a new interest to Agriculturists, as they will all require and must have good Seeds to bring about that happy result.

The following pages have been carefully revised, and we find but one omission. The following should have appeared on page 8.

CRESS.

6d and 3d per packet.

Triple Curled. Old English variety.

American or Land Cress. For Winter use.

Water Cress. Sow on the bank of a creek.



We also wish to amend our quotation for **PASPALUM DILATATUM** (Golden Crown Grass), quoted on page 40 at 2/6 per lb. We can now offer

New Fertile Seed . . at 1/9 per lb.

For parcels of 14 lbs. . . 1/6 per lb.

Special quotations for large parcels.

Strong roots at 16/- per 1000.

It must be understood that we are not bound by any quotations for a longer period than one month after date of issue of this Catalogue.

Anderson & Co.

For 1903



AS the State is not yet free from the grip of the terrible drought, we determined to issue a smaller and less costly catalogue for 1903, which would contain all the information to be found in the larger one, in a condensed form.

This little work has been carefully compiled and is now presented to our customers, who will, we are sure find that it is up-to-date. As prudent men of business, we have made this new departure, as we, in common with the majority of our customers, are "banking our fires" until we enter upon the cycle of good seasons, which cannot be far off.

We know that when the change does come, our Seeds will be in larger demand than ever, and as they will be an important factor in making our State once more a land of plenty, we have made complete arrangements for a supply of the

BEST SEEDS THAT MONEY CAN BUY,

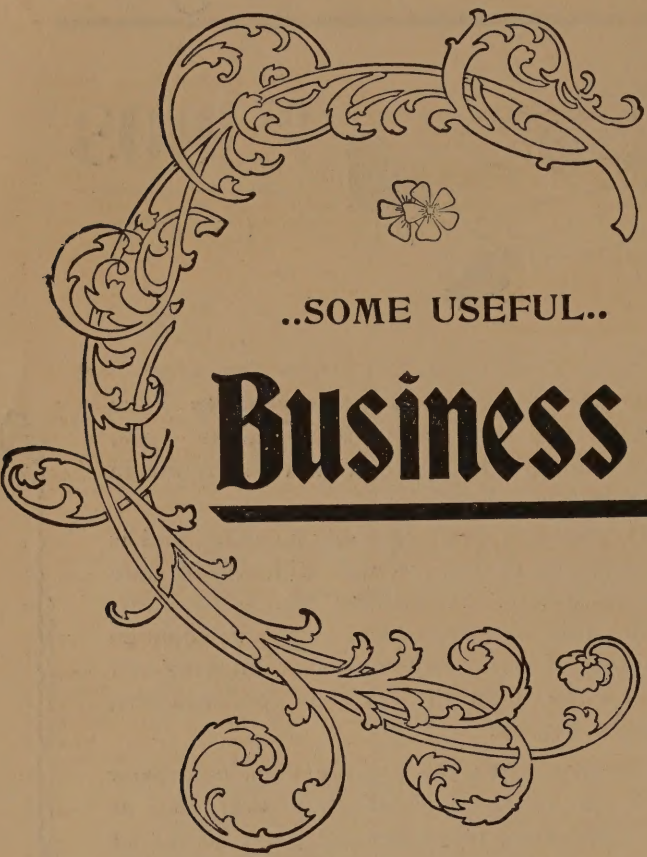
to meet the increased trade which is sure to come.

During the past year, we have enjoyed a very large business in spite of the dry season, the bulk of it having come from the favoured districts on the coast, and Sydney and suburbs; but we hope we shall soon have to rejoice with our friends, the long-suffering Agriculturists and Horticulturists in the interior, because copious and general rains will have fallen all over the State, which, in our wonderful climate, will soon transform the country into a garden, and bring prosperity to those who have so patiently waited for the "good times" which will certainly come. We, in common with all commercial men, will share in their good fortune, as we shall share in their rejoicing.

Owing to the severity of the drought we did not distribute the whole issue of 30,000 copies of our

LARGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE for 1902,
and have a few thousands at the disposal of new customers now.

ANDERSON & Co.



All Vegetable and
Flower Seeds are
Free by Post at
Prices named. . .

..SOME USEFUL..

Business Hints.

WE DELIVER FREE at prices named, all retail orders for packet Seeds and collections of Seeds offered at special rates, and all Vegetable Seeds quoted by the lb. on page 16.

WE DO NOT, HOWEVER, DELIVER free any Agricultural Seeds, Peas or Beans in

bulk, or by the quart (except at prices named), nor general orders for Trees and Plants ordered to be sent by rail, steamer or post.

WHEN ORDERING, customers should use our order sheets, and fill in all information therein asked for, and be careful to write their names plainly and give full addresses.

FOR PLANT AND TREE ORDERS, we require two days' clear notice, to enable us to select and pack them carefully, and we cannot forward on shorter notice.

ALL NEW CUSTOMERS should send cash with orders, and save delay. We will then either allow a discount of 5%, or add extra Seeds, Bulbs, or Plants to that amount. Cash business is most satisfactory to all concerned.

TO WELL-KNOWN OLD CUSTOMERS, we render our accounts quarterly, but do not open any new accounts unless we are supplied with the most satisfactory references.

CUSTOMERS CAN REMIT by cheque, and add 6d. for exchange or collection; by bank drafts, postal notes, or stamps for small amounts.

NO GUARANTEE. Our Seeds are the very best procurable, but we give no guarantee as to the correctness of the name, description, or the product of the Seeds we sell. Every possible care is taken, but as we have to trust to the good faith of growers, it is impossible to guarantee our customers against error. If our terms are not accepted, customers can return any Seeds sent, within seven (7) days from date of purchase.

JANUARY.

If the weather is favourable, or if plenty of water is available, sow a full crop of French Beans, Butter Beans, Swede Turnip and Spinach, also Cabbage and Cauliflower in the seed beds and Celery in Boxes.

A small sowing may also be made of Cucumber, Squash, Radish, Parsley, Carrot, Leek, and Peas, also Lettuce, broadcast in a moist place (to be thinned but not transplanted), and Parsley, Broccoli, and Borecole in seed beds.

Plant out from seed beds, Cabbage and Cauliflower plants, also Celery in prepared trenches.

FEBRUARY.

Sow a full crop of Swede Turnip, White Turnip, and Cabbage.

And make a small sowing of Celery, Lettuce, Carrot, Onion, Spinach, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Peas, French Beans, Butter Beans, Radish, Parsnip, Beet, Savoy, Mustard and Cress.

Plant out from the seed bed during favorable weather: Cauliflower, Cabbage, and Celery plants, also Garlic and Eschalot Bulbs and Early Rose Potatoes.

MARCH.

Sow a full crop of Cabbage (imported seed), Radish, White Turnip and Swede Turnip, Spinach, Lettuce, Peas, Broad Beans, Parsley and Water Cress.

Also a small sowing of Beet, Carrot, Onion, Parsnip, French Beans (last sowing) and Mustard and Cress.

Plant out from the seed beds plants of Cauliflower, Cabbage, Leek, and Celery; also plant Eschalots, and Tree Onion Bulbs and Early Rose Potatoes.

APRIL.

Sow a full crop of Peas, Broad Beans, White Turnip, Onion, Leek, Lettuce, Radish, Herb Seeds, also Cabbage in seed bed.

Also a smaller sowing of Spinach, Broccoli, Carrot, Parsnip, Mustard and Cress, and Water Cress.

Plant out from the seed bed Cabbage and Celery plants, make a planting of Garlic and Eschalots and Tree Onion Bulbs, also a few Early Rose Potatoes, if good sets are obtainable—main planting to be made in June. Crimson Winter Rhubarb Roots can also be planted.

MAY.

Sow a full crop of Peas, Broad Beans, Radish, Leek, Onion and Cabbage.

And a smaller sowing of Lettuce, Turnip, and Spinach.

Make a planting of Garlic, Eschalots, Potato (Onions and Tree Onion Bulbs, Asparagus Roots, Winter Rhubarb, Horse Radish, Herb Roots, and Celery plants in trenches.

See that the Asparagus beds are in good order.

JUNE.

Sow a full crop of Peas, Broad Beans, Cabbage, Brussels Sprouts, Broccoli, and Onion.

And a smaller sowing of Lettuce, Radish, Carrot, Leek, Turnip, Spinach, Borecole, Cucumber (under glass), Tomato, Cape Gooseberry, Capsicum, and Egg Plant (under glass).

Plant out Winter Rhubarb, Asparagus, and Horse Radish Roots, Herbs, Eschalots, Garlic, and Potato and Tree Onions

..When..

AND

What to Sow

IN THE

Kitchen Garden

THIS Calendar particularly applies to Sydney and coastal districts of New South Wales, but it can be made applicable to the highlands of New England and elsewhere by making an allowance of a few weeks to provide for the difference in the seasons.

Our Calendar will apply if the normal conditions of temperature obtains during the period of sowing, but in our capricious climate, allowance will have to be made if the prevailing conditions of temperature are abnormal; therefore, if Spring does not keep its tryst, or arrive in time, it will throw back the sowing dates of some of the more tender seeds.

JULY.

Sow a full crop of Peas, Broad Beans, Carrot, Beet, Rhubarb, Onion.

And a smaller sowing of Cabbage, Parsley, Asparagus, Broccoli, Peas, Radish, Cucumber and Melons (under glass).

Transplant Onions, and plant out Herbs, Asparagus, Horse Radish, and Rhubarb Roots, also Eschalots, Garlic, Tree and Potato Onions, and make a general planting of Potatoes. (See our special list.)

AUGUST.

Sow a full crop of Leek, Parsnip, Beet, Carrot, Tomato, Lettuce, Squash, Broad Beans, Cucumber, Melons, Peas, Pumpkin, French Beans, Butter Beans, Swede and White Turnip, Radish, Spinach, Capsicum, Parsley, Broccoli, Egg Plant, Rhubarb, Cabbage, Brussels Sprouts, and Vegetable Marrow.

Plant out Jerusalem Artichokes, Sweet Potatoes, Rhubarb and Asparagus Roots, small sowing Onion, Eschalots, Garlic, and Tree Onions, Early Rose, and other Potatoes.

SEPTEMBER.

Sow a full crop of French Beans (dwarf and tall vars.), Butter Beans, Leek, Spinach, Cucumber, Sweet Corn, Celery, Cape Gooseberry, Capsicum, (or Pepper), Rhubarb, Egg Plant, Parsley, Pumpkin, Vegetable Marrow, Squash and Tomato.

Also a smaller sowing of Peas, Turnip, Water Melon, Rock Melon, Beet, Lettuce, Radish, Carrot, Parsnip, Onion, Swede Turnip, and Parsley.

Plant out Tomatoes, into good rich soil, and protect them until established; "Combination" and "Golden Champion" are fine new varieties.

OCTOBER.

Sow a full crop of French Beans (dwarf and tall) and Butter Beans, Sweet Corn, Pumpkin, Melon (Water and Rock), Cucumber, Vegetable Marrow, Squash and Celery.

Also a small sowing of Peas, Cabbage, Egg Plant, Leek, Radish, Lettuce, Carrot, Parsnip, Onion, Turnip, Tomato, Spinach, Beet, Parsley, Capsicum, and Lima Beans.

Continue to plant out Tomatoes for succession.

Butter Beans will do well if sown this month; Anderson's "Startler" (Yellow Pods) is one of the best.

NOVEMBER.

Sow a full crop of French Beans, and Butter Beans, Lima Beans (tall and dwarf.)

And smaller sowings for succession of Squash, Cucumber, Lettuce, Radish, Beet, Celery, Pumpkin, and Vegetable Marrow.

Plant out Tomatoes.

King of the Garden Lima Bean is one of the best; Beans right into the cold weather.

DECEMBER.

Sow a full crop of Cauliflower in a seed bed, Cabbage, French Beans, and Butter Beans.

Also smaller sowings of Beet, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Carrot, Cucumber (for succession), Squash and Vegetable Marrow, Radish, Turnip (White and Swede), Lettuce, and Mustard and Cress.

Plant Eschalots and Tree Onions. Mulch your Cucumber, Tomato, and Melon plants this month.

Assorted Boxes

OF ANDERSON'S HIGH-CLASS SEEDS



FOR
THE

Vegetable Garden.

POST FREE FOR CASH delivered to any address in the Commonwealth at prices quoted. Customers should be particular to give full address and post town. We will substitute a few packets for any named in the following collections if desired.

Specially selected for successional sowing for every month of the year, and for large and small gardens.

Our ..

"Home Garden" 20s.

Assortment of 50 Large Packets,

- 2 pkts. Beans, Broad sorts
- 3 " Beans, French sorts
- 2 " Beet, Red, 2 sorts
- 4 " Cabbage, 4 sorts
- 2 " Carrot, 2 sorts
- 2 " Cauliflower, 2 sorts
- 1 " Celery, White
- 1 " Cress, Curled
- 2 " Cucumber, sorts
- 1 " Leek, London Flag
- 2 " Lettuce, sorts
- 4 " Melons, Water & Rock
- 1 " Mustard, White
- 2 " Onion, 2 sorts
- 1 " Parsley
- 2 " Parsnip, 2 sorts
- 5 " Peas, Early and Late
- 3 " Pumpkin, sorts
- 2 " Radish, 2 sorts
- 3 " Tomato, sorts
- 3 " Turnip, sorts
- 2 " Vegetable Marrow sorts



Our ..

"Cottage Garden" 10s.

Assortment of 25 Large Packets,

- 2 pkts. Beans, French or K'dn'y
- 1 " Beet, Red
- 2 " Cabbage, 2 sorts
- 1 " Carrot
- 1 " Cauliflower
- 1 " Celery
- 1 " Cress, Curled
- 1 " Cucumber, Long Green
- 1 " Lettuce, Fine Curled
- 2 " Melons, Water & Rock
- 1 " Mustard, White
- 1 " Onion
- 1 " Parsley
- 1 " Parsnip
- 2 " Peas, Early and Late
- 1 " Pumpkin, best table sort
- 1 " Radish, Long Scarlet
- 1 " Tomato, Large Red
- 2 " Turnip, sorts
- 1 " Vegetable Marrow

Our ..

"Little Garden" 5s.

Assortment of 25 Small Packets,

- 2 pkts. Beans, French or K'dn'y
- 1 " Beet, Red
- 2 " Cabbage, 2 sorts
- 1 " Carrot
- 1 " Cauliflower
- 1 " Celery
- 1 " Cress, Curled
- 1 " Cucumber, Long Green
- 1 " Lettuce, Fine Curled
- 2 " Melons, Water & Rock

- 1 pkt. Mustard, White
- 1 " Onion
- 1 " Parsley
- 1 " Parsnip
- 2 " Peas, Early and Late
- 1 " Pumpkin, best table sort
- 1 " Radish, Long Scarlet
- 1 " Tomato, Large Red
- 2 " Turnip, sorts
- 1 " Vegetable Marrow

GENERAL LIST of

Vegetable Seeds.

The varieties of Vegetable Seeds which we offer in the following pages have been carefully selected as the best of their classes. Our Seeds are of the finest strain procurable. Quality is our first consideration—regardless of cost. We study our customers' interests and our own by offering only the best of everything.

Globe Artichoke.

6d and 3d per packet.

Large Green.

Large Purple.

Culture. Sow in seed bed during March or September, and transplant into well-enriched trenched soil in the following autumn or spring, in rows 4 to 6 feet apart.

Jerusalem Artichoke.

White. Tubers: see page 15.

Culture. Cultivation same as for potatoes, with plenty of manure, but plants should stand 3 feet apart.

Asparagus. 6d & 3d per pkt.Cannover's Colossal.
The Palmetto.

Purple Dutch.

Culture. Sow seed July or August in good rich soil. Thin out plants to 6 inches apart, and during winter give the roots a heavy top dressing of manure and some coarse salt or nitrate of soda. In the autumn of second year transplant roots into rows 18 inches apart, to form permanent beds.

Asparagus Pea. 6d & 3d per pkt.
(Lotus Tetragonolobus).**Beet.**

1s per oz.; 6d & 3d per pkt.

Anderson's Extra Early Turnip Rooted. A beautiful deep crimson, round variety.

Burpee's Improved Blood Turnip. Globular shape. Eclipse. Early, dark red, perfectly round; domestic use. **Egyptian Turnip Rooted.** An extra early Beet, growing very fast; rather flat in shape, with blood red flesh.

All the Turnip Rooted varieties are much earlier than the long shaped sorts, and quite equal in quality.

Anderson's Long Blood Red. 12 inches long. **Nutting's Dwarf Long Red.** Old favourite; medium size.

Culture. Sow July and December and from February to March on land which has been manured for a previous crop. Never use fresh manure when sowing. Sow in rows 18 to 24 inches apart; thin out the plants 10 to 12 inches.

Spinach Beet. 1s oz.; 6d & 3d pkt.

Giant Seakale Spinach Beet. Its pure white leaf-stalks, when cooked, are not unlike Seakale.

Culture. Sow from July to December in good land, in rows 2 feet apart, and thin out the plants to 18 inches. The green leaves only are used as Spinach, and the broad midrib is excellent boiled and served like Celery.

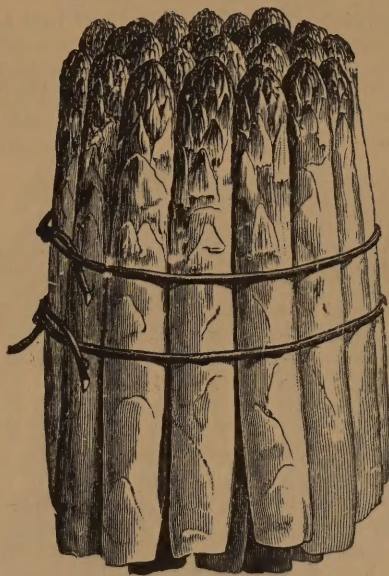
Borecole or Kale. 9d oz.; 6d and 3d pkt.

Dwarf Green Curled. Suitable for the colder districts; an excellent winter vegetable.

Culture. Sow in beds during January and June, and treat like Cabbage. Same soil and treatment suits them.

Broccoli. 1s 6d oz. 6d and 3d per packet.Adams' Early White. Knight's Protecting.
Elletson's Mammoth. Walcheren.

Culture. Sow for main crop December, January and February, and again in June and July. Good, strong, richly manured soil will produce the best results.



Asparagus.

Broad Beans.

1s quart (post free. 1s 6d); 6d and 3d packet.

Anderson's Giant Long Pod. An abundant bearer; excellent flavour.

Broad Windsor. Largest seeded Broad Bean.

Early Long Pod ("Hangdown"). Favourite.

Culture. Strong loam with a little clay suits this crop best, although fair crops can be obtained on lighter land. Do not manure heavily. Sow in May, June, July, and August in drills 3 to 4 feet apart; pinch out points of shoots.

"I have always grown your Seeds, and they have always given satisfaction. The year before last I was particularly successful with 'Succession' Cabbages, three weighing 18, 19½ and 21 lbs."

W. E. STEVENS, Oberon.—5-3-02.

Lima Beans.

2s quart (post free, 2s 6d); 6d and 3d packet.

The Lima is a shell Bean with excellent flavour and is wonderfully productive, the very best for a dry season, as it continues bearing throughout the summer. The tall "King of the Garden" is the best if grown on a fence or trellis; a dozen plants will supply a family all through the season. The dwarf varieties also are excellent, and do not take up much space.

Burpee's Dwarf. Best dwarf type of Lima.

Anderson's Dwarf. Very prolific bush variety.

King of the Garden (Tall). Pods are large and well-filled, produced in great abundance.

Culture. Sow the beans in October, November, or December, in good loamy soil if possible, which has been well enriched; sandy soil will also produce good crops if it is liberally treated. The tall varieties should be in rows 4 feet apart, and the dwarf 18 inches; tall sorts require 5 ft. stakes.

French Beans.

1s 6d quart (post free, 2s); 6d and 3d per packet.

DWARF VARIETIES.

Canadian Wonder. Very long pods, wonderful bearer.
Negro Long Pod. Very productive and of fine quality.
Pale Dun. Old favorite; productive; medium pod.
Governor Denison. Excellent and productive; large pods.
Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. Very early and prolific.
Dwarf Inexhaustible. Plants bear pods right through the season.

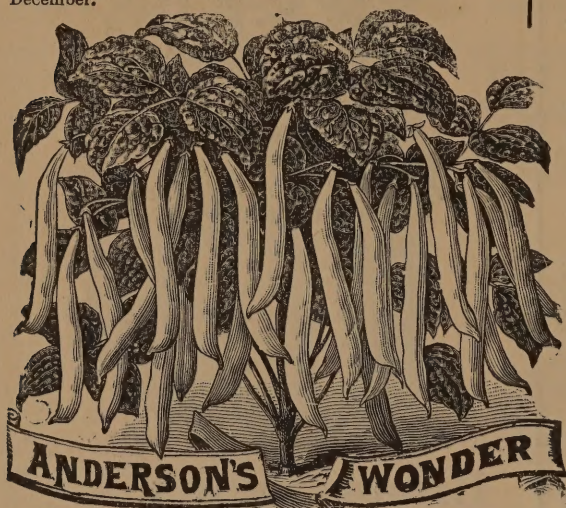
RUNNER VARIETIES.

White Dutch. Large and fine, tall grower.
Zebra, or Napoleon. Good Bean, not much grown.
Scarlet Runner. Suitable for the colder districts.
Culture. Sow dwarf varieties September to February, and runner sorts three to four feet apart, train on poles, and sow in good soil, September, October and November.

Snake Beans (Chinese or Yard Long)

6d per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Culture. Wonderfully productive, pods 18 inches long, which are quite stringless, resembling French Beans. Plants grow six feet if trained on a trellis or fence. They continue bearing during hot, dry weather. Sow September or December.



Carrot.

9d per oz.

6d and 3d per packet.

Improved Scarlet Intermediate. Fine size, short top.
St. Valery. An excellent scarlet Carrot, of good length.
Scarlet Long Horn. Medium length, good colour.
Early Shorthorn. Good colour and quality; very early.
LONG RED SURREY. Very long, grows to perfection on deep rich land.

LARGE RED ALTRINGHAM. Long, coarse for domestic use.

Culture. Make sowing in July and August, and for main crop in September, intermediate sowing in January and February. Prefers sandy loam or any light soil. Land which has been manured for previous crop is best. Do not manure when sowing.

Brussels Sprouts.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Rosebery. Early; very fine and tender.

Common. A large fine-growing variety.

Culture. Sow in seed bed during June and August for mid-summer use, and again in November, December, and February for winter crop. Transplant into well-manured rich soil, in rows two feet apart, same distance between plants.

Butter Beans

(STRINGLESS, YELLOW PODS).

1s 6d per quart (post free 2s); 6d and 3d per packet.

Anderson's Wonder. Plants fifteen inches high.

The "Startler." Plants twelve to eighteen inches high.

Yosemite Mammoth. Strong grower, very productive.

Mont d'Or or Golden Butter (Tall). This Bean grows about six feet.

Culture. Same as French Bean.

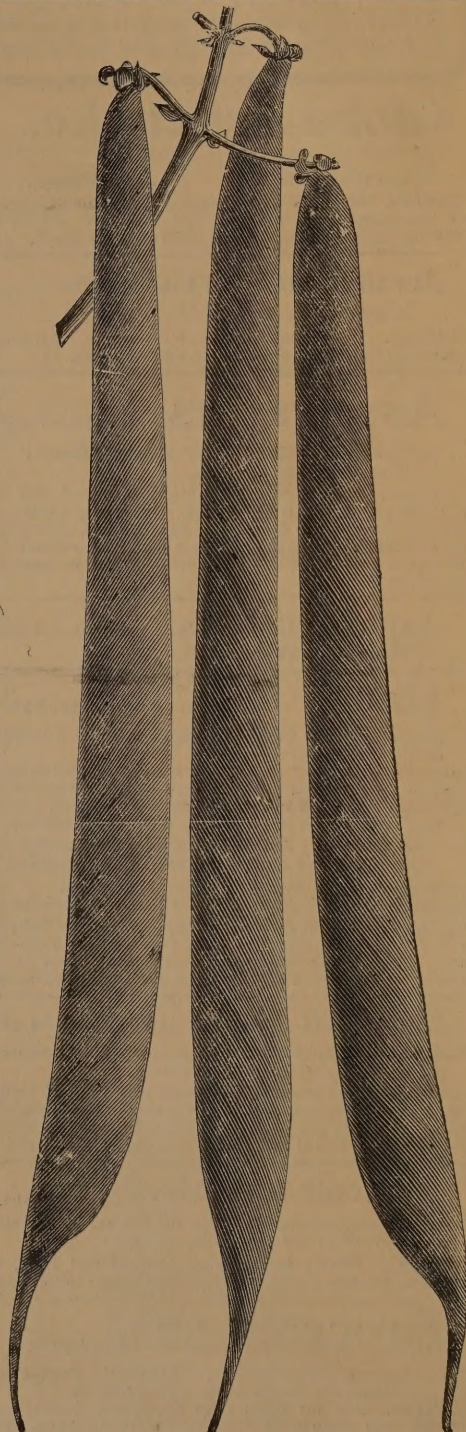
Cape Gooseberry.

6d and 3d per packet.

Cape Gooseberry. Can be used for dessert; makes a delicious jelly.

Giant Cape Gooseberry. (Japanese Winter Cherry—*Physalis Franchetti*). A CAPE GOOSEBERRY from Japan, erect habit, from 1½ to 2 feet high. The fruit is edible when quite ripe.

Culture. Sow in September, and pick out into warm sheltered border. Plants two feet apart; pinch out top of the shoots to promote sturdy, bushy habit.



Canadian Wonder French Bean.

Cabbage. 9d per oz. 6d and 3d per packet.

For Special Prices to Market Gardeners and Large Growers see page 16.

SUCCESSION. Original Stock:

Burpee's All Head Early. Short stemmed. The heads are large, flat, and closely packed.

Anderson's Improved St. John's Day. One of the finest summer Cabbages; will heart during the hottest months and produce large solid heads.

St. John's Day, Early. Comes in very quickly and stands well; one of the best.

Autumn King or Worldbeater. Perhaps the finest late Cabbage in cultivation. It produces enormous hearts and very few outside leaves. It goes all to head.

East Ham and West Ham. Excellent for autumn and winter crop.

London Market and Enfield Market. Splendid for general crops.

Early Dwarf York. Small but very early, good flavour, for private use.

Large York. Medium size and of fine quality, and very early.

Winningstadt. Cone-shaped; very heavy; resists aphs.

Sugarloaf. Most delicate flavour, excellent for private use.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Early, medium size; fine table sort.

Marble Head Mammoth. Magnificent Cabbage of immense size.

Large Schweinfurt. Very large, fine white hearts, excellent quality.

Drumhead. Large late Cabbage, immense size, a fine Winter Cabbage.

Flat Dutch. Winter variety, late, flat and solid.

Large White Brunswick. Large summer variety, which is not so subject to aphs as the other sorts.

Anderson's Defiance Red Pickling Cabbage. Large solid heads, weighing 10 to 12 lbs. Colour intense blood red.

Culture. Sow in June or July, and in February or March. Cabbage requires rich land, heavily manured. Strong loam is the best, but any good soil will give satisfactory results if well cultivated.

Cauliflowers.

1s 6d to 3s 6d per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Veitch's Autumn Giant. Magnificent large, snow-white heads; plants requiring plenty space. Not an early variety.

Anderson's White Queen. Very early, dwarf, large, firm closely-set heads. 3s 6d oz.

Early London. First-class, early. Fine white heads, not liable to button.

Large Asiatic. A large variety, of fine quality.

Walcheren. A favourite with some; medium, early.

Culture. Sow in rich light soil in December, January, and February. Shade with boughs, and water seed bed regularly. Plant out during dull weather. Cauliflower should not follow Cabbage crop.



Large Asiatic Cauliflower.

Succession Cabbage.

15s per lb.; 4s per 1/2 lb.;
1s per oz.; 6d & 3d packet.

SUCCESSION CABBAGE. This splendid variety continues to hold the foremost place in the long line of Cabbages and our sales are increasing year by year. It produces uniform, very large flat heads, very solid and of fine quality, and no Cabbage is a greater favorite among Market Gardeners. It has excellent keeping and carrying qualities. Hundreds of tons of it are sent to the Sydney markets annually. It cannot be too highly recommended.

For Autumn and Spring sowing it is excellent, but may now be said to be an all-the-year-round variety. It is short-stemmed, has enormous flat heads packed very closely, of fine texture and quality, and even large specimens are not coarse in flavour. It stands the summer heat excellently.

Savoy Cabbage.

9d per oz.; 6d and 3d packet.

Drum Head.
Dwarf Green Curled.

An excellent curled Cabbage, does remarkably well in the cooler parts of our State. Has a distinct flavour of its own; is at its best during cold, frosty weather.

Culture. Same as Cabbage, see above.

"I was pleased with the Seeds I got from you last year; they were all very good. I grew some of the 'Succession' Cabbage, which weighed from 20 to 30 lbs."—MR. FRED. CONNOR, Junction Point.—11-6-02.



Succession Cabbage.

Keep the Soil Open!

Loosen the soil between the plants constantly with a fork, hoe, or cultivator. Not only does this destroy weeds, but it helps to keep the moisture in the soil, and promotes the growth of the plants.

Celery. 1s per oz. 6d and 3d per packet.

WHITE VARIETIES.

- White Plume.** Very tender, stalks, inner leaves and heart white.
White Solid Paschal. Great breadth of stalk; a self-blanching variety.
Winter Queen. Ribbs solid, crisp, of a fine cream white.
Cole's Crystal White. Large and fine quality; crisp and well flavoured.
Wright's Selected Giant White. Tender and crisp, blanches well.
Turner's Incomparable White. Fine flavour; tender when blanched.

RED VARIETIES.

- Rose Ribbed.** Self-blanching; rich golden colour, rose shaded ribs.
Pink Plume. Stalks tender, of a pale pink colour; self-blanching.
Cole's Red Solid. Fine; pink colour; large solid stems; tender and crisp.
Laing's Mammoth Red. Strong stalks; blanches well; crisp and tender.

Culture. Sow for main crop September or October, and again in December or January, and transplant into rich, well-cultivated soil, in trenches six inches deep. Earth up the plants as they advance, so as to blanch the stalks. Water freely during dry weather. Sow in shallow boxes of good soil.

Cucumber. 3d and 6d per packet.

- Anderson's Best of All.** Two feet long, close grained, rich flavour. 1s per packet.
Commercial. Early, hardy, very productive; dark green fruit, 6 to 8 inches long.
Rollison's Telegraph. Green variety, excellent quality.
Anderson's Market King. Long, even in size, and beautiful shape, green colour.
Choice Long Green. Excellent variety; fruit 18 inches long, of fine flavour.
Short Green Prickly. A favourite with some growers; very hardy, good sort for small gardens.
Long Green Prickly. Fine size, deep green colour, crisp, and delicious; a favourite.
Chatsworth White Spine. Fruit dark green, 2 feet long, beautiful shape, solid white flesh, few seeds.
Crystal White. White skin, firm flesh, good keeper, early.
Fordhook Pickling. A strong vine, fruits enormously.
Thorburn's Everbearing. An excellent pickling variety, very early fruiting.
Green Gherkin. Very small fruit, used only for pickling.
Apple-shaped Cucumber. Round fruit white tender flesh
Japanese Climbing (Green). Very early, prolific, rapid climber; splendid.
Japanese Climbing (White). Fruit pure white.
- Culture.** Sow during August, September, and October. In the colder districts the first sowing should not be made until October. The land must be well worked and heavily manured, and the plants should stand four to five feet apart. Pinch out the points of the runners when about four feet long, so as to set the fruit.

Culinary Herb Seeds. 6d & 3d pkt.

Anise	Lavender
Balm	Marigold
Basil (Sweet)	Marjoram (Pot)
Basil (Bush)	Marjoram (Sweet)
Borage	Purslane
Caraway	Rosemary
Chervil	Rue
Coriander	Sage
Dandelion	Savory (Winter)
Dill	Savory (Summer)
Fennel	Sorrel
Hyssop	Thyme

Culture. Sow Autumn and Spring in prepared beds or boxes, and water carefully and regularly, and prick out when plants are 2 inches high. Twelve inches between each plant.

OUR
SEEDS
ARE
ALWAYS
THE
BEST!



Celery.

Sweet or Table Corn.

9d per pint (post free, 1s); 6d and 3d per packet.

Delicious egetable, largely grown in America. Cobs should be cooked when they are quite soft and tender like green peas.

Anderson's Table Queen.

Other fine { Early Cory.
varieties. { Early Mammoth.

Crosby's Early.
Triumph.

Culture. Sow during September or October, in rows 3 to 4 feet apart on rich land. Should be hilled when plants are about a foot in height.

Pop Corn. 6d and 3d per packet.

Take the ripe cobs, roast the grains in a close iron vessel until they "pop," shaking the vessel meantime. The "Pop Corn" is then taken out and slightly dusted with flour sugar. It is a delicious sweet.

Culture. Same as Sweet Corn.

Kohl=Rabi. Turnip Rooted Cabbage.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

A delicious vegetable, when used in good condition.

Large Green. Large Purple.

Culture. Sow in Seed bed from December until March, and plant out into well manured land in rows 18 inches apart, and cut for use when the turnip-like roots are 4 inches in diameter.

Endive. Winter Substitute for Lettuce.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

This salad plant, when well grown and blanched, is by some preferred to Lettuce.

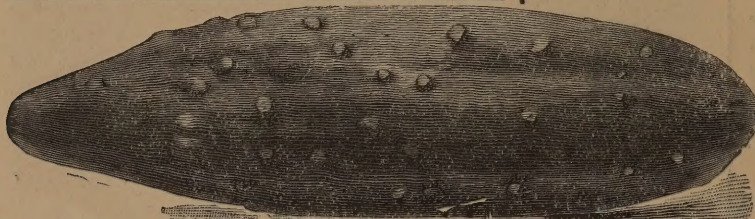
Batavian. Green Curled.

Culture. Sow February or March, and cultivate like Lettuce. Tie up the outer leaves, so as to blanch the heart.

Egg Plant. 6d and 3d per packet.

Improved New York Purple.
Long White China.

Culture. Sow in September or October in seed bed and transplant into the open in rows 2 feet apart. Thin out the fruit and top the shoots to induce branching.



Commercial Cucumber.

Waste Nothing!

All waste from the Vegetable garden should be rotted down, and returned to the soil with great advantage.



Ornamental Gourds.

Ornamental Gourds. 6d and 3d per packet.

This curious family produces fruit of most fantastic shapes. The foliage is highly ornamental. The Dish Cloth Gourd bears a fruit which is most useful.

Mixed Gourds. All the best sorts, including ORANGE, PEAR, PORTMANTEAU, and CLUB.

Nest Egg Gourd. A pretty climbing plant, bearing profusely, fruit resembling hen's egg. Can be used as a vegetable marrow.

Dish Cloth Gourd (Loofa, or Vegetable Sponge). This Gourd has lovely dark green foliage, with large yellow blossoms; the fruit is about two feet in length and the woody fibre lining of the inside of the fruit when ripe, and properly dried, makes an excellent Dish Cloth. They are also most useful in the bath as a flesh rubber, and far superior to any other flesh glove.

Leek. 9d per oz. 6d and 3d per packet.

Anderson's Perfection. Handsome Leek, blanches beautifully.

London Flag. A favourite Leek and largely grown.

Musselburgh. When transplanted grows to an immense size.

Culture. Sow in April, May, or June, and plant out in rows 18 inches apart, in rich, well-worked soil. Hill up the plants as they advance, so as to blanch the neck.



Anderson's Perfection Leek

Lettuce. 1s per oz. 6d and 3d per packet.

CABBAGE VARIETIES.

Neapolitan } Producing white solid hearts during winter and
Drumhead } spring.

Anderson's Long Standing. It is firm, crisp, and of good size. Not liable to run to seed.

Yellow Seeded Butter. Has immense solid heads of a bright yellow colour.

Hanson. Remarkable solid-hearting variety, not liable to run to seed.

Deacon. Leaves pale green without, with beautiful rich cream yellow within.

Californian Butter. Leaves are of a fresh green colour, slightly marked with brown spots.

Tender and True. Fine curled leaves, pale green; flavour excellent.

Ohio. Early, hearts freely when young, curled leaves.

Boston Curled. Extra curled leaves, resembles Endive.

Tom Thumb. A small compact variety, of good quality.

Grand Rapids. A strong grower, and keeps tender and crisp.

Iceberg. Quick grower, heads of exquisite flavour.

Mignonette. Beautiful russet coloured variety, small but solid.

New York. Of unusual size and solidity, excellent flavour.

Mammoth Salamander. Has wonderful heat-resisting qualities, fine solid heads throughout the summer.

UPRIGHT or COS VARIETIES.

Paris Green Cos.

Paris White Cos.

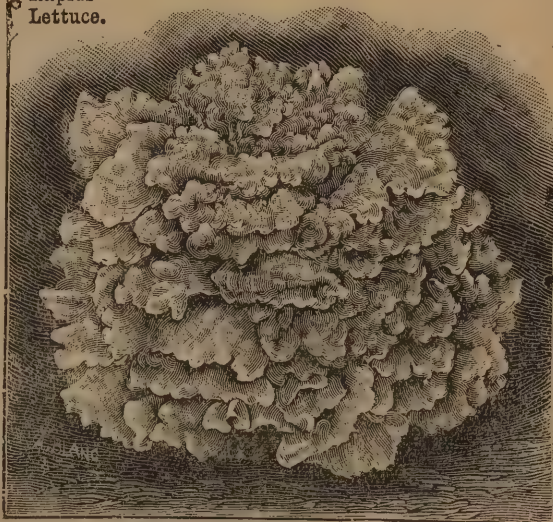
Favourite sorts, suitable for cold or warm districts, and will grow anywhere provided that the soil is rich and moist. The leaves grow erect and produce long-shaped loose hearts; the leaves are usually tied together to keep them crisp.

Culture. This favourite salad can be placed on the table nearly all the year round, where rich light soil and plenty of water is available. Sow in seed beds from January to June, and transplant into rich soil in rows 12 inches apart; water freely until plants are established. From June to January select varieties less liable to run, and sow in rows in the open, and do not transplant. Mulch the surface of the soil with old manure and water freely when required.



Deacon Lettuce.

Grand Rapids Lettuce.



When past their best, clear them!

As soon as a crop is past its best, pull up the plants remaining, as they exhaust the soil. Fork over the land roughly if not immediately required.

Water Melons.

9d per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Cuban Queen. Large crimson-fleshed Melon, superb quality and flavour.

Mammoth Ironclad. Fruit oblong, weight 50 lbs.; crisp, delicious.

McIver Sugar. Fruit large. Flesh is pale pink, crisp, juicy, and luscious.

The Dixie. Early; thin skin, flesh bright red, fruit oblong.

Cole's Early. Very early, red flesh, delicate flavour, very prolific.

Kolb's Gem. Green skin, nearly round; 30 to 50 lbs. in weight; flesh red.

Kleckley Sweets. Rich scarlet flesh, crisp and sugary. Fruit 18 to 20 inches.

Ice Cream. White seeded, excellent, with a delicious flavour.

American Champion. Of great merit, thin rind, delicious flavour.

Black Eyed Susan. Oblong. Bright red flesh; delicious flavour.

Black Spanish. Useful variety, very juicy, good size and flavour.

Sugar. Red seeded variety, very luscious; a favourite Melon.

Seminole. Large oblong Melon, very productive.

Sweet Siberian. Of oval shape and medium size. Rich orange buff flesh.

Culture. Sow in September and October in good soil, well worked, in hills five or six feet apart; these should be well manured. Sow five to six seeds in each, but allow only two plants in each hill to remain.

**Hackensack
Rock
Melon.**



Rock or Musk Melons.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Perfected Delmonico. Globular; skin greyish green, netted, yellow when ripe, flesh orange.

The Banquet. Red fleshed, beautifully netted, medium size, handsome.

Emerald Gem. Delicious, early and prolific; ribbed skin, flesh salmon.

Melrose. Flesh, pale green, shading to salmon, rind dark green; oval.

Early Hackensack. Early, delicious, netted green skin, and green flesh.

Golden Perfection. A green flesh variety, of excellent flavour; fine quality.

Netted Gem. Green flesh, melting, and prolific.

Large Yellow Cantaloupe. Fine large Melon; excellent flavour.

Skillman's Netted. Early sort, roundish oval; flesh deep green, sweet.

Pineapple. Highly flavoured, medium size, green flesh, abundant bearer.

Large Persian. Standard sort, of superior quality, and of large size.

Nutmeg. A medium sized Melon, delicious flavour; a great favourite.

Baltimore. Fine variety, excellent flavour, green flesh; large size.

Bay View. One of the finest Cantaloupe Melons; rich in flavour, and productive.

Improved Jenny Lind. The fruit is large, well flavoured; good keeper.

Anne Arundel. Of great size and quality; flesh solid, green, delicious flavour.

Culture. Sow in hills like Water Melons, but do not use too much manure, and rather select rich soil. Four to five feet between the hills will be sufficient, leaving only two plants in each, but do not thin out until plants begin to run. When fruit shows sign of ripening, it should be protected from rain, dews or any external moisture, so as to preserve the flavour.

Preserving Melons.

6d and 3d per packet.

Citron. Round variety, excellent for jam making.

Long Green. Excellent for jam or pie making.

Culture. Same as Water Melon.

Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

A very productive little Melon; fruit about the size of an orange, and of delicate flavour when baked or boiled like a Vegetable Marrow.

Mushroom Spawn.

Virgin French. We have imported some of the finest French Spawn; it is perfectly fresh and new, and is offered in small bricks. 4d per brick (post free 6d).

English. Procured from the most reliable source. 6d per brick (post free 1s 3d).

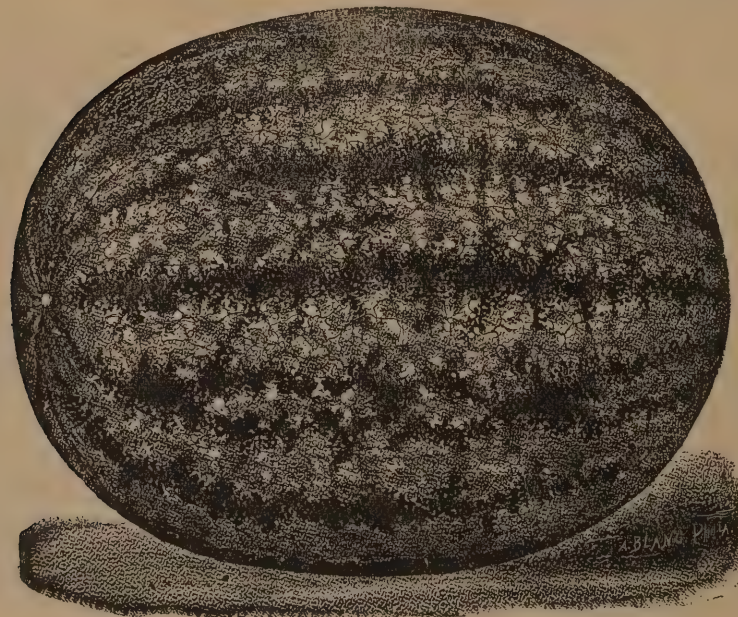
MANURE PAYS!

Do not spare manure on the Vegetable garden. If stable manure is not available, use bone dust, superphosphate or other approved fertilisers. It pays, and vigorous quick-grown plants better resist the aphids.

"Notwithstanding the drought, my garden is full of vegetables from your seeds."

G. A. TURNOR,
Mackay, Queensland.

3-8-02.



Cuban Queen Water Melon.

Onion.9d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.**Anderson's Market Model.** Colour brown; large, early, good keeper.**Brown Spanish.** Large and firm, like Anderson's Model.
Brown Globe. Like above, but more globular; a fine keeper, very solid.**James' Keeping.** One of the best; keeps well; brown skin.**Giant Rocca.** A fine Onion, of Italian origin, mild flavour.**Extra Early Yellow Globe.** Early, remarkable keeper.**Spanish Globe.** Mild and sweet; shape globular; very pale skin. In packets only, at 6d and 3d each.**Anderson's Mammoth Silver King.** Skin a beautiful silver white; mild flavour; very large.**Silver Queen.** Early, white-skinned, long-keeping, flat in shape, excellent.**Anderson's White Pickling Onion, "Champion."** Small, mild flavour, very early.**Silver Skin.** Pickling, clean silver skin; sow thick.**The Queen.** Silver-skinned pickling variety, fine flavour; very early.**Extra Early Flat Red.** Early, mild flavour; keeps well.**Potato Onion Seed.** 6d per pkt.; 1s per oz.

For sets see page 15.

Culture. Sow during March and April, in rich, well-prepared fine soil, of a sandy or loamy nature preferred. Transplant during July and August into rows two feet apart, six inches from plant to plant. Don't plant too deeply, the bulbs must be on the surface. Later sowings can be made, and the plants thinned out.**Parsnip.**6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.**Hollow Crown.****Large Guernsey.****Culture.** Sow sparingly during February, March and April, and a full crop in August, September and again in October. Prefers light rich soil, objects to heavy soil, also freshly manured land, which will cause the roots to fork. Land which has been manured for previous crop is most suitable.**Parsley.**6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per pkt.**Extra Triple Curled.** Fine garnishing, one of the best.**Champion Moss.** Beautiful moss-like variety.**Fern Leaved.** Ornamental, and of strong flavour.**Verdant Beauty.** Very curly and ornamental.**Culture.** Sow in March and again in August, September or October. Any well worked soil is suitable. Sow in seed bed and transplant into rows when 2 inches high.**Finest White Mustard.**

2s per lb.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Eschalot Seeds. 6d per packet.

Red Jersey.



Hollow Crown Parsnip.

Okra. 6d and 3d
per packet.

Improved Dwarf. Long Green.

Pe-Tsai

Chinese Cabbage.

6d and 3d per packet.

IT PAYS!

Do not allow two plants to occupy a space which is only sufficient for the proper growth of one. Thin out freely—it pays.

"I would like to say a few words in praise of your Seeds. I have been growing your Seeds for the last 14 years, and they have always given me the greatest satisfaction. At the present time, I am selling Cabbages at 7s 7½d the dozen, and Cauliflowers at 12s per dozen, grown from your Seed. Anyone in Maitland can tell you these prices are correct."—J. L. J. EASOM, West Maitland, 14-7-02.



Anderson's Mammoth Silver King Onion.

Pepper or Capsicum.

od and 3d per packet.

Celestial. Fruit creamy white changing to vivid scarlet.

Elephant's Trunk. The fruit of this variety is very large.

Bird's Eye. Fruit very small.

oral Gem Bouquet. Plants covered with very small peppers ; intensely hot.

Long Red Cayenne.

Long Yellow Cayenne.

Sweet Spanish.

Cherry

Small Chili.

Golden Dawn.

Culture. Sow in seed bed in September or October, and transplant into rows three feet apart when plants are three inches high. Plants should be two feet apart in the rows, and the soil cannot be too rich.

Peas.

1s quart (post free 1s 6d).

6d and 3d per packet.

Special Quotations to Market Gardeners and Large Growers for all varieties, see page 16.

EARLY.

Blue Peter. 1½ feet. Excellent early Dwarf.

The Daisy. Height 10 to 18 inches. Covered with pods.

McLean's Little Gem. 1½ feet. One of the very best Dwarf's.

American Wonder. 1 foot. A very early and very Dwarf Pea, and a wonderful bearer; pods well filled.

Wm. Hurst. 1½ feet. One of the very best Dwarf Marrow Peas grown; large pods, enormous cropper.

LATE.

Bedman's Blue Imperial. 2 feet; heavy bearer.

Pride of the Market. Superior round Marrow, grand show variety, very prolific.

Improved Telegraph. Great bearer, excellent quality; 4 feet.

MEDIUM.

Yorkshire Hero. 2½ to 3 feet. The most highly esteemed Wrinkled Pea grown. A wonderful cropper.

Heroine. Long-podded Wrinkled Marrow, medium early, 2½ feet, covered with long heavy pointed pods.

Veitch's Perfection. 2½ to 3 feet. Delicate flavoured Pea, resembling Yorkshire Hero.

Stratagem. 2½ to 3 feet. Crops wonderfully; pods large, of delicious flavour.

Telephone. Superb Pea, pods of 10 to 12 peas, of fine flavour; 4½ feet high.

Duke of Albany. Height 3½ to 4 feet. Thrives well early or late and very hardy.

The Queen. Of branching habit, about 2½ feet large pods, 10 to 12 peas in each, delicious flavour.

Anderson's Southern Queen. Immense pods, finest quality. When cooked, peas are a green colour.

Culture. Prefer strong loamy or sandy soil, but any good land will produce them. Sow for a main crop in June and July, and early sowings in March, and successive plantings during winter and spring in the warmer districts. Do not manure too heavily as it would cause plants to make too much straw.

Sugar Peas. Edible Podded.

Tall, Grey Seeded. Pods are cooked whole while young, and are most delightful. 2s per quart (2s 6d post free); 6d per packet.

Dwarf. A dwarf growing variety of the well-known edible podded or Sugar Pea. 6d per packet.

Culture. Same as the ordinary varieties.



Large Button Pumpkin.

Japanese. Flesh a rich salmon colour, unusually fine grained.

Jonathan. A fine quality Pumpkin, large bottle-shaped fruit.

Turk's Cap. A fine table variety and a good keeper.

Culture. Any good land, heavily manured and well worked, will grow Pumpkins. Having dug in the manure all over the land, give the hills where the seed is to be sown an extra dressing. Sow 10 to 12 seeds in each hill, but allow only two plants in each to remain. Hills should be six to eight feet apart.

Pumpkin

9d per oz.

6d and 3d per pkt.

PUMPKINS, for TABLE USE.

Crown. Medium size, thick flesh; good keeper and dry.

Large Button. Fine dry sort, good variety, fine keeper, medium size.

Ironbark. Not large, but fine quality; thick flesh.

Calhoun. Resembling the Gramma in some measure.



The Queen Pea.

Rhubarb.1s 6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.

Giant.

Mitchell's Albert.

Myatt's Linnæus.

Crimson Winter. This seed can now be supplied, from which a large proportion will come true.

Culture. Sow in August or September in seed bed, well mulched with manure. Water if required, and keep young plants growing freely. In the autumn transplant into permanent positions into very rich land, with plenty of manure. Plants three to four feet apart.

Rosella.

6d and 3d per packet.

It is from the fleshy calyx of this handsome plant (*Hibiscus subdifora*) that the celebrated Queensland Rosella jam is made, said to be superior to the Black Currant.

Spinach.6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.

Round and Prickly. Two well-known varieties.
Monstrous Viroflay. A very large fine sort.

Culture. Sow in rich soil to secure succulent growth. February and March are the best months to sow, but when water is at hand, may be grown six months in the year.

Salsify (Vegetable Oyster).

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Culture. Cultivation like that of Carrot or Parsnip.

Improved Seakale.

1s per oz.; 6d and 3d per packet.

Culture. A delicious spring Vegetable, but more suitable for colder districts. In England it is blanched by having large pots placed over the roots during winter, and these being covered with hot stable manure; the outside heat causes the plants to shoot.

Radish.6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.

Long Scarlet. Bright coloured, crisp and tender.

Red Turnip. Brilliant crimson skin, crisp.

White Turnip. Skin and flesh pure white.

Chartier. Crimson, shading to white.

Celestial, or White Chinese. Flesh firm, solid, white; skin creamy white.

Long Cardinal. Crimson, slightly tipped white.

French Breakfast. Black Spanish.

Scarlet Olive-shaped.

Culture. Sow in light rich sandy loam (preferred) every fortnight for succession. Mulch the surface with manure, and water if required, and thin out plants if too thick. Grow plants quickly to secure crisp and tender Radish.



White Custard Squash.

**Squash.**

6d and 3d per packet.

Early White Custard. Wonderful bearers, delicate flavour.

Early Golden Bush. Delicate flavour, wonderful bearers, compact growth.

Improved Hubbard. One of the most reliable.

Fordhook. Rind bright yellow; flesh straw colour, delightful flavour.

Delicata. Fruit small and solid, dry and rich; recommended for private use.

Marblehead.

White Pineapple.

Crookneck.

Perfect Gem.

Boston Marrow.

Culture. See Vegetable Marrow.

Turnip.6d per oz.;
6d and 3d per packet.

Anderson's White Model. Very fine, clear white skin, grand quality.

White Stone. Pure white flesh, oval shaped; excellent.

White Nepaul. Early short-topped; snow white, flat shape.

Early Red American Stone. Much like the above, but with a purple top.

Green-top Stone. A most esteemed variety.

Red-top Munich. Extra early, fine flavour.

Long White. Suitable for hot districts.

Orange Jelly. Globular, yellow-fleshed turnip.

Scarlet Kashmyr. Earliest; skin scarlet, flesh clear white.

Garden Swede (Laing's). Suitable for autumn sowing.

Culture. Sow for main crop during February and March in drills 18 inches apart and six to eight inches from plant to plant. Prefers good light soil. A further sowing can be made in November, or earlier if weather is favourable.



TOMATOES.



Tomato. 6d and 3d per packet

Combination. Wonderfully productive; fruits large size, smooth, solid, and free from cracks; deep glossy scarlet.

Mikado. A red Tomato, of immense size, single fruits sometimes weighing 1 lb.

Ponderosa. Large red fruit of immense size, smooth, solid and fine flavoured.

Optimus. Fruit in clusters, smooth, solid, and fine grained, splendid,

Duke of York. Rich scarlet, smooth, round in shape, flesh very firm, fine flavour; fruit in clusters of sometimes eight and ten

Matchless. Very large and of the brightest cardinal red colour, flesh nearly solid, entirely without core, and not liable to crack.

Large Red Smooth. An abundant bearer, large, smooth, solid, firm fruit, superior quality and fine colour.

Trophy. A grand old favourite, a fine hardy sort, fruit smooth, solid, and with few seeds; one of the best.

Early Ruby. Heavy bearer, very early; good form, colour, and solidity; the plants grow very open.

Dwarf Champion. A beautiful red Tomato, medium size, solid, prolific, excellent; a self-supporting variety.

Dwarf Champion, Golden. Compact habit and crumpled foliage; fruit of a beautiful lemon-yellow colour, very solid.

Crimson Cushion. Large fruiting; flesh very solid and of superb flavour; a prolific variety.

New Peach. The skin of this very pretty Tomato is of a deep orange rose colour, with a bloom like the Peach; rich flavour.

King Humbert. A nice red Tomato, resembling a huge oblong plum.

Golden Trophy. Golden colour; medium sized; delicate flavour.

Fordhook Fancy or Potato-Leaved Bush Tomato. Erect growth, ruby-red fruit of delicious flavour, large and smooth.

Beauty (Livingstone). Medium size; purplish crimson; smooth fruit.

Perfection (Livingstone). Skin thin and tough, clear bright scarlet; almost round, solid; good flavour.

And the following: **Yellow Cherry.** **Yellow Plum.** **Scarlet Pear Shaped.** **Red Cherry.**

Culture. Sow in seed bed during September, October, and November, and transplant seedlings when two inches high in rows four feet apart. Train plant on a trellis or fence as they progress; thin out surplus growth, never allow it to become dense; top the shoots to set the fruit. Good land and plenty of manure suits Tomatoes.

Vegetable Marrow. 9d per oz.;

6d and 3d per packet.

Anderson's Select Long Early White. Abundant bearer, large fruit; excellent

Long Fruited Bush (White). Excellent, prolific, very early.

Long Fruited Bush (Green). Of equal merit to the white-fruited variety.

Moore's Vegetable Cream. A fruit of medium size, but produced in large numbers.

Custard Shaped. Desirable variety for private use.

Rice Marrow. Delicious when cooked, separating like grains of rice.

Culture. Sow in August, September, October and November successively. Prepare the beds as for Pumpkins, including the manure and top dressing. The seeds, however, should be planted about two feet, and the rows about four feet apart for the bush kinds. Running kinds at the same distances as Pumpkins. Marrows should be gathered for use while the faded bloom still adheres to the fruit. They should always be boiled whole, and be well drained when placed on the table.



Combination Tomato.

"It may be that during the long period of drought—now I trust ended you have received complaints re the non-germinating power of some of the Seeds you deal in. If so, here is the other side of the picture. As you know, there is always a large demand for Vegetables here—in round numbers 100 people to provide with all but Potatoes, which we buy. Even bad as has been the year, we have 'filled the bill.' We have not quite done all the Tall Limas yet—a grand Vegetable this!—though we have made but one sowing, and picked our first dish in February. For a collection of Vegetables shown at the Horticultural Association's Meeting on June 6th, we were awarded unanimously a certificate 'Culture Excellence,' but I really forget what varieties we tabled. At the next monthly meeting of the same Association, July 4th, 2 varieties Cabbage, 2 varieties Cauliflower, Tall Lima Beans, Canadian Wonder Beans, Butter Beans, Yorkshire Hero Peas, Turnip (White Nepaul), and Choccos were shown and another and similar certificate awarded. With the exception of the last named, all the Vegetables have been grown from Seed supplied by your firm."—J. H. HORTON, Thomas Walker Convalescent Hos., 18-7-02.

..Culinary Plants and Roots..

Asparagus Plants.

Can be supplied during June, July, and August.

Colossal	-	-	-	7s 6d	per 100
Perfection	-	-	-	7s 6d	„ 100
Erfurt Giant	-	-	-	7s 6d	„ 100
Camden Park	-	-	-	7s 6d	„ 100

Artichokes

Can be supplied from May to July.

Globe, green and purple, plants	-	-	-	6s	per doz.
Jerusalem, tubers	-	-	-	3d	per lb.
„ White, tubers	-	-	-	3d	per lb.

Horseradish.

Can be supplied any time during the year.

Roots or Crowns	-	-	-	3s	per doz.
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Seakale.

Can be supplied any time during the winter months	-	-	-	6s	per doz.
Plants, two years old	-	-	-	6s	per doz.

PLANTS

Of the following may be sent by post at an additional cost of 6d to 9d per 100, according to size of plant.

Broccoli.

Can be supplied from January to May.

PRICE	-	-	-	1s 6d	per 100
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Brussels Sprouts.

Can be supplied from January to May.

PRICE	-	-	-	1s 6d	per 100
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Cabbage.

Can be supplied from January to December.

St. John's Day	-	-	-	1s	per 100
Succession	-	-	-	1s	„ 100

For St. John's Day and Succession special prices can be quoted per 1,000 or 10,000 lots.

East Ham	-	-	-	1s	„ 100
London Market	-	-	-	1s	„ 100
Early York	-	-	-	1s	„ 100
and other sorts	-	-	-	1s	„ 100

Drumhead Savoy	-	-	-	1s 6d	„ 100
A splendid Cabbage for cold districts; can be supplied January to May.					

Cauliflower.

Can be supplied from January to June.

Veitch's Autumn Giant	-	-	-	1s 6d	per 100
Early London	-	-	-	1s 6d	„ 100
Asiatic	-	-	-	1s 6d	„ 100

Celery.

From January to July is the best time to plant.

Red and White	-	-	-	2s	per 100
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Lettuce.

Can be supplied any time during the year.

PRICE	-	-	-	1s 6d	per 100
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Tomato.

Can be supplied July till December.

Strong and well-grown transplanted plants.

8d per dozen, 4s per 100; additional cost by post of

3d per dozen; 6d per 100.

In September and October special quotations per 1,000 lots.

Early Ruby.	-	-	-	Crimson Cushion.
Duke of York.	-	-	-	Dwarf Champion.
Fordhook Fancy.	-	-	-	Mikado.
Trophy.	-	-	-	Optimus.
Ponderosa.	-	-	-	Golden Trophy.

and other varieties.

Rhubarb Roots.

Can be supplied from May to end of December.

Market Varieties	6d each,	4s per dozen
The Giant	9d	7s 6d
Hogan's Shillelagh	1s	9s

A new variety, of excellent quality and immense size; the stalks are very long and flat, the flavour is delightful.

Crimson Winter 9d each 7s 6d per dozen

This fine sort is at its best when all other varieties are dormant; it can be used nearly all the year round where the frosts are not severe. It produces thin crimson stalks of excellent flavour. It never dies down or rests like other varieties, and should be in every garden.

Cape Gooseberry. 1s per dozen.

Postage 3d dozen. From September to January.

Capsicums, of Sorts. 1s per dozen.

Postage 3d. From September to January.

Eschalots.

9d per lb., post free, 1s 6d; special price for large lots. Are used like Spring Onions in salad, and sometimes for flavouring. The cloves must be divided and planted separately. Fresh manure should be avoided.

Potato Onion.

4d per lb., post free, 1s; special price for large lots.

Plant during autumn; they yield good crops when Onions cannot be raised from seed, and come in at a time when Onions are scarce; the bulbs are produced like potatoes.

Sweet Potato Cuttings. 9d per doz.

Postage 3d per doz. From September to January.

Tree or Top Onion.

9d per lb., post free, 1s 6d; special prices for large lots. Plant the sets or tops during the autumn and winter months; these will produce large bulbs at the base the first season. The large bulbs when planted produce the tops, which make excellent salad flavouring and pickle well.

Garlic.

6d lb. post free, 1s 3d; special prices for large parcels

This bulb, which belongs to the Onion family, is used for flavouring soups, stews, etc.

Herbs.

Strong Plants of the following can be supplied all the year round.

Sage	Common	4d each	Lavender	6d each
Thyme	Common	4d each	Rue	6d each
Thyme	Lemon	4d each	Rosemary	6d each
Marjoram		4d each	Taragon	6d each
Mint Roots		3d and 6d per bundle		

BEANS AND PEAS

for Cooking.

	QUART.	BUSHEL.
Blue Peas	8d	10s
White Haricot Beans	9d	15s
Grey, or German Lentils		6d lb.
Egyptian or Red Lentils		5d lb.

Special Quotations to the Trade and to Storekeepers.

CLEAN BIRD SEEDS.

Our stocks of Bird Seeds have been carefully selected and specially machine cleaned.

Canary, plain	3d lb., 1s 5 lbs.,	20s per cwt.
Hemp	-	4d per lb., 28s
Rape	-	3d „ 24s
Maw	-	1s „
Millet, White French	6d	—
„ Common White	4d	—
„ Red	4d	—
Flax or Linseed	3d	20s per cwt.

We have quoted the average prices per cwt., etc., but as

Bird Seeds fluctuate very much in price, we are not bound by them in any way.

Anderson & Co.'s Celebrated

Song Bird Mixture.

6d per 2-lb. bag.

OUR Song Bird Mixture, for Canaries and other small birds has been made up by a bird fancier of experience, and the seeds are all machine dressed.

Parrot Food. 3d per lb.

THIS is a mixture specially proportioned for Parrots and other large birds, and contains a good variety of the best and most nourishing seeds.

Bird's-Eye Chillies. 1s 3d per lb.

Postage Paid Market Gardeners and Large Growers. Prices to.. other

FLUCTUATION OF PRICES.—The prices herein named are subject to the fluctuations of the market, which during the past season, owing to failure of Colonial crops, caused by the drought, have shown phenomenal increases.

Our Catalogue is issued before all the crops grown in the State are harvested, and prices quoted herein must be considered to apply only to date of issue; we do not hold ourselves bound by them for a longer period than three months, but our customers may rely upon having the lowest quotations when ordering. *To buyers of large quantities special prices on application.*

NOTE.—Orders for half-pounds are supplied at the pound rates; less quantities at increased rates.

BEEF.

Anderson's Ex. Early Turnip Rooted	3 0 per lb.
Eclipse, Turnip Rooted	3 0 "
Anderson's Long Blood Red	3 0 "

BROCCOLI.

Adam's Early White	1 0 per oz.
Late White	1 0 "

CARROT.

Intermediate, No. 2	3 0 per lb.
Early Short Horn, No. 3	3 0 "
St. Valery, Fine Long Red Variety	3 0 "

CABBAGE.

St. John's Day, 3 months	5 0 per lb.
" 4 months, Anderson's Improved	6 0 "
" 4 months, Colonial or Melbourne	6 0 "
Marblehead Mammoth	8 0 "
Succession (very fine)	15 0 "
Burpee's All Head Early (very fine)	15 0 "
Large Brunswick (true)	8 0 "
Large Schweinfurt	6 0 "
East Ham	5 0 "
Red Pickling Cabbage	8 0 "
Pe Tsai (Chinese Cabbage)	6 0 "

SAVOY CABBAGE.

Drumhead	6 0 per lb.
Green Curled	6 0 "

CAULIFLOWER.

Veitch's Autumn Giant, 6 months	10 0 per lb.
Early London, 3 months	10 0 "
Large Asiatic, 4 months	10 0 "
White Queen (Splendid Dwarf Early Var.)	3 6 per oz.

CELERY.

Crystal White	6 0 per lb.
White Plume	6 0 "
Red Solid	6 0 "

CRESS.

Triple Curled	2 6 per lb.
Water	1 0 per oz.

CUCUMBER.

Long Green	8 0 per lb.
" " Prickly	8 0 "
" " Choice	12 0 "
Short Green	10 0 "
Crystal White	10 0 "
Anderson's Market King (very fine)	1 6 per oz.

HERBS.

Sage	0 9 per oz.
Thyme	0 9 "
Marjoram Sweet, and others	0 9 "

KOHL RABI. Green and Purple	6 0 per lb.
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LEEK.

Anderson's Perfection	8 0 per lb.
London Flag	6 0 "

LETTUCE.

Butter	6 0 per lb.
Drumhead Cabbage	5 0 "
Neapolitan	5 0 "
White Cos	6 0 "
Green Cos	6 0 "

WATER MELON.

Cuban Queen	5 0 per lb.
Mammoth Ironclad, White Seed	5 0 "
Kolb's Gem	5 0 "
Dixie	5 0 "
Ice Cream, White Seed	5 0 "
Sugar, Red Seed	6 0 "

ROCK or MUSK MELON.

Large Persian	6 0 per lb.
Yellow Cantaloupe	6 0 "
Skillman's Netted	6 0 "
Early Hackensack	6 0 "
Jenny Lind	6 0 "
Netted Gem	6 0 "

PRESERVING MELON.

Green Seed	5 0 per lb.
Red Seed, Citron	6 0 "

MUSTARD. Finest White,	2 6 per lb.
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PARSLEY.

Triple Curled	3 6 per lb.
Moss Curled	4 0 "

ONION.

Anderson's Market Model	6 0 per lb.
Brown Spanish	5 0 "
Brown Globe	5 0 "
Extra Early Flat Red	7 0 "
Yellow Globe	7 0 "
Silver Queen	8 0 "
Anderson's Silver King	8 0 "
Silver Skin Pickling	8 0 "

PARSNIP. Hollow Crown	2 6 per lb.
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PEPPER or CAPSICUM.

Long Red	1 0 per oz.
Yellow	1 0 "
And other sorts	1 0 "

PUMPKIN.

Crown	5 0 per lb.
Button	5 0 "
Ironbark	6 0 "
Gramma or Rio	6 0 "

RADISH.

Long Scarlet	2 0 per lb.
Red Turnip	2 0 "
White Turnip	2 0 "
Mixed Turnip	2 0 "
French Breakfast	2 6 "

RHUBARB. Giant, and others	8 0 per lb.
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SPINACH. Round, and Prickly	2 6 per lb.
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SQUASH.

White Custard	0 9 per oz.
Golden Bush	0 9 "
Marblehead	0 9 "

TOMATO.

Trophy	0 9 per oz.
Mikado	1 0 "
Duke of York	1 6 "
Optimus	1 6 "
Matchless	2 0 "
Early Red Ruby	1 6 "
Dwarf Champion	1 0 "
Ponderosa	2 6 "
Golden Trophy	2 0 "

TURNIP.

White Nepaul or Strap Leaved	2 6 per lb.
" Stone	2 6 "
Red Top American Stone	2 6 "
Long White or Chinese	3 0 "
Laing's Garden Swede	3 0 "
Anderson's Imperial Purple Top Swede	2 6 "

VEGETABLE MARROW.

Long White Select	6 0 per lb.
Custard Shaped	6 0 "
Bush, Long Fruited	6 0 "

Peas and Beans are not delivered free, and carriage must be added to prices quoted.

PEAS.

Yorkshire Hero (Selected Stock)	8 6 per bus.
American Wonder	15 0 "
McLean's Little Gem	15 0 "
Stratagem	12 6 "
Veitch's Perfection, True	12 6 "

BROAD BEANS.

Broad Windsor	14 0 per bus.
Giant Long Pod	14 0 "

FRENCH DWARF BEANS.

Canadian Wonder	14 0 to 20 0 per bus.
Negro Long Pod	14 0 to 20 0 "
Pale Dun	14 0 to 20 0 "
Burpee's Stringless Greenpod	1 6 per qrt.

BUTTER or STRINGLESS BEANS.

Anderson's Startler	1 6 per qrt.
Yosemite Mammoth	1 6 "
Mont D'Or, Tall	25 0 per bus.
Dwarf Golden Black Seed	30 0 "

RUNNER BEANS.

White Dutch, Runner	20 0 per bus.
Scarlet Runner	30 0 "
Zebra Runner	30 0 "
Snake or Chinese	3 6 per lb.

LIMA BEANS.

Burpee's Dwarf	2 0 per qrt.
King of the Garden, Tall	2 0 "

POSTAGE
STAMP
HERE.

Messrs. Anderson & Co.,

Seed and Plant Merchants,

399 George Street,

Sydney.



SYDNEY

Order Sheet, 1903.

Please send us the names and addresses of any of your neighbours using Seeds, to whom we can send a copy of this Catalogue.

Date.....1903. (with Post-Town and State.)

VEGETABLE SEED ORDER.

Flower Seed, Fruit Tree and Plant Order, see other side.

===== FLOWER SEED ORDER. =====

When ordering Flower Seeds it is only necessary to give the numbers opposite the variety appearing in this Catalogue.

FRUIT TREE AND PLANT ORDER.

When ordering Fruit Trees the numbers appearing opposite each variety will be sufficient.

NOVELTIES

• For SEASON 1903. •

THE Novelties we offer have been procured from the most reliable Continental firms, and the descriptions given are gleaned from their catalogues, referring to their introductions. We have not had an opportunity of testing the Novelties, as to keep pace with the times, we have to send them out simultaneously with London Seedsman, who, like ourselves, have to rely upon the descriptions given by the introducers, which we have no doubt our customers will find to be strictly correct.

..New Flower Seeds..

ARCTOTIS —Grandis.

6d per packet.

A charming, glaucous-green foliaged annual, of succulent growth. Flowers single, white, with a large, delicate, pale violet centre. Plants 24 inches, very free blooming. Beautiful for cut flowers.



Arctotis Grandis.

Antirrhinum

Majus Grandiflora,

"QUEEN VICTORIA," WHITE.

6d per packet.

A beautiful tall growing variety, with pure white spike. Flowers of great size, remaining in continuous bloom for months.



Antirrhinum, "Queen Victoria."

Cobaea Scandens, Alba.

6d per packet.

A white variety of this favourite free growing climber. Charming free flowering plant, lovely clear white flowers.

NOVELTIES in FLOWER SEEDS for 1903 - Continued.

Celosia Thompsoni

Magnifica.

6d per packet.

A new feathered Cockscomb of great beauty; a stately plant, well branched, producing abundance of side shoots; with feathered crests of crimson. Plants 4 feet.

Begonia Semperflorens

Alba.

1s per packet.

A beautiful strain of bedding Begonia, with deep green shining foliage and a profusion of pretty white flowers.

Chrysanthemum

Maximum.

"PRINCESS HENRY."

1s per packet.

A beautiful new, single, white Marguerite Daisy flowered Chrysanthemum, very dwarf and globular, about 20 inches high; flowers 5 inches in diameter, produced in great profusion. Very fine for cut flowers. Plants last for several seasons.



Celosia Thompsoni Magnifica.



Begonia Semperflorens.



Chrysanthemum Maximum, "Princess Henry."

NOVELTIES in FLOWER SEEDS for 1903—Continued.



Delphinium Elatum Hybrid Nanum, Semi Dwarf.

Delphinium

Elatum Hybrid Nanum.

SEMI-DWARF. 1s per packet.

These beautiful Delphiniums are now most popular. They produce fine spikes of lovely flowers, colours from pale azure blue to deep indigo, and bloom freely for many weeks. This variety is not more than 3 to 3½ feet high, and is a charming bedding plant of perennial growth, but flowers first season from seed.

Pansy.

1s per packet.

"Jewel." Very charming strain, of robust constitution and growth, flowers large, sometimes curled, margined and blotched, magnificent colours, new shades. We consider this a very fine Pansy of the highest class.

"Bugnot's Exhibition." This superb variety is after the style of the well-known "French Stained," but the flowers have more substance, while they have some new colours and markings, and perfect shape.

Cassier's "Psyche." A beauty in form and colour, with perfect habit. Each is curled and undulated, and has fine, velvety violet spots, encircled by a broad white margin. Very charming.

"Orchid Flowered." As the name indicates, the flowers are of the loveliest colours and shades, sometimes in remarkable combinations; sure to become a favourite with the Pansy grower.

"Bridesmaid." A large flowered variety of great beauty. White shining rose, beautifully blotched, very floriferous.

Phlox Drummondii

Nana Compacta Radiata

1s per packet.

Another new strain of the old favourite Phlox. A very dwarf, bushy plant, profusely floriferous, producing fine pointed star-like flowers of good size, their colour as a rule carmine red, with two white stripes on each petal. A very charming Star Phlox. Illustration shows only one-third of natural size of the flowers.



Pansy, "Psyche."



Phlox Drummondii, Nana Compacta Radiata.

NOVELTIES in FLOWER SEEDS for 1903—Continued.

Phlox Drummondii
Heynholdii. VARIETIES.

6d per packet.

Charming strain of this ever popular annual. Flowers most brilliant self colours of magnificent new shades, of fine form and substance, and compact growth. Marvellously floriferous. Colours white, cardinal, copper-rose, rose-white, or mixed.



Mignonette, "King of the Dwarfs."

Mignonette
Machet

"KING of DWARFS."

1s per packet.

A charming dwarf variety with remarkably-robust growth, and producing large spikes of russet-red flowers; a very pretty novelty.

Sweet Peas

6d per packet.

"Golden Rose." Prim-rose yellow, striped rosy pink.

"American Queen." Standards salmon red, wings deep rose.

"Majestic." Rich deep rose pink self.

Gaillardia Grandiflora.

NEW PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

6d per packet.

These beautiful flowers are now established favourites. They are robust in growth, and flower profusely in the heat of the summer. The single flowers, with gold and crimson bands, are produced on long stalks, are most useful for cutting and for table decoration, lasting a long time in water. We offer superb strains saved from finest named varieties.

Linaria Maroccana
— Alba. —

"PEARL."

1s per packet.

Lovely bordering or edging plants, about 12 inches in height, producing miniature Snapdragon-like flowers in such profusion as to almost hide the foliage. Flowers when cut last more than a week in water, as the tips of the bunches of bloom continue to expand. The flowers are snow-white. A most charming, free-blooming novelty.



Linaria Maroccana Alba.

Novelties in Flower Seeds of 1902,

— AND RECENT INTRODUCTIONS. —



Celosia Spicata.

Anemone. "St. Brigid."

6d per packet.

We have much pleasure in offering seed of this charming section of Anemone or "Wind Flower." It is commonly known as the "Irish Poppy-flowered Anemone," and has large single and semi-double flowers, 3 to 5 inches across, of an endless variety of colour. The best time to sow seed is early autumn, and they will flower the following spring.

Bulbs of this strain can be supplied from February to June, at 2s per dozen; see Bulb Catalogue.

Celosia spicata. ———

6d per packet.

A charming variety of the Celosia tribe. Grows in an erect pyramidal form, throwing up a main stem about 2½ feet high, with 20 or 30 side shoots having fresh green linear leaves; each stem is crowned by a flower spike 2½ to 4 inches long, of a fresh bright rose tint, the lower portion gradually changing to silvery white. The flowers retain their beauty even in unfavourable weather, and are splendid for bouquets. Sow in spring.

Clianthus Puniceus Albus.

6d per packet.

A white variety of the well-known C. Puniceus or Glory Pea of New Zealand; much prized on account of its highly decorative character. Sow seed from September to December.

If you have
not a copy
of our
Bulb
Catalogue
send for one
post free.



Dwarf Shirley Poppy.

Poppy. Dwarf Shirley

— SALMON SHADES. —

6d per packet.

This dwarf Poppy is of a similar nature to the variety which we offered in 1901; the difference being that in 1901 the seed was mixed, consisting of various shades of colour. The variety now listed contains seed of the salmon-shaded varieties only, the colours represented being of charming and entirely novel tints. Sow in spring.

"Would you kindly forward me your Illustrated Catalogue to the under-named address. I may tell you I always obtain the best results from your Seeds."

RALPH BELL, Edgworth. 19-5-02.

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS in FLOWER SEEDS - Continued.



Silver-leaved Star Phlox.

Star Phlox. SILVER-LEAVED.

Phlox Drummondii Cuspidata Species.

9d per packet.

This charming novelty should interest all lovers of annuals. The plants branch freely, and attain the height of about one foot. The petals of the flowers are mostly toothed, but some are fringed, and are of rose and carmine shades, forming a delightful contrast to the beautifully variegated foliage. Sow in autumn and spring.

Ranunculus.

Asiaticus Superbissimus.

3d per packet.



In addition to our large supplies of tubers of this attractive garden plant, which will be found enumerated in our "Select List of Flowering Bulbs," we now offer seed, which will produce flowers of a great variety of colour the first season of planting, if sown in early autumn.

"I received the box of Plants and Seeds in first-class condition, and I am exceedingly well pleased with them." W. B. BRUCE, Ararat, 24-7-02.

Verbena,
Erinoides Alba.

...TWO LOVELY...

FLOWERING GUMS.

The following are two of the most beautiful Eucalyptus, and may be fairly classed as ornamental Tree Shrubs. They produce a profusion of charming flowers of brilliant colours and of great size, and are worthy of a place in every garden.

Eucalyptus Erythronema is a graceful shrub or small tree, native of the drier parts of Western Australia. It has no common name, is known only to a few people, and is one of the prettiest of the pretty Eucalyptus flora of the Western State. Its flowers vary from a flesh-pink to beautiful glowing red.

Eucalyptus Occidentalis is the "Flat-topped Yate" of Western Australia. It bears a profusion of yellow flowers, with a slight greenish shade, and is well worthy of cultivation as an ornamental tree. It is very accommodating as regards climate, extending from the coast to the interior, and varying in the width of leaves, and in other respects.

Seed only offered this season, 1s packet.

Romneya.

THE CALIFORNIAN TREE POPPY.

6d per packet.

Coulteri. A hardy perennial, producing pure white flowers, measuring 4 to 5 inches across. Exceptionally fine for cutting. Sow in spring. Seed is very slow to germinate, taking sometimes 2 to 3 months.

Verbena. 6d per packet.

Erinoides Alba. Eight inches in height, with very finely cut dark green foliage; they branch freely, produce a profusion of fine pyramidal trusses of dazzling white flowers

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS in FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Dolichos.

Both these varieties of Dolichos originated in Japan.

"DAYLIGHT." 6d per packet.

This grand climber is most desirable both for its beautiful flowers and its dense growth of foliage. The vines are very vigorous; luxuriant dark green leaves. Grow to a height of eight to ten feet; blossom profusely from base to summit, large spikes of pure white flowers. As the flowers drop from the long spikes they are succeeded by broad velvety showy white pods. Sow in autumn and spring.

"DARKNESS." 6d per packet.

This variety forms a fine contrast to "Daylight" when both are planted together. The growth, however, is not so rampant, and it begins to bloom rather earlier. The vines attain a height of six to eight feet when trained on poles or a trellis. The stems and under surface of leaves are a dark purplish red; the flower spikes are large and long, and are thickly set with flowers of a deep reddish violet or lavender purple. Sow in autumn and spring.

"Shasta" Daisies. (Chrysanthemum-Leucanthemum Hybridum).

1s per packet.

Plants, 6d each.

This beautiful novelty, introduced by us last season, has been very much appreciated by those who have been fortunate enough to see its blooms at its best, and those who have failed will be fully rewarded when the plants come into flower next spring. It is a perennial plant, and will improve every season, and will fully realise all that we have said about it. The plants produced from seed are slightly variable in leaf, but all produce flowers of great beauty.

This Marguerite Daisy is one of the hardiest of its class, requires no special cultivation, and is not particular as to soil or situation. Any good garden soil will suit it, and even in shady positions it will thrive and flower freely. The plants are of dwarf habit, with long narrow leaves. The flowers are produced on long slender stems, are pure glistening white, with a flat yellow centre, and when at their best are 4 inches in diameter. Single, and with three rows of petals. When cut, they keep a long time in water, and are charming for decorative work.

WHAT A CORRESPONDENT SAYS ABOUT THE "SHASTA" DAISY.

"I sowed seed of the Shasta Daisy on 2nd July; to-day my best plant measures 21 inches overall, and is 16 inches high. There are 26 fully expanded blooms, and more than 30 buds on the same plant. The florets (petals) are in color and form exactly as described by the raiser and yourselves, and number from 24 to 33 on each bloom. The smallest flowers are 2½ inches in diameter, the largest 3½ inches. The most remarkable feature of the plant is the length of time the Daisies remain of the same glistening whiteness under the influence of our summer sun. I am delighted with the plant, and consider it one of the very best introductions of recent years, and it is but just to you and fair to the Shasta Daisy to say so, especially as I have previously indulged in a growl as to its extraordinary slow development.

"The Shasta still smiles, and is now carrying upwards of 30 flowers, and shows no sign of collapse. Mr. Burbank, the raiser of the Shasta Daisy, tells us that it is not particular as to soil, and he might truly have added 'or cultivation.'"



NEW VEGETABLE SEEDS

SEASON 1903.

Bean.

BURPEE'S "BRITTLE WAX.

1s per packet.

A splendid yellow-podded, stringless Bean, which throws up long spikes which shoot above the foliage, and have clusters of pods the whole length. The pods are long, round, and slightly curved, and of excellent flavor. They are wonderfully productive; carried well off the ground.

Cabbage.

1s per packet

"BALLHEAD."

A remarkably large, hard-headed Cabbage, extremely solid and heavy, and of fine quality; excellent winter variety. Rather tall growing, with large outside leaves, but these closely enfold the heads. The heads are of great size and weight, and possess excellent keeping qualities. Splendid market Cabbage.



Cucumber, "Coy's Early Cyclone."

Cucumber.

1s per packet.

"COY'S EARLY CYCLONE."

This is perhaps the very earliest white spine Cucumber, as it has been found to be in fruit three weeks before other previously recognised early varieties. The fruit is of medium size, and is produced most abundantly; excellent for pickling and slicing.

Cauliflower.

1s per packet.

"SNOWBALL."

A beautiful snow-white flower, 8 to 10 inches across, tender, and of delicious flavor. The plants are short stemmed, and the foliage is not so strong, although it completely covers the fine flowers. Remarkably sure header—of the highest class.



Cabbage, "Ballhead."



Cauliflower, "Snowball."

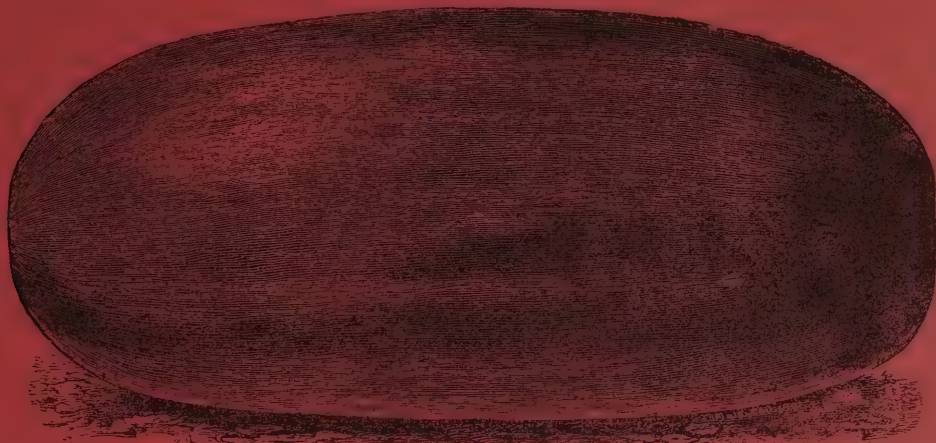
NEW VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

Water Melon.

1s per packet.

"HALBERT HONEY."

This is described as the "Home" Melon for the "Home Garden," as it is so rich and tender when ripe, that it will not travel without damage. It is only from 18 to 20 inches in length, and 6 to 8 inches in diameter. The flesh is a rich, crimson lake color to within half-an-inch of the rind; flavour delicious. Rind of fruit deep green. Handsome shape.



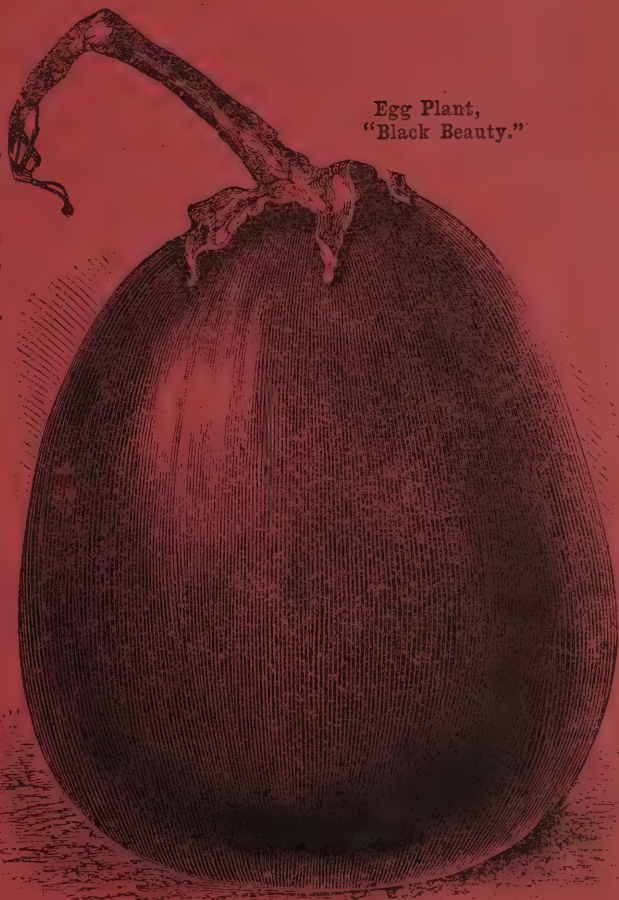
Water Melon, "Halbert Honey."

Egg Plant.

1s per packet.

"BLACK BEAUTY."

A remarkable novelty, of fine quality; fruit very large, with a brilliant shining black rind. Fruits are produced very freely and evenly, and their quality is excellent. It is very early. Fruit very large, and of a most attractive appearance.



Egg Plant, "Black Beauty."

Tomato clusterosa

6d per packet.

A wonderfully productive, yellow, egg-shaped bunch Tomato, with well flavoured small fruit, excellent for preserving and pickling, and almost seedless.

"I have much pleasure in stating my belief that your Seeds are the best obtainable. The order I enclose, although not of large money value, represents much. A reliable seedsman is truly a great man. I thank you for past care." PETER RIDDEL, Stuart's Point. 2-9-02.

"I have some of your Seeds growing at present, such as the Silver King Onion and Succession Cabbage. I need not mention anything about quality. I intend to try my luck at the next Agricultural Show to be held at Taree. I have the best Cabbage now in the district, some of your 'Succession.'" D. SLYNEY, Moorland. 25-8-02.

NEW VEGETABLES



RECENTLY....
INTRODUCED.

THE EARLIEST LARGE
SMOOTH RED TOMATO.

TOMATO.

SPARKS'
"EARLIANA."

6d per packet.

THIS exceedingly early and productive Tomato comes from the home of "new things," viz., the United States, and was originated by one of the leading Tomato specialists in the State of New Jersey. It is not only remarkable for its earliness, but it is also a large and handsomely-shaped fruit of bright red colour and very solid.



Tomato, Sparks' "Earliana."

Onion, "Spanish Globe."

NEW ONION.

"SPANISH GLOBE."

8d per packet.

WE listed this fine keeping Onion last season, but it has so many good qualities that we are pleased to give it prominence in our 1903 Catalogue. This is a beautiful Onion, exceedingly mild and sweet, surpassing many of the standard varieties in flavour; it is of a large size, and similar in shape to the Early Yellow Globe, but much paler in the skin.

"I have only a small garden, but I have tried all the leading Seedsmen. Your Seeds have given me more satisfaction than any others; and I can confidently recommend your House to my friends." T. R. LEWERS
Berry. 9-5-02.

New Vegetables

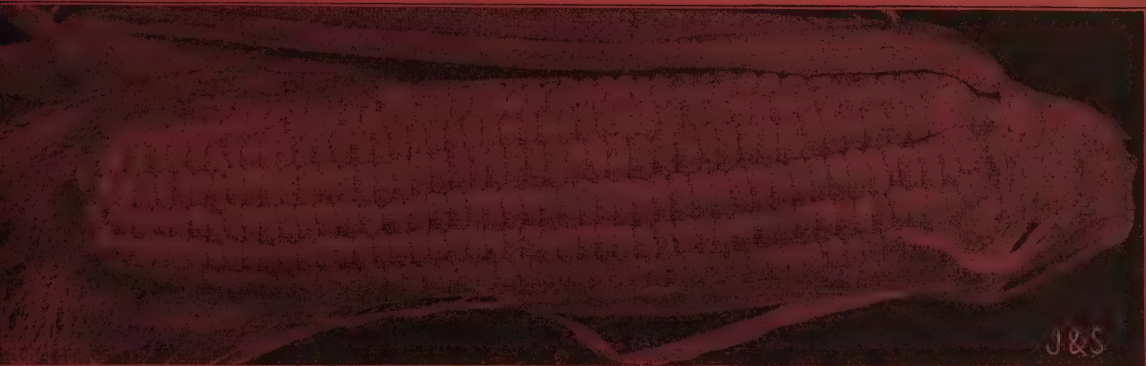
RECENTLY
INTRODUCED.

Sweet Corn.

"THE METROPOLITAN."
AN EXTRA EARLY VARIETY.

6d per packet.

Or this new Table Corn an expert grower reports: "I know of no variety in the whole list that can compare with the 'Metropolitan' for the market gardener or the home garden, for an extra early sort." The ears are long and well filled out to the tip, and have very thick husks; they average about nine inches long, and are exceedingly white in colour during their eatable condition.



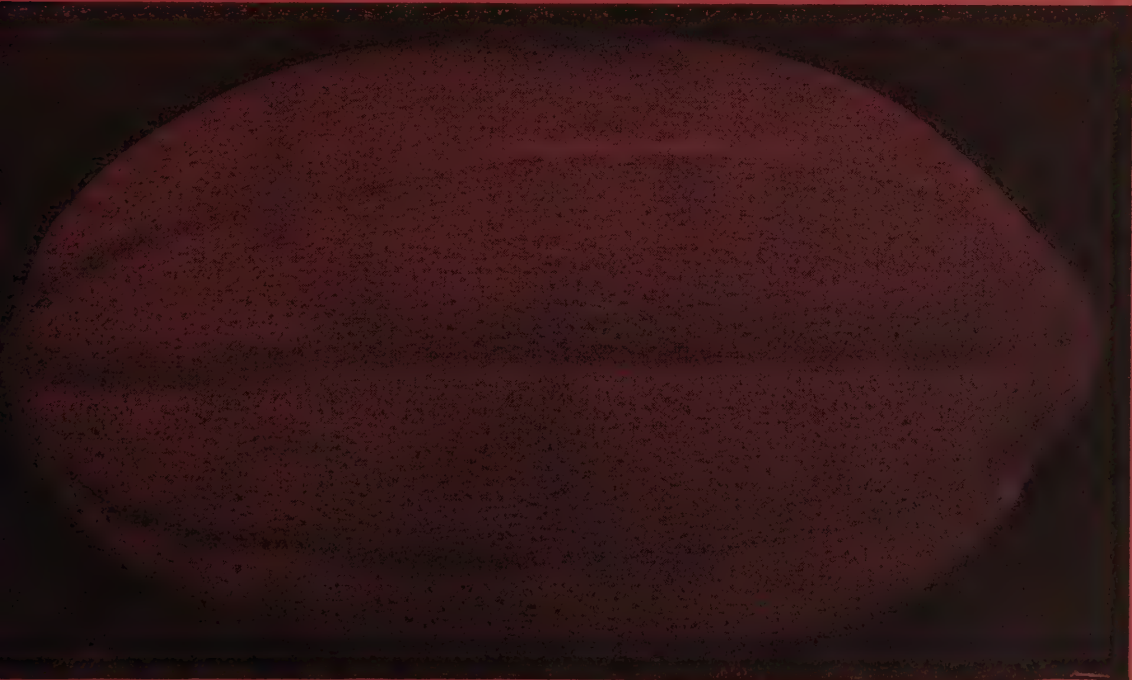
An average ear of New Sweet Corn, "Metropolitan" (Photographed green when ready for boiling).

Rock or Musk Melon.

6d per packet.

"SWEET HOME." RIPENS ITS FRUIT EARLY.

THIS new Rock Melon, introduced from the United States, grows to a fine large size, and is beautifully netted and ribbed, as shown in the illustration. Flesh very thick, light green, and sweet and luscious in flavour. It is a very rapid grower, and ripens its fruit early.



New Rock or Musk Melon, "Sweet Home."

NOVELTY ROSES, 1903.

HYBRID TEA ROSES.

Baronne C. de Rochetaillee.

Long canary buds, shaded pink, open flowers sulphur, tinted with salmon, very large with stout petals; growth vigorous, free and continuous flowering.

2s 6d each.

Edmond Deshayes.

Creamy white, shaded flesh in the centre, large and full; a strong grower, carrying erect flowers.

2s 6d each.

Frau Peter Lambert.

Dark pink, shaded rose and salmon in the centre; large full flowers, produced singly on stiff stems, very free, a good show and bedding variety (said to be a pink "Kaiserin A. Victoria").

2s 6d each.

Garden Robinson.

Purplish carmine, paler centre, large, full, of good shape, and sweet scented. Growth robust.

2s 6d each.

Helene Guillot.

Colour pinky-white, centre shaded orange yellow and pink. Large, full, camellia-shaped flower, thick, glossy petals.

2s 6d each.

Lady Roberts.

Reddish apricot, the base of the petals coppery-red; large, full, and of good shape.

2s 6d each.

Madame Henri Berger.

China rose colour, long pointed bud, opening to large, full flower, sweetly scented.

2s 6d each.

Madame Charles Monnier.

Rosy flesh, centre yellow and orange; in the autumn, the blooms are entirely yellow and orange; large full flowers, very free, and almost of half climbing habit.

2s 6d each.

Madame Jean Dupuy.

Colour, rosy yellow, changing to creamy white and yellow towards the margin, outer petals edged with rose; long pointed bud opening to large, well-formed flower.

2s 6d each.

Madame Anthony Choquens.

Buds amaranth, reverse of petals deep rose, open flowers currant red, the base and back of petals shaded with apricot tints; growth vigorous.

2s 6d each.

Mrs. B. R. Cant.

Beautiful new Tea rose, graceful but vigorous habit, but requires little pruning. Flowers full and globular, sweet scented. Colour deep rose, inner petals soft silvery rose, suffused with buff; very hardy, fine deep green foliage.

First class. **2s 6d** each.

Mrs. Stephen Tresseder.

Lemon yellow, sport from Anna Oliver, destined to supersede Madame Hoste. As a garden Tea, it has all the good qualities of Oliver and will prove a good exhibition flower. A lovely rose in every way.

2s 6d each.

Madame E. Perrin.

Very large flower, coppery yellow, base of petals creamy white, shaded yellow and mauve; bright, very fine.

2s 6d each.

Madame Antoine Mari.

Ground colour rose, freely washed and shaded white, very handsome buds which open well, growth extra vigorous, and free from mildew; very fine for forcing and cutting. First Prize, Paris Exhibition, 1900.

2s 6d each.

Madame Vermorel.

Rose and coppery yellow, centre shaded and lined with red, extra large buds on strong stems; growth vigorous, fine for cutting. First Prize Paris Exhibition, 1900.

2s 6d each.



NEW ROSES for 1903—Continued.

- Mildred Grant.** Enormous flower, on strong firm stalk; fine form, magnificent guard petals, pale rosy white; a very fine rose. Stock limited. **3s 6d** each.
- Perle von Godesberg.** Golden yellow sport of "Kaiserin A. Victoria," said to be equally good as the old variety in every way. **2s 6d** each.
- Prince de Bulgare.** Silvery flesh, very delicately shaded with salmon, long bud, opening to full cupped shaped flowers; a very charming variety. **2s 6d** each.
- Robert Scott.** Very large, Hybrid Perpetual-like bloom, but free blooming as a Tea, clear rosy pink. Paler towards the outside; very good. **2s 6d** each.
- Souvenir de Pierre Notting.** Fine apricot yellow, washed with golden yellow and shaded with orange; very large and full, opening well; highly recommended from the Continent, where it has received several gold medals. **2s 6d** each.

CLIMBER.

- Dorothy Perkins.** Colour, a beautiful shell pink; the flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms and very sweetly scented; of strong climbing habit, something in the way of climbing ramblers. **2s 6d** each.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

- Ben Cant.** New and beautiful rose, thoroughly perpetual, good foliage; strong grower, and every shoot—either as a maiden or cut back—produces flowers. Flowers large, well-formed, with high centre; colour, deep, clear crimson, darker shading to centre. Retains its colour for a long period. Grand show rose. **3s 6d** each.
- Souvenir de Madame Frogere.** White, shaded rose; large, full-cupped, fine, long buds; growth robust. **2s 6d** each.

Novelty Carnations**1903.****2s each; 21s per doz.**

- Artemis.** Scarlet, handsomely flaked and streaked lavender; of fine form and large size; distinct and attractive fancy. First and Premier Bloom at the N.S.W. Carnation and Picotee Society, 1902.
- Brodick.** Handsome yellow ground fancy; petals admirable, beautifully flaked, and marked with clear rosy red. "Premium" fancy at the N.C.S. Exhibition in 1897.
- Cecilia.** Clear yellow flowers, large as the Malmaisons. It won "Premium" as the best Carnation of any colour at the N.C.S. Exhibition in 1898. It won First Prize as the best Carnation of any colour six blooms in London.
- Czarina.** A remarkably distinct and handsome variety of large size, yellow ground, heavily edged, and marked with bright scarlet.
- Dervish.** Primrose yellow ground finely-margined lilac-rose, quite distinct; large size and handsome form.
- Dick Donovan.** Blush changing to pure white; large handsome flowers; a superb exhibition variety. Award of Merit Royal Horticultural Society.
- Effie Dean.** Picotee, yellow ground edged and slightly barred rose; beautiful quality, and very distinct; a very desirable acquisition.
- Fairy Bower.** Perfect in form, smooth petal, a delicate shade of salmon pink, the finest pink self yet raised. A first-class Carnation. F.C.C. at N.S.W. Carnation and Picotee Society's Show, 1902.
- George Quickshank.** Orange buff ground, flaked with crimson; a distinct and handsome variety.
- Hilda.** Yellow ground edged and flaked with dark crimson, good shape, nice neat flowers, distinct.
- Mephisto.** Intense crimson self, a full, smooth, well-formed flower; addition to the self section.
- Miss A. Campbell.** Beautiful yellow self, queen of this popular colour; very highly recommended; a capital grower. F.C.C. National Society of London; Award of Merit Oxford.
- Sadek.** Dark rose of admirable form and charming colour; habit vigorous, and flowers borne erect.
- The Dey.** Yellow ground heavily suffused, and splashed with bright pink, very vigorous, erect and free; splendid exhibition variety.
- Trojan.** Fine large white; grand exhibition variety and good grower.

Novelty Dahlias

..1903..

2s 6d each; 25s per doz.

Angelika. White outside, pale rose; standing on long stems, well above the foliage; flower searly
Brunhilde. The loosely rayed flowers are of a lovely tint of brilliant plum colour on long firm stems. The flowers reach well above the foliage.

Dankwart. Flowers beautiful rosy carmine of noble form, on long firm stems well above the foliage.

Geiselher. One of the most graceful Cactus Dahlias. The florets are thread-like, form a middle-sized flower of ruby red, with shiny violet points; flowers in profusion on long wire-like stems.

Graf. Waldersee. A coppery tinted down to rosy flesh. A unique colour in Dahlias. A noble flower.

Hunold. Flower of perfect form, with long florets of a brick-red, carried well above the foliage; very floriferous.

Jealousy. Dark yellow finely-pointed florets; very full and free flowering.

Kriemhilde. One of the most beautiful Cactus Dahlias raised. Very finely-rayed petals; flowers of a clear bright rose; with a pure white centre, on long stems well above the foliage.

Nymphaea. Rosy salmon with metallic sheen. Flower resembling a water-lily. A good florist flower.

Siegfried. This deep-built flower throws out of a long narrow centre long rayed, incurved, narrow florets of a clear ivory white of imposing size. The stem is firm, and carries the flower well above the foliage. Exquisite novelty.

Sindold. Of a delicate lilac rose colour, towards the centre pure white; the flower is medium size; florets are delicately pointed and twisted, and the ends are cut off blunt; quite a new departure.

Volker. Beautiful Cactus Dahlia of a pure, clear, golden yellow; long, claw-shaped petals, carried well above the foliage; splendid variety.

Gerbera Jamesoni.

THE CAPE MARGUERITE or
SCARLET DAISY of S. AFRICA.

2s each; post free, 7s 6. Plants will be ready early in October.

Of the many beautiful introductions from the Cape, the Gerbera is certainly one of the most exquisite. It is cultivated without any difficulty, and is herbaceous in its character. The flowers are a scarlet crimson, or perhaps a brilliant flame colour could better describe them, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 inches in diameter, and are borne well above the foliage on splendid footstalks from 24 to 36 inches in length, and the plant continues to bloom for seven months in the year, from November till May. It is admirably suited to the climate of New South Wales, but thrives and flowers best in warm situations. The flowers when cut in the heat of the day will last for three weeks. We have much pleasure in again offering this grand novelty; we sold a large number last year, and several customers have flowered the plant with great delight.

Novelties in Fruit Trees for 1903

For General Lists, please see pages 43 to 49 of this Catalogue.

All our Trees are selected with the greatest care, and are clean, well-grown, strong trees

"I received the Fruit Trees and was very pleased with them. They were splendidly packed, and I was surprised at the cheapness of them. They were equally as good as trees my neighbours bought from an Agent travelling round here, at 2s. each. The Seed Potatoes also arrived in fine condition, not more than half a dozen bad in the lot."—H. A. EGGER, Wauchope—9-8-02.

"I received your order of Fruit Trees in good order, and am pleased with them, in fact, the orders I have received from you these last three (3) years, for Trees, have been first class, and are all doing well."—J. B. OSBORNE, Cowper—23-5-02.

"The lot of Fruit Trees I got from you yesterday unpacked splendidly. They are as good as I ever saw, and I am very much pleased with them."—MAJOR SHALLARD, Leichhardt—19-7-02.



Apples.

Apple of Commerce. A magnificent variety, highly coloured, and late keeping. It is of great beauty, two shades of red, with heavy blue bloom; large size and roundish. If picked in June, will remain perfectly hard and sound up to September and October, and is of delicious Ribstone flavour; appears to be blight proof. **2s each.**

Arkansas Black. Very large, deep crimson, nearly round; a good keeper, and a valuable variety for hot, dry, Riverina-like country; popular in America, and said to be blight proof. **1s 6d each.**

Belle de Pontoise. Fruit very large, said to be one foot in circumference; colour bright red on sunny side, mottled with brown dots; flesh firm, juicy, and briskly flavoured. A prolific bearer and very late keeper. **1s 6d each.**

Black Ben Davis. An improvement on that popular American variety, Ben Davis, being of better quality, a more certain cropper, and will keep for months after being gathered. Is quite eclipsing Old Ben Davis in American export varieties. **2s each.**

Delicious. A very showy Apple, and one that has been largely planted in America; hardy grower and a heavy cropper. Fruit from medium to large, highly coloured, and of exquisite flavour. A very late keeper, and so far quite blight proof. **2s each.**

Ruby Gem. A beautiful Apple of moderate size, brilliant red all over. Flesh snow white, tender, crisp, and juicy; strong grower and early cropper; said to be blight proof. Ripens with Jonathan, and is well worth a trial. **1s 6d each.**

Cherries.

2s each.

Belle de Montreuil. Fruit very large, round, marbled with red; flesh firm, deep red, sugary, and highly perfumed. An early variety, coming in after Early purple Gean.

Bigarreau Gaucher. Fruit large, nearly round; skin dark brown; flesh reddish, firm and juicy. A good table variety, and should succeed Early Purple Gean.

NEW FRUIT TREES—Continued.

Nectarines. 1s 6d each.

Cardinal. Has fruited in this State. It is most brilliantly coloured, bears heavily, is above medium size, and is fit for the market 10 to 12 days before Early Rivers, and about 10 days after Irrewarra when good Nectarines are not to be had.

Prunes, New. 1s 6d each.

Giant. This new Prune is of very large size, but this is not its only good quality; it is equally as heavy a bearer as Prune d'Agen, like that variety bearing in ropes all along the limbs, which are much stouter than those of d'Agen. Fruit uniform in size, no culls, with honey-yellow flesh, of surpassing flavour. Seems likely to suit this climate; considered the best carrying Prune in existence.

Japanese Plums.

Combination. Raised by Burbank, and pronounced as "the best Plum ever tasted." Fruit large, globular, very uniform in size, straw colour, extremely sweet, with a distinct pineapple flavour. 5s each.

Sultan. This huge, oval, deep purplish crimson fruit is generally thought by those who have tested it to be the very best, or one of the best plums produced. The flesh is remarkably firm and solid, fragrant, subacid, or sweet, dark crimson, beautifully clouded and shaded with light pink, salmon, and light yellow; showing in the fruit a curious combination of ancestral dynamics. Remarkable for the great proportion of flesh compared with the diminutive seed. Tree grows very rapidly, but with wood and leaves as much like the Napoleon Cherry as like a plum. 2s each.

Peaches.

Amelia Berta. A cross between Amelia and Elberta. Equal in size and appearance to Elberta, and ripens between Hales' Early and Crawford. Yellow freestone, exquisite flavour. 2s 6d each.

Carman. A very hardy Peach, ripening with Early Rivers, yet almost as large as Elberta. Fruit pale yellow and red, flesh white, rich, sweet, and superior flavour. Will carry long distances without bruising. 2s 6d each.

Champion. A large early variety of high flavour; the best for shipping in early fruits; very firm for a freestone. Colour creamy white with a bright red cheek.

Crosby. Trees dwarf, sturdy habit, fine colour, flesh yellow, flavour superb; has been kept for two weeks after travelling a long distance.

Quinces.

Pineapple. Raised by Luther Burbank, and distributed by him in 1899, the result of a long effort by hybridization to secure a Quince that would cook like an apple. The name comes from its flavour, which is strongly suggestive of pineapple. 2s each.

Goldmine. A very large, late variety; size enormous, up to 9½ by 7½; skin almost covered with a bright, bronzy red; flesh cream colour, juicy, and melting with a delicious Stanwick flavour. Freestone, ripening end of February.

New Boy. Fruit very large, dark brownish red on a pale ground; ripens late in season, is most prolific, and considered one that will take a prominent place in the market.

Heron. One of the latest productions of Thomas Rivers and Sons, the raisers of Grand Duke, Monarch, and others of acknowledged fame. This variety we have received direct from the raiser, and have every confidence in it. Not yet fruited in New South Wales.

Splendor. Strongly resembles d'Agen in every way but three times its size, and will do well wherever that variety succeeds, which from our experience is all over Australia. Ripens a week or ten days before d'Agen.

First. Another new hybrid by Burbank, and said to be the earliest, largest, handsomest, and most prolific of all early Plums. Fruit large for an early Plum, pale amber, faint bluish on sunny side, half transparent, moderately firm, juicy and good, and a prodigious cropper. 5s each.

Shiro. The fruit, which is produced in the utmost profusion, is medium to large, very uniform in size, clear light yellow, with an almost imperceptible thin white bloom, and so transparent that the pit can be seen through the flesh, which is firm yet juicy, rich, pleasant, subacid, clingstone; ripens two weeks before the Burbank. Fruit keeps well. 2s each.

1s 6d each, except those priced.

Emma. Said to be superior to Elberta, and should ripen in this State first or second week in February. Perfect freestone, highly coloured. 2s 6d each.

Indian Blood. A great novelty, being a mid-season Peach; skin vinous red colour, veined dark red; flesh dark red, juicy and luscious.

La France. Beautiful, very large, skin dark crimson red, flesh white, fine, melting, juicy, of exquisite perfume; tree vigorous and prolific, ripens medium early.

Louis Grognet. A very vigorous grower, and extra prolific bearer; fruit very large and beautiful, with a very fine white flesh, sugary and juicy, and delicious flavour; a freestone, ripening just after Hales' Early.

Osceola. A very large golden yellow or orange yellow Peach; veined red on one side; flesh golden, sugary, buttery, very juicy; and one of the best dessert Peaches with the taste of an apricot; medium to late season.

Grapes.

Grafted on Phylloxera Proof Stocks, 1s 6d each.
On own Roots, 1s each.

Late Malvasia. Claimed to be the latest white Grape known in these States. One grower speaks of having perfect bunches in his vineyard in May and early June. Berries large and well set, of a fair flavour. Valuable variety for those wishing to extend their grape season.

Calendar

FOR THE
FLOWER GARDEN.

The Calendar must be accepted only as a basis to work from, as favorable or unfavorable seasons will prolong or curtail the sowing periods, but when allowance has been made for these contingencies, our Calendar may be accepted as a guide. It has been compiled for the coastal districts of

New South Wales having a climate similar to that of Sydney, and due allowance will have to be made for the variations of temperature of the colder districts, when taking the Calendar as a guide. The Australian Seasons are as follows, and our sowing periods are classified accordingly :

SPRING : August, September, October ;
SUMMER : November, December, January ;
AUTUMN : February, March, April ;
WINTER : May, June, July.

See page 18 for Lists and Classification.

JANUARY (Summer), see List 4.

Sown now, the seeds mentioned in List 4 will produce a fine autumn display. Amaranthus, Sunflower, Zinnia, Portulacca, Marguerite, Carnation, Marigold, and Pansy, are the most important; sow under the shade and shelter frame, to be transplanted later.

Make the first sowing of Pansies in the shelter frame, in rich soil, and as soon as the plants are fit to handle, transplant them into another position in the frame, to make strong well-rooted plants, to be lifted with a ball, and planted out into the bed when ready.

FEBRUARY (Autumn), see Lists 1 & 3.

Any favourable conditions of temperature should be taken advantage of for making a full sowing of seeds of plants marked as seasonable. Lists 1 to 3.

The shade frame should be taken advantage of if dry weather prevents sowing out of doors. Another good sowing of Pansy should be made under canvas frame in case of accident to previous sowing. Any strong seedlings in stock should be planted out. They will provide flowers for the winter months.

MARCH (Autumn), see Lists 1 and 3.

A full sowing of all annuals and biennials named in the lists for autumn sowing should be made at once, as seeds germinate much more quickly when the soil is warm.

Many can be sown out of doors, but any tender annuals and biennials which do not object to transplanting are better sown under the canvas shade frame even now, as they are so much better under control. If early sown Pansy plants are ready, plant them out into the border at once so as to secure early bloom.

APRIL (Autumn), see Lists 1 and 3.

All the annuals mentioned in Nos. 1 and 3 Lists can be sown out of doors, but many of the perennials and biennials marked P. and B. will do better in the shade frame, to be transplanted into the border when ready.

The canvas shelter frame is not only useful for shading purposes, but is a protection against frosts; remove the cover entirely during the day when the weather is fine, replacing it at night. Continue to plant out seedlings and keep the soil well open with the hoe.

MAY (Winter), see List 5.

Many flower seeds may still be sown to keep up a succession of bloom. (See List No. 5). Early frosts would injure more tender varieties of biennials and perennials, but if these are sown under the protection of the canvas frame no danger may be feared. The hardier plants named for winter planting can, however, be sown out of doors; Mignonette and Sweet Peas will do well. Stock, Daisy, Violet, Primrose, Pansy (raised in the frame) should be planted out, also all other perennials from reserve stock.

JUNE (Winter), see List 5.

This being mid-winter, only the hardiest varieties of flower seeds can be sown. (See List No. 5).

The garden should now be thoroughly done up, all vacant land should be dug over, manured, and made ready for the coming season, as the busy months of July and August will keep the gardener fully occupied.

All seedlings of hardy spring flowering plants remaining in reserve, such as Daisies, Violets, Primroses, Polyanthus, Wallflower, Forget-me-not, etc., should now be planted out.

JULY (Winter), see List 5.

The weather during this month is usually warm in the daytime, with cool nights, and there is little growth, but preparatory work should be pushed forward; and if the season is a mild one, continue to plant out from the reserve bed, and sow all annuals mentioned in List 5.

AUGUST (Spring), see Lists 1 and 2.

Spring has arrived, all plant life is now active. Make a full sowing of hardy annuals mentioned in No. 1 and 2 Lists, in the open border, and the more tender varieties in the shelter frame; transplant from reserve all seedlings required to fill up beds.

Sow a full supply of Poppy, Salpiglossis, and Phlox.

SEPTEMBER (Spring) see Lists 1 & 2.

Continue to sow all seeds named in Lists 1 and 2, and thin out any seedlings which may have been sown too thickly in the border.

Remove any plants past their best, and replace them with seedlings from reserves, as the garden must now be filled up, to provide a brilliant display later.

Mulch the surface of the soil with manure.

OCTOBER (Spring), see Lists 1 & 2.

If favoured with thunderstorms a great many hardy annuals can be sown with good prospects of success. See Lists 1 and 2. The following are a few of the most valuable, as they are gay throughout the summer :—Portulacca, Zinnia, Sunflower, Cilanthus Dampieri, Coloured-leaved Amaranthus. All these charming plants are admirably suited to our climate. A garden can be kept gay during the hottest months if plenty of water and a little care is given to these beautiful plants. Water must be sparingly applied, however, to the Cilanthus.

NOVEMBER (Summer), List 4.

Sow the annuals mentioned in List No. 4. Most of them can be transplanted, and from the reserve bed a full supply of them can be put out if available. They will be the feature of the garden during the dry summer months.

DECEMBER (Summer), see List 4.

Generally a very hot and dry month, during which little can be done in the way of sowing except under careful treatment, when all the plants named in No. 4 List can be sown for autumn display.

Water freely if necessary, so as to keep the plants growing, but be careful not to allow the soil to cake; keep it loose with the hoe, but better still, have it well mulched; this will save labour and water.

Flower Seeds, when to Sow and their Classification

"A" after the name indicates Annual Plants, which flower, seed and die within one year.

"B" after the name indicates Biennial Plants, which flower during the season after sowing, then seed and die.

"P" after the name indicates Perennial Plants, which can be raised from seed, and generally flower the same season they are sown, and continue to flower from year to year, and can be propagated from cuttings, also from division of their roots (stools).

List No. 1. Flower Seeds which can be sown during— AUTUMN (February, March, April), SPRING (August, September, October).

Abronia, A.	Cobaea, P.	Ipomopsis, A.	Pansy, B. (autumn)
Acroclinium, A.	Convolvulus, A.	Jacobaea, A. (autumn)	Petunia, P. (spring)
Alonsoa, A.	Cornflower, A.	Larkspur, A.	Phlox Drummondii, A.
Alyssum, A.	Cosmidium, A.	Linaria, A.	Phlox Perennial
Anagallis, A.	Cosmos, A.	Lobelia	Picotee, P. (autumn)
Antirrhinum, B.	Delphinium, P.	Lophospermum, B.	Salpiglossis, A.
Aquilegia, P.	Dianthus, A.	Lupinus, A.	Scabiosa, A.
Aubrietia, P.	Digitalis, B.	Lychnis, A.	Schizanthus, A.
Brachycome, A.	Dolichos, P.	Mandevilla, P.	Silene, A.
Calandrinia, A.	Eschscholtzia, A.	Marigold, A.	Solanum, A.
Calliopsis, A.	Everlasting Pea, P.	Martynia, B.	Stocks, A. (autumn)
Candytuft, A.	Forget-me-not, P.	Marvel of Peru, A.	Sweet Pea, A.
Carnation, P. (autumn)	Gaillardia, A.	Matricaria	Tacsonia, P.
Carnation, Marguerite, B.	Godetia, A. (autumn)	Mignonette, A.	Verbena, P.
Clarkia, A.	Helichrysum, A.	Nasturtium, A.	Virginian Stock, A.
Clianthus Dampieri (spring)	Heliotrope, P.	Nemophila, A.	Whitlavia, A.
Clintonia, A.	Hollyhock, B. (autumn)	Nigella, A.	

List No. 2. Flower Seeds which can be sown during— SPRING (August, September, October), as well as all seeds in No. 1 list.

Acroclinium, A.	Collomia, A.	Mina Lobata, A.	Poppy, A.
Adonis, A.	Dahlia, P.	Mimulus, P.	Portulacca, A.
Amaranthus, A.	Hibiscus, A.	Nertera, B.	Pyrethrum, P.
Ammobium, A.	Humulus, B.	Nicotiana, B.	Salvia, P.
Arabis, A.	Linum, A.	Nycteria, A.	Sunflower, A.
Aster, A.	Lophospermum, A.	Oxyura, A.	Verbascum, B.
Browallia, A.	Maurandya, A.	Perilla B.	Zinnia, A.
Clianthus Dampieri			

List No. 3. AUTUMN (February, March, April); they can also be sown in the Spring under very favourable circumstances.

Anemone, P.	Chrysanthemum, Annual	Pentstemon, P.	Wallflower, P.
Auricula, P.	Cowslip, P.	Polyanthus, P.	Violet, P.
Campanula, P.	Daisy, P.	Also all the seeds mentioned in List No. 1.	

List No. 4. For late SPRING and SUMMER sowing— (September, October, November, and December).

Amaranthus, A.	Clianthus Dampieri, A.	Mesembryanthemum, A.	Ricinus, B.
Balsam, A.	Coreopsis Lanceolata, P.	Portulacca, A.	Scabiosa, A.
Calliopsis, A.	Cosmos, A.	Pansy	Sunflower, A.
Celosia, A.	Marigold, A.	Pyrethrum, B.	Zinnia, A.

List No. 5. For early WINTER sowing (May and June), under favourable conditions.

Acroclinium, A.	Cosmos, A.	Linaria, A.	Pansy, B.
Antirrhinum, A.	Daisy, P.	Linum, A.	Phlox Drummondii, A.
Aquilegia, P.	Delphinium, P.	Lupinus, A.	Polyanthus, P.
Calliopsis, A.	Dianthus, A.	Lychnis, A.	Primrose, P.
Campanula, P.	Eschscholtzia, A.	Marguerite Carnation, B.	Rhodanthe, A.
Candytuft, A.	Forget-me-not, B.	Mignonette, A.	Stocks, A.
Centaurea, A.	Godetia, A.	Nasturtium, A.	Sweet Peas, A.
Convolvulus, A.	Larkspur, A.	Nemophila, A.	Virginian Stocks, A.
Coreopsis Lanceolata, P.			



How to make a Shade Frame

FOR RAISING SEEDLINGS.

SELECT a sheltered place in the garden, and enclose the space required with timber battens, which will stand a few inches above the surface. Make a timber frame to fit over the surface, and cover with calico or canvas; this should be raised on posts about a foot above the surface of the soil, and adjusted so that it can be raised or removed when required. The shade should be placed in position in the morning, soon as the sun's heat is strong, and removed in the evening. During dull or showery weather, it is best to remove it, so that the plants may not be drawn or weakened. The frame should be filled with light, rich soil, and when the seeds are sown, a light mulching of old manure should be sprinkled over the surface, so as to keep the soil open, and hasten vegetation. Water daily if required, with a fine rosed watering can, but never allow the soil to become dry. In such a frame, Seeds can be sown in the hottest weather, to provide a reserve stock of seasonable plants to keep up a continuous supply of bloom.



Flower Seed.. Collections

OF..

Six and more distinct colours.

THE great advantage of these collections of distinct colours over packets containing seeds of the mixed colours, is that in planting out, the colours can be so arranged that they will blend together, or that they will not contrast too strongly; again, any favorite colour can be planted more largely than the others. In massing in large beds most beautiful results can be obtained by the proper arrangement of colours. For information as to sowing season, see Calendar on page 17.

Antirrhinum or Snapdragon.

12 Distinct Colours, Tall	1 6
12 Distinct Colours, Dwarf	1 6

Aster.

6 Distinct Colours, Dwarf Pæony Perfection	1 3
8 Distinct Colours, Dwarf Pæony Perfection	1 6
6 Distinct Colours, Victoria	1 3
8 Distinct Colours, Victoria	1 6
12 Distinct Colours, Victoria	2 0
6 Distinct Colours, Washington	1 3

Balsam.

6 Distinct Colours, Camellia-flowered	1 3
6 Distinct Colours, Rose-flowered	1 0
8 Distinct Colours, Rose-flowered	1 3
12 Distinct Colours, Rose-flowered	1 9

Carnation and Picotee.

12 Distinct Colours, finest	3 0
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Cockscomb.

6 Distinct Colours	1 3
8 Distinct Colours	1 6
12 Distinct Colours	2 0

Coleus.

6 Finest Distinct Sorts	2 0
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Dianthus Heddewegii & Chinensis.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
8 Distinct Colours	1 3
10 Distinct Colours	1 6

Helichrysum.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
8 Distinct Colours	1 3
10 Distinct Colours	1 6
12 Distinct Colours	1 9

Hollyhock.

6 Distinct Colours	1 3
12 Distinct Colours	2 3

Larkspur.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
12 Distinct Colours	1 6

Pansy or Heartsease.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
12 Distinct Colours	2 0
18 Distinct Colours	3 0

Petunia, Double.

6 Distinct Colours, fringed	3 0
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Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora.

6 Beautiful Distinct Colours, lovely shades	1 0
8 Beautiful Distinct Colours, lovely shades	1 3
12 Beautiful Distinct Colours, lovely shades	2 0

Phlox Drummondii Nana Compacta.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
12 Distinct Colours	2 0

Poppy, Carnation-flowered.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
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Portulacca Grandiflora, Double.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
8 Distinct Colours	1 3

Salpiglossis.

6 Splendid Distinct Colours, Tall	1 0
8 Splendid Distinct Colours, Tall	1 3
10 Splendid Distinct Colours, Tall	1 6

Stock, Ten-week.

6 Distinct Colours, Large Flowering	1 3
8 Distinct Colours, Large Flowering	1 6
12 Distinct Colours, Large Flowering	2 0

Stock, Brompton.

6 Distinct Colours	1 3
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Wallflower, Sweet-scented.

6 Distinct Colours, Double German	1 6
10 Distinct Colours, Double German	2 6

Zinnia Elegans Grandiflora.

6 Distinct Colours, Double	1 0
8 Distinct Colours, Double	1 3

Zinnia Elegans Pumila fl. pl.

6 Distinct Colours	1 0
8 Distinct Colours	1 3

FOR DESCRIPTIONS, SEE GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS.

**Pictorial Collections**

These new collections of Asters and Pansies contain a packet of mixed seeds of each of the classes or varieties: thus they contain all the colours and all the different strains.

Aster.

6 Varieties	1 6	10 Varieties	2 6
8 Varieties	2 0	12 Varieties	3 0

Including Victoria, Pæony, Comet, Crown, and Dwarf Bouquet, etc., etc.

Pansy.

6 Varieties	1 6	10 Varieties	2 6
8 Varieties	2 0	12 Varieties	3 0

Including Faust, Lord Beaconsfield, Odier's, Trimardeau, and Large Flowering, etc., etc.

Sweet Pea.

8 Varieties	1 3	16 Varieties	2 3
12 Varieties	1 9		

Including Scarlet, White, Blue, Purple, Painted Lady, Primrose, Orange Prince, etc., etc.

OUR SEEDS ARE ALWAYS THE BEST.

Popular Collections of Flower Seeds

POST FREE EVERYWHERE.



Annuals and Biennials.

"GEM" Collection of 14 Beauties.

Post free, 2s.

Amaranthus. Tricolour. Sow September to November.
Calliopsis Drummondii.
Cornflower.
Pansy or Heartsease.
Sunflower, Miniature. Very free flowering.
Stocks (Ten-week). Large-flowered.
Zinnia Grandiflora. Sow August to November.
Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora.
Balsam.
Cosmos.
Dianthus Heddewegii.
Mignonette (Crimson Giant)
Poppy.
Salpiglossis.



PANSIES



"SUNSHINE" COLLECTION.

8 varieties, 1 packet of each, 3s. post free.

Anderson's Large French Stained, Fine	6d per packet
Odler's Choicest Strain	6d per packet
First-class Assorted	3d per packet
Trimardeau	6d per packet
Lord Beaconsfield, Giant	6d per packet
Victoria	6d per packet
Non Plus Ultra	6d per packet
Peacock	6d per packet

Ornamental Grasses.

3d per packet.

Agrostis Nebulosa.
Avena Sterillis (Animated Oats).
Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass).
Eragrostis Elegans (Love Grass).
Erianthus Ravenæ.
Eulalia Japonica.
Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel Tail).
Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass).
Pennisetum Rupellianum. Most Elegant.
Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass).
Tricholaena Rosea (Red Top Grass).
Zea Japonica Variegata (Striped Japanese Maize). 6ft.
 One Packet Each 2s.
 Packets of the above Ornamental Grasses, in mixture,
 6d each.

Collections of Ornamental Grasses.

Six Beautiful Varieties, named sorts	1s 3d
Eight " " "	1s 6d

"ABC" Packets.

"A" Packet, 14 varieties 2s.

Choice Hardy Annuals,

For Autumn or Spring.

Or any fourteen 3d. packets customers may choose; all hardy annuals; may be sown and flowered in open border.

"B" Packet, 24 varieties 4s.

Choice Hardy Annuals,

For Autumn or Spring.

Or any twenty-four 3d. packets customers may choose; all hardy annuals; may be sown in the open border.

"C" Packet, 12 varieties 3s.

Choice

Hardy and Half-hardy Annuals

Or any twelve packets our customers may choose, not more than 4s. in value at catalogue rates.

"D" Packet, 12 varieties 5s.

Choice Biennials and Perennials

Or any twelve packets our customers may choose, not more than 6s. in value at catalogue rates. Should be sown in pots and boxes and transplanted.

"E" Packet, 6 varieties 5s.

Tender Biennials and Perennials

EXTRA CHOICE.

Primulas, **Calceolaria**, **Cineraria**, **Begonia**, **Cyclamen**, **Gloxinia**, etc., or any six packets our customers may choose, not more than 6s. in value at catalogue rates. For pot culture.

Creepers and Climbers which can be grown from Seed.

Centrosema Grandiflora	6d per packet
Cobæa Scandens	6d per packet
Convolvulus Major (Morning Glory)	3d per packet
Dolichos Lignosus	3d per packet
Ipomea .	
Hederacea Superba	3d per packet
Limbatæ Elegantissima	3d per packet
Quamoclit	3d per packet
Ipomea Learii	1s per packet
Lophospermum Scandens	6d per packet

Mandevilla Suaveolens	6d per packet
Maurandya Barclayana	6d per packet
Medeola Asparagoides	6d per packet
Mina Lobata	6d per packet
Nasturtium, Tall	3d per packet
Passiflora Edulis (Edible Passion Fruit)	3d per packet
Tasconia Van Volxemi	1s per packet
Thunbergia Alata	6d per packet
Tropæolum Canariensis (Canary Creeper)	6d per packet

Flower Seeds

GENERAL LIST, 1903.

When ordering Flower Seeds by Numbers, please give Date of
Catalogue from which the order is selected.

Abronia.

3d per pkt.

- 1 **Umbelata.** Rosy lilac, fragrant.
 - 2 **Villosa.** Dark Red.
- Trailing plants, suitable for rockery; Verbena-like flowers, scented; hardy annual. Sow in spring and autumn. 6 inches.

Acroclinium.

3d per pkt.

- 3 **Album, Single.** White.
 - 4 **Roseum, Single.** Rose, dark eye.
 - 5 **Roseum, Double.** Rose.
- Beautiful everlasting; can be dried for winter bouquets; hardy annual. Sow autumn or spring. 12 inches.

Adonis.

3d per pkt.

- 6 **Vernalis.** Perennial. Yellow.
 - 7 **Æstivalis.** (Flos Adonis). Annual. Scarlet.
- Free flowering; feathery foliage. Sow in spring. 12 inches.

Alonsoa (Mask Flower).

3d per pkt.

- 8 **Warscewiczii.** Brilliant scarlet.
 - 9 **Albiflora.** White; very constant.
- Very showy, half-hardy annual, scarlet and white flowers. Sow autumn or spring. 12 inches.

Alyssum.

3d per pkt.

- 10 **Maritimum** (Sweet Alyssum). Hardy annual; small trusses of white flowers in great profusion.
- 11 **Maritimum Compactum** (Little Gem) Very dwarf, erect habit; annual.
- 12 **Saxatile.** Dwarf, hardy perennial; yellow flowers; leaves hoary margined. Sow autumn or spring.

Amaranthus.

3d per pkt.

(Brilliant Foliage Plants.)

- 13 **Salicifolius** (Fountain Plant). Narrow leaves of crimson, yellow, and green, crimson plume. 4 to 5 ft.
 - 14 **Tricolour.** (Joseph's Coat). Leaves red, yellow, and green. 3 feet.
 - 15 **Firebrand.** Large leaves, deep blood-red, with bright yellow edges. 6 feet.
 - 16 **Henderii.** Leaves carmine, yellow, orange, and green.
 - 17 **Caudatus.** (Love-lies-bleeding). Drooping purplish crimson flowers. 3 feet.
 - 18 **Bicolor Sulpherine.** Dark green foliage and pale yellow markings.
 - 19 **Princess of Wales.** With very beautiful foliage.
 - 20 **Queen Victoria.** With very beautiful foliage.
- Magnificent foliage plants, with gorgeous leaves; requiring a warm position. *Salicifolius* is a most lovely variety. *Tricolour* is also a gem; hardy annuals. Sow September, October, and November.

Ammobium.

3d per pkt.

- 21 **Alatum.** Pure white. 18 inches.
- Pretty hardy everlasting, small flowers, very easily grown; annual. Sow in spring.

Anagallis. (Pimpernel.)

3d per pkt.

- 22 **Grandiflora.** Choice mixed.
 - 23 **Grandiflora Cœrulea.** Blue, very fine.
- Pretty dwarf-growing annuals; constant bloomers, compact habit. Sow autumn or spring.

Anchusa.

3d per pkt.

- 24 **Augustifolia.** True deep blue.
 - 25 **Capensis.** Bright azure blue.
- A free flowering hardy annual; excellent for bouquets. Sow in autumn and spring.

Anemone.

6d per pkt.

- 26 **Japonica.** Very pretty; flowers all summer; purplish red. 24 inches.
 - 27 **Coronaria.** Mixed; various colours. 12 inches.
- Magnificent colours; blooms early in spring. Requires well-drained light soil. Sow in early autumn.

Tubers can also be supplied from March to June.

Angelonia.

6d per pkt.

28 **Grandiflora Alba.**

Handsome plant, spikes covered with pure white flowers during autumn. Sow in spring.

Antirrhinum (Snapdragon).

3d per pkt.

- 29 **Anderson & Co.'s Extra Choice.** Unsurpassed for beauty.
- 30 **Brilliant.** Scarlet, golden and white.
- 31 **Delila.** Carmine, white throat.
- 32 **Galathee.** Very fine crimson.
- 33 **Picturatum.** Showy, striped, spotted.
- 34 **Majus.** Tall, mixed; best sorts.
- 35 **Tom Thumb.** Plants, 9 inches.
- 36 **Grandiflorum, "Romeo."** New deep rose, dark flesh leaves.

37 **Grandiflorum, "Striatum."** Magnificent striped varieties.

Beautiful showy hardy biennials, producing spikes of flowers in endless variety of colour. Sow during autumn and spring. Tall varieties, 3 feet; dwarf varieties, 9 inches high.

Aquilegia (Columbine).

6d per pkt.

38 **Californica Hybrida.** Yellow flowers, dark orange spurs.

- 39 **Cœrulea.** Very beautiful species.
 - 40 **Hybrida.** Large, sulphur yellow, blue spurs.
 - 41 **Chrysantha Grandiflora Alba** (White Spurred).
 - 42 **Skinneri.** Scarlet, tipped yellow.
 - 43 **Nivea.** Creamy white; semi-double.
 - 44 **Mixed.** Finest sorts; various colours. 3d per pkt.
- Showy, hardy perennials; flowers of fantastic shape with long spurs; requiring a light soil. Sow autumn and spring. 18 to 24 inches.

Armeria (Thrift)

6d per pkt.

45 **Cephalotes Alba.**

Hardy bordering plant; flowers pure white. Sow during autumn and spring. 12 inches.



Aquilegia.

Asters.

6d per pkt.

- 46 **Christmas Tree.** Free flowering; rich rose colour 20 inches.
- 47 **Crown.** Various colours; white centre.
- 48 **Dwarf Bouquet.** Various; effective.
- 49 **Dwarf Chrysanthemum Flowered.**
- 50 **Dwarf Victoria.** One of the best.
- 51 **Giant Comet Mixed.** Superb large flowers.
- 52 **Giant Comet White.** Extra fine.
- 53 **Globe Flowered.** Various colours; showy.
- 54 **King Humbert.** Flowers white, 4 inches in diameter; 12 inches high.
- 55 **Mignon.** Light blue, lilac, rose.
- 56 **New Late Blooming.** Branching; flowers white.
- 57 **Ostrich Feather.** Flowers white; long wavy petals. 18 inches high.
- 58 **Perfection.** Large, double, incurved.
- 59 **Pyramidal Flowering.** Dwarf; various colours.
- 60 **Queen of the Market.** Red, white, and blue.
- 61 **Quilled German.** Striking colours.
- 62 **Single Marguerite.** Valuable for cutting.
- 63 **Snowball.** Imbricated white.
- 64 **Triumph Tom Thumb.** Large flowers, deep scarlet.
- 65 **Triumph Tom Thumb.** Scarlet and white. 6 inches.

Charming half-hardy annuals; bloom in trusses of six to eight fine heads of beautiful colours. Light rich soil, with a mulching of manure, suits them best. Sow autumn and spring. Transplant. Tall varieties, 18 inches to 2 feet.

Arabis (Rock Cress).

3d per pkt.

- 66 **Alpina.** White.
Excellent for borders or rock work; hardy perennial. Sow in spring. 6 inches.

Aubretia.

6d per pkt.

- 67 **Leichtlini.** Luminous carmine rose.
Pretty perennial for edgings. Sow autumn.

Auricula.

6d per pkt.

- 68 **Choice Mixed.** Various colours, best sorts. 6 in.
English favourite, and suitable for the cooler districts. Flowers sometimes green, white-edged; appear as if dusted with powder; perennials; sow in fine soil in a box, autumn and spring, and transplant.

Balsam.

3d per pkt.

- 69 **Carnation.** Striped and flaked, attractive.
- 70 **Solferino.** Streaked and spotted, distinct.
- 71 **Camellia Flowered.** Self colours.
- 72 **Camellia Flowered, Alba Perfecta.** White.
- 73 **Camellia Flowered, Prince Bismarck.** Flowers salmon.
- 74 **Choice Mixed.** All the best varieties.
Annual, producing rose-like blooms of varied colours. Balsams require rich soil and plenty of moisture. Sow in spring and summer. 18 in.

Begonia.

1s per pkt.

- 75 **Tuberous Rooted Single.** Charming colours.
- 76 **Tuberous Rooted Double.** Beautiful shades.
- 77 **Tuberosa Vittata.** Flowers marked like a Carnation, with shades of white, yellow, and red.
Charming plants; require great care in raising; seed is very small, and must be sown in light soil in a frame or green-house, and the seedlings transplanted into pots. Foliage handsome; graceful, lovely, drooping flowers; tender perennials. Will not succeed out of doors. Sow seed in spring. 18 inches.

Brachycome (Swan River Daisy).

3d per pkt.

- 78 **Iberidifolia.** Bright blue flowers.
- 79 **Iberidifolia Alba.** Pure white flowers.
Hardy annual; compact; flowers daisy-like; prefers rich light loam. Sow autumn and spring. 9 inches.

Browallia.

3d per pkt.

- 80 **Alata Cœrulea.** Large; bright blue.
- 81 **Alba.** White; very pretty variety.
- 82 **Roezii.** Blue or white; yellow tubes.
- 83 **Speciosa Major.** Large blue flowers. 6d pkt.
Pretty hardy annuals, covering themselves with bloom; do best in rich light loam. Sow early in spring. 15 inches

Calandrinia.

3d per pkt.

- 84 **Discolour.** Pretty rose lilac.
- 85 **Umbellata.** Beautiful magenta crimson.
Dwarf, free-flowering, showy annual; adapts itself to almost any soil; an abundant bloomer. Sow in autumn or spring. 12 inches.

Calceolaria.

1s per pkt.

- 86 **Dalkeith Park Strain.** Spotted.
- 87 **Hybrida Striata.** Beautifully striped.
- 88 **Shrubby.** Self colours, yellow, brown.
- 89 **Finest Mixed.** Selected strain.

Charming perennial; conservatory or bush-house culture only. Requires rich, light, fibrous soil, and plenty of pot room. To raise the seed successfully, sow on the surface in the lightest soil, and cover with a sheet of glass which should be removed as soon as the plants appear. Calceolarias cannot be grown as border plants. Sow in autumn. 12 to 18 inches.

Calliopsis or Coreopsis.

3d per pkt.

- 90 **Drummondii.** Yellow; crimson centre; fine.
- 91 **Grandiflora.** Large golden yellow flowers.
- 92 **Atropurpurea.** Rich brownish crimson.
- 93 **Bicolour Hybrida.** Double flowers.
- 94 **Coronata Maxima.** Golden yellow, large.
- 95 **Marmorata.** Maroon, crimson splashed.
- 96 **Lanceolata.** Useful perennial; known as Yellow Cosmos. One of the best of our hardy annuals, a most beautiful plant, not particular as to soil; a long time in bloom. Plants should be 2 feet apart. Sow autumn and spring. 2 feet.

Canary Creeper (See Tropæolum).

Campanula.

3d per pkt.

- 97 **Pyramidalis Alba.** Magnificent white spikes.
- 98 **Pyramidalis Blue.** Magnificent, long spikes.
- 99 **Persicifolia Grandiflora, Mixed.** An exceedingly fine strain, large flowers.
- 100 **Carpatia.** Bright blue, small flowers.
- 101 **Carpatia Alba.** Pure white and dwarf.

Canterbury Bells.

3d pkt.

- 102 **Double Blue.** Finest strain.
- 103 **Double White.** Finest strain.
- 104 **Double Rose.** Finest strain.
- 105 **Single Blue.** Finest strain.
- 106 **Single White.** Finest strain.
- 107 **Single Rose.** Finest strain.
- 108 **Calycanthema.** Charming saucer-like outer petal.
- 109 **Media Striata.** White, streaked violet.
Showy border plants; single varieties are exceedingly pretty, and the Calycanthema and double varieties are magnificent. Sow in frame autumn or spring; hardy perennials.

Balsam.



Candytuft (Iberis). 3d per pkt.

- 110 White Perennial (Iberis Sempervirens.)
 111 Dobbie's White Spiral. White spike, 4 inches long.
 112 White Rocket. Magnificent long spikes.
 113 White. Large, effective, and handsome.
 114 Purple. Large, fine tresses.
 115 Carmine. Flowers rich carmine.
 116 Creamy White. Delicate colour.
 117 Empress. Trusses of pure white.
 118 Tom Thumb. Pure white, dwarf.
 119 Dwarf Crimson. Rich glowing colour.
 120 Little Prince. Charming dwarf variety; pure white.
 121 Giant Hyacinth Flowered. Immense spikes. 15 in.

The whole of this pretty family are well worth a place. They bloom in great profusion, and are very useful for cut flowers. Sow in autumn and spring.

Canna (Indian Shot). 6d per pkt.

- 122 Indica. Large, handsome foliage.
 123 Madam Crozy. Crimson, with gold margin.
 124 Crozy's New Hybrids. Mixed, very effective.
 125 Queen Charlotte. Bright crimson, gold band.

See also List of named varieties in "Plant Section."
 Handsome foliage; brilliant flowers; easily raised from seed in a frame. Magnificent decorative plants; grown in the garden in sheltered, warm situations. 3 to 4 feet. Sow in autumn and spring.

Carnation (Perennial). 1s per pkt.

- 126 Bizarre. Flaked and striped; excellent.
 127 Grenadin. Brilliant, double scarlet.
 128 Double Mixed. Superb stock, best sorts.
 129 Perpetual Flowering. Superb bloomers.
 130 Yellow Ground Perpetual. Shades of yellow.

The varieties offered are from the finest strains, and saved from named sorts. Should produce a large percentage of double flowers. Sow in pots or under the frame and transplant. Sow autumn or spring.

Carnation (Marguerite Section).

- 131 Margarita (Mixed). 6d per pkt.
 132 Riviera Market. An improved variety of the Margarita strain. 1s per pkt.
 133 Margarita (White). A beautiful pure white.

Magnificent bedding plants, which bloom six months after sowing, producing large percentage of double flowers; most profuse bloomers, great variety of colours; very robust and useful for cutting. Sow autumn or spring.

Castilleja. 1s per pkt.

134 Indivisa.

A lovely annual, producing superb flowers of intensely brilliant crimson scarlet. Sow in spring. 18 inches.

Celosia (Cockscomb). 6d per pkt.

- 135 Dwarf Crimson. Standard variety.
 136 Carter's Empress. Crested, scarlet.
 137 Pyramidalis, Splendid mixed.
 138 Dwarf Varieties. Mixed.

Old English favourites. The two first named produce large cockscomb-like heads of brilliant crimson; Pyramidalis bears its flowers in feathery spikes. 2 feet. Half-hardy annuals. Sow in spring.

Centaurea (Cornflower). 3d per pkt.

- 139 Emperor William. Single blue cornflower.
 140 Red. Single cornflower.
 141 White. Single cornflower.
 142 Nana Compacta, Victoria. Dwarf cornflower.
 143 Suaveolens. Yellow cornflower.
 144 Mixed. Single.
 145 Cyanus fl. pl. Large percentage of double flowers.
 146 Nana Com. Hybrida (New Miniature). Finest mixed.

ABOUT PANSIES.

"Last year's Plants (grown from your "Sunshine" Collection), bloomed to such perfection that they were admired by all who saw them, and it was with pleasure I gave (when asked) your name and address, also name of Collection, and trust it may be the means of getting your Seeds more widely known."—A. H. EVANS, Keyneton, South Australia. 23-2-02, 1/4"

Centaurea Moschata (Sweet Sultan)

3d per pkt.

- 147 Blue. Double Sweet Sultan.
 148 Purple. Double Sweet Sultan.
 149 White. Double Sweet Sultan.
 150 Ordorata Marguerite. White Sweet Sultan.

The Single Blue Cornflower, so common in the English fields is one of the most useful annuals. Blooms during winter, and is most useful for cutting for bouquets. Height 1½ to 2 feet. Sow during autumn and spring.

151 Centaurea Candidissima. 3d pkt.

Valuable for ribbon bordering; effective when massed with other coloured leaves; silvery foliage. 12 inches. Sow in autumn.

Centaureidum. 3d per pkt.

152 Drummondii. Yellow flowers.

Showy hardy annual, dwarf trailing habit; suitable for rockeries.

Centrosema. 6d per pkt.

153 Grandiflora. Flowers 1½ to 2½ inches across, of a beautiful inverted pea shape; rosy violet to reddish purple, feathered with white.

Beautiful perennial climber; easily grown seed, should be soaked for a few hours in tepid water before sowing. Sow in spring.

Cineraria. 1s per pkt.

- 154 Hybrida Grandiflora. Single flowers, charming.
 155 Hybrida Grandiflora Kermesina. Crimson.
 156 Hybrida Grandiflora Double. Very select strain.

Most charming bush-house or green-house plants; should be raised in a frame and transplanted into small-sized pots, and again into blooming pots. Use light soil, mixed with old cow manure, a little sand and old vegetable mould; transfer to bush-house as soon as established. Sow in autumn. 18 to 24 inches.

Ornamental Leaved Variety 3d per pkt.

157 Maritima Candidissima. Large leaves.

Is grown as a foliage plant only, beautiful silvery leaves. 12 inches. Sow in spring.

Our Seeds are the Best!



Clarkia.

3d per pkt.

158 **Elegans.** Purplish rose colour.159 **Elegans.** Double.

Showy, hardy annual; very effective in masses. Sow spring and autumn. 18 inches.

Clanthus.

6d per pkt.

160 **Dampierii.** (Desert Pea of West Australia).

Pea flowers brilliant crimson; three inches, and in the centre a large clear black marking; one of the most beautiful garden plants; a trailer; a little difficult to cultivate, but will repay all trouble. Sow from July to September in a sunny situation; a sandy soil is most suitable.

161 **Puniceus.** (Glory Pea).

Very handsome perennial shrub, resembling the above.

Clintonia.

3d per pkt.

162 **Pulchella.** Rich blue colour, yellow eyes.

Charming little plant for edging or rockeries. Hardy annual. Sow autumn or spring. 6 inches.

Chrysanthemum.**Annual Marguerite.**

3d per pkt. except otherwise priced.

163 **Double Hybrids.** White, yellow, and crimson; coloured centres.164 **Burridgeanum.** White, crimson band.165 **Carinatum** (Golden Feather). Golden foliage; flowers yellow and crimson.166 **Carinatum, Purple Crown.** Purple scarlet; a golden ring; yellow foliage. 8 inches.167 **Tricolour Dunnettii.** Single, mixed, very showy.168 **Coronarium Sulphureum.** Lemon colour; double.169 **Eclipse.** Bright golden yellow, scarlet ring.170 **Maximum** (Moon Penny Daisy). Pure white.171 **Lord Beaconsfield.** Crimson, edged gold.172 **Segetum** (Corn Marigold). Pretty yellow.173 **Frutescens** (Paris White Daisy). Lovely.174 **Tricolour Coccineum** (Tom Thumb). Branching; profusion of scarlet flowers. 6d per pkt.

Hardy annuals; strong growers; showy; admirably suited for cutting; one of our finest garden annuals. Sow during autumn or spring. 18 inches to 2 feet.

Chrysanthemum Perennial Varieties.175 **Pompone.** Small flowers; very pretty. 24 in. 6d per pkt.176 **Inodorum.** Double white. 6d pkt.177 **Indicum fl. pl.** The familiar Chrysanthemum; various. 24 inches. 6d pkt.178 **New Early Flowering.** Of the Japanese type, abundant bloomer. 6d pkt.

This section represents the well-known Japanese Chrysanthemums, so much prized in our gardens.

Cobæa (Climber). 6d per pkt.179 **Scandens.**

Perennial climber; magnificent, large, bell-shaped, purplish-blue flowers; rapid grower, fine foliage; hardy perennial. Raise in frame and plant out in the autumn or early spring.

Coleus.

1s per pkt.

180 **Splendid Mixed.**181 **New Large Leaved.** Finest Mixed.

As a pot-grown foliage plant cannot be surpassed; requires careful sowing; must be grown freely in good rich soil, with plenty of moisture, light, and air. Grow in a conservatory or bush-house. Sow in September and summer.

Collomia.

3d per pkt.

182 **Coccinea.** Scarlet and yellow.

Hardy annual; flowers bouvardia-like; of compact habit. Sow in spring. 12 inches.

Columbine (See Aquilegia).**Convolvulus (Morning Glory).**

3d per pkt.

183 **Minor.** Dwarf; mixed, various.184 **Major.** Tall; mixed, beautiful climber.185 **Mauritanicus.** Hardy perennial, beautiful blue.Free blooming annuals. Minor is most beautiful, and for a quick-growing annual creeper none can surpass *C Major*; the flowers in early morning are magnificent. Sow in spring.**Coreopsis (See Calliopsis).****Cornflower (See Centaurea).****Cosmidium.**

3d per pkt.

186 **Burridgeanum.** Crimson and yellow flowers, resembling the Calliopsis.

One of the most showy of the hardy annuals. It is well adapted for massing in beds and shrubby borders, and for cutting for table decoration. Sow in autumn or spring. 18 inches.

Cosmos.

3d per pkt.

187 **Pearl.** A beautiful pure white188 **Sulphurea.** Yellow.189 **Mammoth Fancy.** Magnificent variety.190 **Klondyke.** Of great beauty, orange.191 **Dawn.** Early, dwarf; flowers white, tinted rose.192 **Choicest Mixed.** Colours various.

Popular class of hardy annuals; single flowers of great beauty; white, mauve, and purple, with fine foliage. Sow autumn and spring. 6 feet.



Cosmos, Mixed.

193 Cowslip (*Primula Veris*). 6d per pkt.

Old English flower, succeeds admirably in our cooler districts. Sow in boxes, and transplant to sheltered, shady situation. Hardy perennial. Sow in autumn or spring. 9 inches.

Cuphea. 3d per pkt.**194 Miniata Compacta.** Flowers various colours.

A pretty annual, most useful for bedding; very dwarf and abundant bloomer.

Cyclamen. 1s per pkt.**195 Persicum.** Beautiful variety, various.**196 Papilio "Butterfly."** Colours various; petals crested and twisted; very striking.**197 Albert Victor.** Flowers carmine.**198 Giganteum.** Immense flowers.**199 Delicatum.** Beautiful snowy-white.

Beautiful tuberous green-house plants. Sow in light soil, in pots, and place in a warm sheltered corner of the bush-house; will not flower until the second season, but will repay all trouble. Sow during autumn and spring, in pots.

Dahlia. 6d per pkt.**200 Large Flowered Double.** Fine select mixed.**201 Pompon.** Finest mixed select.**202 Single.** Various; single star-shaped flowers.**203 Single Perfection.** Giant flowering strain.**204 Single Tom Thumb.** Very dwarf; splendid.**205 Single Cactus.** Single flowers, singularly twisted petals; colours varied and beautiful.**206 Double Cactus.** Finest mixed.**207 Double Cactus.** From pointed petalled varieties.

Easily raised; sow in a shelter frame, plants produce a large percentage of single flowers, even if raised from carefully selected seed of double flowers. Seedlings will flower first season if sown early. Single varieties are graceful, and suitable for cutting. The Pompones are small double varieties. Hardy perennials. Sow autumn or spring. 4 to 5 feet.

Datura (Trumpet Flowers). 6d pkt.**208 Ceratocaula.** Large trumpet pink and white flowers; scented. Sow in spring. 36 inches.**209 Double Golden.** Compact bush about 2 feet high, and bearing large, golden, funnel-shaped flowers.**Daisy (*Bellis Perennis*). 6d per pkt.****210 Longfellow.** Double; dark rose flowers.**211 Giant Snowball.** Grand flower, pure white. 6 in.**212 Double Mixed.** All the best sorts.**213 Fistulosus.** Flowers double, globular.

Easily grown. Sow in shallow box filled with light soil, and kept well watered; a cool position. Seedlings must be planted out. Hardy perennials. Sow during autumn and spring. 6 inches.

Delphinium (Perennial Larkspur).

6d per pkt.

214 Cashmerianum. Fine variety, dark blue.**215 Formosum.** Graceful; lovely blue flowers.**216 Nudicaule.** Flowers bright scarlet; dwarf.**217 Chinense.** Fine mixed; a splendid strain.**218 Hybrids Mixed.** Selection of best varieties.

Charming perennials, handsome foliage, fine spikes of flowers. Very effective; handsome garden plants. Sow autumn and spring. 2 to 3 feet when in flower.

Desert Pea (See *Clianthus*).**Digitalis (Foxglove). 3d pkt.****219 Gloxinoides.** Superb variety; all colours.**220 Ivory's Finest Spotted.** Superior strain.

Favourite English flower; showy when in flower, require plenty of space; hardy perennial. Sow autumn and spring. 3 feet.

Dianthus (Garden Pink). 3d pkt.**221 Heddegewil.** Single; beautiful varieties.**222 Heddegewil fl. pl.** Double flowers.**223 Heddegewil, "Queen of Holland."** White.**224 Laciniatus.** Large single flowers, fringed.**225 Laciniatus Striatus.** Double striped.**226 Eastern Queen.** Showy single flowers.**227 Atrosanguinea.** Double variety, blood-red.**228 The Bride.** White, purple centre.**229 Plumarius.** Fringed Pheasant's-eye.**230 Crimson Belle.** Beautiful crimson; single.**231 Snowflake.** Single laced, pure white.**232 Double Snowflake.** Beautiful double white.**233 Atropurpureus.** Double, various.**234 Atropurpureus Alba Marginatus (Mourning Pink)****235 Diadematus (Diadem Pink).** Double.**236 Imperialis.** An abundant bloomer.**237 Salmon Queen.** Dwarf, salmon colour.**238 Chinensis (Indian Pink).** Double, various.**239 Barbatus (Sweet William).** Hardy perennial.**240 Barbatus (Auricula-eyed Sweet William).****241 Barbatus "Harlequin" (Sweet William).** Large-flowered single variety; dwarf.

One of the best annuals; a variety of colours. The flowers are of immense size and beauty, and the plants bloom all the season through. Last three named are the old favourite Sweet William perennial. Sow autumn and spring. 12 inches.

**Dianthus Imperialis.****Dolichos. 3d per pkt.****242 Lignosus.** Small lilac pea-shaped flowers; borne in clusters.

A quick growing climber, capital for covering wall or fence; small bright green foliage, and a profusion of flowers; hardy perennial. Sow in spring or autumn; evergreen. 20 feet.

243 Eritrichium Nothofulvum

(Sweet Scented Forget-me-not.)

6d per pkt.

Pure white, and a pleasant perfume.

"Thanks for the present of *Phlox* sent last time. They grew well, and kept the garden gay all the year, and I must say that your *Venetable Seeds* are perfection, and we never had any disappointment at all since we got the first of your *Seeds*." J. E. CAMPBELL, Coontown. 7-7-02.

Eschscholtzia. 31 per pkt.

- 244 **Californica.** Bright yellow, and charming.
 245 **Californica Alba Plena.** Double white.
 246 **Californica Carminea.** Showy rose coloured flowers.
 247 **Crocea.** Deep yellow, lovely shade.
 248 **Mandarin.** Rich orange inside.
 249 **Crocea, Double.** Orange; hardy.
 250 **Maritima (Golden West).** Large flowers, light yellow and orange; spot at base of each petal; foliage whitish grey.
 251 **Rose Queen.** Petals deep rose on the outside, with a lighter tint on the inside.

Most beautiful Californian annual; handsome foliage, expands its flowers to the blaze of the sun; of dazzling brightness; hardy. Sow in autumn and spring. 9 inches.

Erigeron.

- 252 **Coulteri.** Early white flowering, very suitable for cutting.

A hardy perennial plant suitable for any garden. Does well in ordinary soils.

253 **Euphorbia Heterophylla.**

(Mexican Fire Plant or Annual Poinsettia).

61 per pkt.

Bushy plants, 4 to 5 feet high, with glossy green leaves, which form at the end of the branches into large bracts, among which small green flowers appear in summer, changing to brilliant orange scarlet.

- 254 **Everlasting Pea.** 3d per pkt.

(*Lathyrus Latifolius*).

This perennial is much harder than the Sweet Pea, grows stronger, and keeps a long time in bloom; it has no perfume, but is most useful for cutting. Colours, red and white; a hardy perennial. Sow in autumn and spring. 4 to 5 feet.

Forget-me-not (See Myosotis).

Foxglove (See Digitalis).

- Freezia.** 3d per pkt.

- 255 **Hybridum.** Finest mixed.

Although generally grown from bulbs, they are very hardy, and easily raised from seed. Sow in early autumn.



Gaillardia Grandiflora.

INSECT PESTS.

There is no better remedy than Nikoteen for the destruction of aphids and other pests which attack plants in the flower garden. It can be easily and economically applied by our Common Sense Spray Pump.

Fuchsia.

1s per pkt.

- 256 **Single and Double.**

Hardy perennial. Sow during spring in pots in a frame or bush-house, and transplant seedlings into small pots; only a percentage of double flowers can be expected. 36 inches.

Gaillardia.

3d per pkt.

- 257 **Amblyodon.** Fine, deep red, tall.
 258 **Josephus.** Scarlet, yellow bands.
 259 **Fistulosa.** Pretty double-quilled sort.
 260 **Picta.** A single variety; red and yellow.
 261 **Lorenziana.** Double, yellow and crimson.
 262 **Grandiflora.** Splendid free flowering perennial.
 263 **Grandiflora Folis Aureo Variegata.** Very attractive, having blotched golden foliage.
 Hardy annuals and perennials; beautiful single and double flowers. Sow in autumn or spring. 18 inches.

Gentiana (Blue Gentian). 6d per pkt.

- 264 **Acaulis.** Pretty little bright blue, trumpet-shaped flowers, exceedingly beautiful.

One of the most charming of our alpine perennial plants; suitable for the cool districts only. Sow during autumn and spring. 4 inches.

Geraniums (See Pelargoniums).**Gladiolus.**

6d per pkt.

- 265 **Extra Choice Mixed. (Gandavensis).**
 266 **Lemoinei Varieties.** Magnificent class of spotted blotched Gladiolus.

Easily raised from seed; the variety of colour and tints obtainable is endless; light, sandy, loamy soil is most suitable for raising seedlings. Seed should be sown in spring in pots.

For GLADIOLUS BULBS see Special Bulb List.

Globe Amaranth (See Gomphrena).

Dwarf.

Gloxinia.

1s per pkt.

- 267 **Grandiflora Crassifolia Erecta.** Beautiful flowers; erect, spotted, and blotched.
 268 **Hybrida Grandiflora Defiance.** Beautiful flowers; crimson scarlet, with fringed margin.
 269 **Grandiflora Corona.** Flowers spotted and blotched; throat violet red, passing to indigo.
 270 **Giant Flowered.** Strong growing, and erect flowering variety, flowers 4 inches in diameter; superb.

Tender tuberous plants; require pot cultivation and the shelter of a frame, bush-house, or conservatory; tender perennial. Sow during autumn.

Godetia.

3d per pkt.

- 271 **Splendens.** Purple blotch on each petal; double.
 272 **Fairy Queen.** Large white flowers with carmine spots.
 273 **Grandiflora Maculata.** Large white flowers with crimson spots.
 274 **Duchess of Albany.** Satiny white.
 275 **Princess Henry.** Satiny rose, carmine spots.
 276 **Princess of Wales.** Crimson rose, large bunches.
 277 **Lady Albemarle.** Bright crimson, large flowers.
 278 **Duke of York.** Dwarf; bright scarlet carmine.

Beautiful hardy annuals; grow in poor soil and produce gorgeous flowers, even in a dry season; compact habit. Sow during autumn and spring. 12 inches.

Golden Feather (See Pyrethrum).**Gomphrena (Globe Amaranth)**

3d per pkt.

- 279 **Globosa.** Dark purple.
 280 **Golden Yellow.** Very bright.
 281 **Nana Compacta.** Dwarf variety, purple. 6 in.

Hardy annual everlastings, useful for winter bouquets; fine erect habit. Sow in the spring and early summer. 18 inches.

Heartsease (See Pansy).

Helianthus (Sunflower). 3d pkt.

- 282 **Annus.** Single; primrose coloured.
 283 **Argophyllus.** Pretty and ornamental.
 284 **Californicus.** Large, double yellow. 8 feet.
 285 **Globosus Fistulosus.** Double golden. 6 feet.
 286 **Nanus.** Single; dwarf; golden yellow. 3 feet.
 287 **Nanus.** Double; 3 feet; golden yellow.
 288 **Cucumerifolius.** Branching, nice foliage. 5 feet.
 289 **Cucumerifolius "Stella."** Golden yellow; black disc. 5 feet.
 290 **Diadem.** Large flowers, light citron.
 291 **Orion.** Crisped petals.
 292 **Hybridum fl. pl.** Double and semi-double.

The tall varieties, 6 to 8 feet; flowers of large size. *Stella* and *Cucumerifolius*, most decorative. One of the best summer yellow annuals. Sow in spring and summer.

Helichrysum. 3d per pkt.

- 293 **Compositum Purpureum fl. pl.** Double; crimson.
 294 **Bracteatum.** Pretty clear yellow.
 295 **Roseum.** Double; beautiful delicate rose.
 296 **Alba fl. pl.** Double; pure white.
 297 **Monstrum.** Double; mixed.

Everlasting flowers of great beauty, hardy and free blooming, and very useful for cutting; plants about 2½ feet high. Sow in autumn or spring.

Heliopsis. 3d per pkt.

- 298 **Pitcheriana.** Deep golden; free flowering.
 Hardy perennial, vigorous growth; flowers about two inches in diameter; 2 to 3 feet. Sow in spring or autumn.

Sweet Peas (Lathyrus Odoratus).

3d per pkt.

Charming annual. Free blooming and delightfully fragrant varieties. Sow in spring or autumn. 6 feet.

- 307 **America.** Brightest blood-red, striped.
 308 **Blanche Burpee.** White; one of the largest and earliest.
 309 **Blanche Ferry.** Pink and white.
 310 **Blanche Ferry Extra Early.** Pink and white; 10 days earlier.
 311 **Butterfly.** White, laced with lavender.
 312 **Captivation.** Purplish claret, wings.
 313 **Cardinal.** Shining crimson scarlet.
 314 **Countess of Aberdeen.** Self-coloured, soft pink.
 315 **Countess Cadogan.** Reddish mauve, violet blue wings.
 316 **Countess of Radnor.** Of pure light lavender.
 317 **Dorothy Tennant.** Flowers rich, rosy mauve.
 318 **Duchess of York.** Rose; wings primrose and white.

Pink Cupid
Sweet Pea.

**Heliotropium (Heliotrope).** 6d per pkt.

- 299 **Choicest Mixed.** Dark and light colours.
 300 **Queen Margaret.** Flowers of a dark blue.
 Sow in a frame or bush-house, with a sheet of glass placed over it until the young plants appear; then give plenty of air, and pot off as soon as the plants are fit. For pot or garden culture; delicious perfume, tender perennial. Sow autumn and spring. 2 to 3 feet.

Heuchera. 6d per pkt.

- 301 **Sanguinea.** Flowers on graceful spikes; bright crimson. Splendid for cutting.
 Beautiful, hardy perennial, of dwarf, compact, branching habit. Sow in autumn or spring.

Hibiscus. 3d per pkt.

- 302 **Africanus.** Annual; beautiful cream coloured flowers
 Perennial varieties of the *Hibiscus* cannot be procured from seed. The annual variety should be sown in spring. 18 inches high.

Hollyhock. 6d per pkt.

- 303 **Extra Choice.** Superb strain; double.
 Flower spikes six feet high, studded with Camellia-like blooms. Sow in autumn in rich soil; hardy perennials.

- 304 **Honesty (Satin Flower, Lunaria Biennis).**
 3d per pkt.

Free flowering hardy biennial; its silvery seed pods are very pretty; cut and dried for winter decoration. Sow autumn and spring. 18 inches.

Humulus Japonicus (Japanese Hop).

3d per pkt.

- 305 **Common.** Fine green foliage.
 306 **Variegated.** Very handsome foliage.
 Annual climbers, beautiful foliage; rapid grower, hardy; requires a rich soil.

- 319 **Earliest of All.** Very early pink and white of great beauty; 4 feet.
 320 **Emily Eckford.** Rosy heliotrope; wings deep blue.
 321 **Emily Henderson.** Charming pure white.
 322 **Gaiety.** White, striped rosy lilac.
 323 **Katherine Tracey.** Brilliant pink.
 324 **Lady Beaconsfield.** Salmon-rose, wings yellow.
 325 **Lady Penzance.** Standard orange-rose, wings crimson.
 326 **Lottie Eckford.** White, suffused with lavender blue.
 327 **Modesty.** Pearly white, violet-pink; lovely and distinct.
 328 **Monarch.** Rich, bronzy-purple; very large.
 330 **Mont Blanc.** Another lovely white, of compact growth.
 331 **Mrs. Eckford.** Large flower, primrose yellow.
 332 **Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain.** White ground, striped with bright rose.
 333 **Navy Blue.** Rich deep blue, with shades of lavender; wings violet-purple.
 334 **Oriental.** Pink, suffused orange and primrose.
 335 **Princess Beatrice.** Carmine, slightly flaked.
 336 **Princess Victoria.** Cerise, wings mauve pink.
 337 **Queen Victoria.** Primrose, with faint purple.
 338 **Salopian.** The best scarlet.
 339 **Saidie Burpee.** Giant white, of great beauty.
 340 **Senator.** Striped chocolate, creamy ground.
 341 **Stanley.** Deep maroon self; large.
 342 **Stella Morse.** Creamy yellow, turning to primrose.
 343 **Venus.** Salmon, shaded rosy pink.
 344 **Vesuvius.** Violet, with dull crimson spots.
 345 **Violet Queen.** Beautiful violet mauve.

Cupid Sweet Peas.

- 346 **Burpee's Beauty.** Dwarf; flowers large, of a delicate rose, nearly white at the edges, and slightly striped.
 347 **White Cupid.**
 348 **Pink Cupid.** Six to eight inches.
 Nothing can be more lovely than a patch of these charming little plants, which, although dwarfs, produce a mass of bloom.

Sweet Peas in Mixtures.

- 349 **Finest Mixed.** All colours; a grand selection.
 350 **Double Mixed.** All produce about 40 per cent. double.
 351 **Rainbow Mixture.** Contains the newest of the tall-growing varieties; superb mixture 6d per pkt.

Bush Sweet Pea.

- 352 **Monarch.** A perfect bush, 16 to 18 in. high; flowers are all borne on top of plant; flowers large, lovely purple on white ground.

Hunnemannia.

3d per pkt.

- 853 **Fumariæfolia.** Fine feathery foliage and charming buttercup yellow single flowers, cup shaped.

A charming little perennial of erect growth, about 18 inches; lemon coloured flowers, quite hardy. Flowers keep well when cut. One of the most beautiful dinner table decorative plants. Sow in autumn or spring.

Iberis.

3d per pkt.

- 354 **Gibraltarica.** Large flowers, lilac shading to white. A perennial Candytuft; very hardy and compact growing.

Ice Plant (See Mesembryanthemum)**Ipomopsis.**

3d per pkt.

- 355 **Elegans.** Brilliant orange and scarlet flowers; succeeds best in light rich soil.

Long spikes of flowers delicately spotted, graceful foliage. If planted in a sheltered position is very attractive; tender biennials. Sow during autumn and spring. 3 feet.

Ipomea (Convolvulus).

3d per pkt.

- 356 **Hederacea Superba.** Ivy-leaved, various.
 357 **Limbata Elegantissima.** White, rich purple star.
 358 **Mikado.** New strain; most brilliant colours.
 359 **Grandiflora Alba.** Magnificent white flowers.
 360 **Bona Nox.** Most beautiful, large, blue flowers.
 361 **Imperialis fl. Luteo.** Yellow.

- 362 **Learii.** This is a perennial, the gem of the family, dazzling deep blue flowers, fine foliage. 1s pkt.

Splendid climbers, rapid growers, fine foliage; handsome flowers; beautiful; hardy annuals, excepting the last-named. Sow in autumn and spring.

- 363 **Quamoclit (Cypress Vine).** Scarlet flowers; very fine; feathery foliage.

The above variety is quite distinct, having elegant feathery foliage, with small scarlet flowers, but very attractive and handsome.

Jacoea (Senecio).

3d per pkt.

- 364 **Double White.** Blooms very profusely.

- 365 **Double Dark Crimson.** Bright.

- 366 **Double Blue.** Dwarf, showy variety.

Annual; flowers double, daisy-like; fleshy foliage, bushy habit; requires moisture. Sow in autumn. 12 to 24 inches.

Larkspur (Annual Delphinium).

- 367 **Dwarf Rocket.** Double; various.

- 368 **Pure White.** Double; branching.

- 369 **Dwarf Stock Flowered.** Various.

- 370 **Ranunculus Flowered.** Various colours.

- 371 **Giant Hyacinth Flowered.** Beautiful spikes.

- 372 **Candelabrum.** Pretty branching variety.

Beautiful flower spikes six or eight inches; graceful foliage. 12 to 18 inches.

Leptosiphon.

3d per pkt.

- 373 **Androsaceus.** Soft lilac; blooms freely.

- 374 **French Hybrids.** Mixed colours, fine.

Pretty hardy annual. Sow early in sheltered position; suitable for bordering, dwarf; pretty foliage. Sow in spring. 6 inches.

Leptosyne.

3d per pkt.

- 375 **Stillmani.** Golden yellow.

- 376 **Maritima.** Deep lemon yellow; early.

Graceful annual from California; plants bushy; flowers in profusion. Sow autumn or spring.

Limnanthes.

3d per pkt.

- 377 **Douglasi.** Flowers white; yellow centre.

Free blooming dwarf annual, suitable for edging; much liked by bees. Sow in autumn or spring. 6 inches.

Linaria.

3d per pkt.

- 378 **Bipartita Splendida.** Beautiful dark violet.

- 379 **Reticulata Aurea Purpurea.** Yellow and purple.

- 380 **Maroccana.** Mixed colours; improved strain.

- 381 **Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy).** Perennial; useful for hanging baskets. 6d per pkt.

Beautiful species of hardy annuals for spring flowering; spikes of Lobelia-like flowers. Sow autumn or spring.

Linum (Flax).

3d per pkt.

- 382 **Grandiflorum Coccineum.** Scarlet-flowered annual, on slender graceful stems. Sow in spring.

- 383 **Flavum (Golden Flax).** Perennial; golden yellow flowers. 18 inches.

- 384 **Perenne.** Perennial; mixed colours.

Lobelia.

3d and 1s per pkt.

- 385 **Emperor William.** Dark, rich blue.

- 386 **Speciosa Erecta.** Dark blue for bedding.

- 387 **Ramosa.** Beautiful deep blue.

- 388 **White Perfection.** Compact, pure white.

- 389 **Paxtoniana.** Blue and white, pretty.

- 390 **Crystal Palace.** Fine dark blue, large.

- 391 **Double Blue.** Proportion of double flowers.

- 392 **Barnard's Perpetual.** Ultramarine blue with white markings.

- 393 **Cardinalis (Queen Victoria).** Tall spikes, cardinal flowers, bronze leaves; perennial. 1s per pkt.

- 394 **Royal Purple.** Dark stalks, flowers deep blue, with clear white eye.

- 395 **White Lady.** Large flowered.

Beautiful free-blooming hardy annuals. Good basket plants, good for edgings or carpet bedding. Sow during autumn and spring.

Lophospermum.

3d per pkt.

- 396 **Scandens.** Large purple flowers.

Handsome annual climber; raised in a box or sheltered position out of doors. Grows 10 feet. Sow autumn or spring.

Love-lies-bleeding (see Amaranthus).**Lupins (Large).**

3d per pkt.

- 397 **Blue.** A nice bright colour.

- 398 **Rose.** Light rosy red. Pretty.

- 399 **White.** Bright pure white.

- 400 **Yellow.** This variety is fragrant.

Handsome spikes; blue, white, rose, yellow. Sow autumn and spring. 3 feet.

Lupinus.

3d per pkt.

- 401 **Hartwegii.** Very pretty blue. 12 inches.

- 402 **Dunnettii Superbus.** Purple, yellow and white. 12 inches.

- 403 **Cruickshankii.** Fine deep blue. 12 inches.

- 404 **Nanus.** Pretty dwarf blue variety. 6 inches.

Great favourites; bloom profusely, flowers of attractive colours; all hardy annuals. Sow autumn and spring.

- 405 **Polyphyllus Albus.** White.

- 406 **Polyphyllus Atrocoeruleus.** Blue.

- 407 **Polyphyllus Douglasi Superbus.**

- 408 **Polyphyllus.** Mixed.

A perennial strain, producing superb spikes of flowers.

Lychnis. (Chinese Catchfly).

3d pk

- 409 **Chalcedonica.** Brilliant scarlet flower, in trusses. Attractive hardy perennial. 2 ft. Sow autumn and spring.

**Leptosyne Stillmani.**

Mandevillea. 6d per pkt.

- 410 **Suaveolens.** Pure white fragrant single flowers. Useful for bouquets. Hardy perennial. 20 feet.

Marguerites (see *Chrysanthemum*).**Marigold.** 3d per pkt.

- 411 **French Dwarf.** Finest mixed; various.
 412 **French Yellow.** Double, sulphur yellow.
 413 **Pluvialis.** Cape Marigold; white.
 414 **Prince of Orange.** Rich orange.
 415 **African Lemon.** Erect, lemon colour.
 416 **African Orange.** Orange; tall.
 417 **Meteor.** Double; beautiful golden colour.
 French varieties have beautiful orange flowers, flaked with brown. African varieties have large self-coloured flowers; all are annuals. 18 inches to 2 feet. Sow during summer.

Martynia. 3d per pkt.

- 418 **Fragrans.** Crimson purple flowers. Beautiful sweet-scented, hardy annual; handsome spikes; 2ft. Sow in spring.

Marvel of Peru (see *Mirabilis*).**Mathiola** (Evening Scented Stock). 3d per pkt.

- 419 **Bicornis.** Beautiful pink and lilac flowers, fragrant, which open in the evening.
 Hardy annual. Sow in spring. 18 inches.

Matricaria. 3d per pkt.

- 420 **Eximia fl. pl.** Pure white double flowers. Beautiful hardy annual; pretty for bouquets. 10 in. Sow during autumn and spring.

Maurandya. 6d per pkt.

- 421 **Barclayana.** Beautiful blue flowers.
 422 **Alba.** Pure white flowers.
 423 **Rosea.** Rose-coloured flowers.
 Superb climber, quick-growing, free blooming; foliage small; half-hardy perennial. Sow autumn and spring.

Medeola. 6d per pkt.

- 424 **Asparagoides.** Flowers white, orange scented.
 Handsome climbing bush-house plant. The beauty of its foliage renders it valuable for vases, and baskets, etc., as it can be used either to climb or droop; perennial. Sow in spring in pots.

Mesembryanthemum. 3d per pkt.

- 425 **Tricolour.** Crimson, white, and purple. 3 in.
 426 **Crystallinum** (Ice Plant). Glistening foliage, small white flowers. 6 in.
 427 **Cordifolium Variegatum.** Rosy flower; leaves variegated. 6 inches.
 Beautiful dwarf plants; half-hardy perennials. The first is a good rockery plant; the second is prized for its foliage, which looks as if the plant was covered with ice. *Cordifolium* is suitable for bedding; bright rosy flowers. Sow in spring and summer.

Michauxia. 3d per pkt.

- 428 **Campanulata.** Large white, bell-shaped flowers.
 A handsome hardy plant, effective for borders; thrive well in warm, sheltered spots.

Mignonette. 3d per pkt.

- 429 **Large Flowered.** Very fragrant, fine spikes.
 430 **Parsons' New White.** Sweet-scented.
 431 **Crimson Giant.** Large flowers, fine colour.
 432 **Crimson Queen.** Beautiful spike, deep red.
 433 **Gabrielle.** Robust; large spikes, red.
 434 **Goliath.** Enormous trusses; double red, very striking.
 435 **Ruby.** A fine "Machet" variety; coppery scarlet.
 436 **Victoria.** Very dark red.
 437 **Miles' Hybrid Spiral.** Dwarf, long spikes
 438 **Machet.** Dwarf, spikes, scented, red flowers.
 439 **Machet Golden.** Large spikes of yellow.
 440 **Bismark.** Very broad flower, spikes reddish.
 441 **Golden Queen.** Bright yellow; pyramidal.
 442 **Giant Pyramidal.** Fine spikes and fragrant.
 Grand annual; its delicious perfume cannot be surpassed; it is easily grown. Sow autumn or spring.

Mimulus (Monkey Flower). 6d per pkt.

- 443 **Tigrinus.** Spotted; single and double mixed.
 444 **Tigrinus, Grandiflorus, Duplex.** Flowers fine.
 445 **Nobilis.** Fine dwarf, double.
 446 **Moschatus** (Musk). Scented; yellow flower.
 447 **Moschatus Compactus** (Musk). Erect habit; dwarf.
 Charming plant for pot culture; likes rich, light soil and a liberal supply of water. *Moschatus*, the well-known Musk, has a delightful fragrance. Tender perennials. Sow in spring.

Mina. 6d per pkt.

- 448 **Lobata.** Beautiful creamy white flowers, are bright orange when half blown, in bud red.
 Pretty half-hardy biennial climber. 20 feet, and produces flowers abundantly. Sow in spring.

Musk (See *Mimulus Moschatus*).**Myosotis** (Forget-me-not).

3d and 6d per pkt.

- 449 **Palustris.** Bright blue; true Forget-me-not.
 450 **Palustris Tom Thumb.** Very dwarf .. 6d pkt.
 451 **Alpestris Stricta Rosea.** Upright growing; flowers pink .. 6d per pkt.
 452 **Grandiflora.** Royal blue; large flowers, very deep blue
 453 **Sylvatica Compacta Aurea.** Golden-leaved.
 454 **Elegantissima.** White, blue and rose.
 455 **Victoria.** Dwarf; globular; blue flowers .. 6d.
 456 **Azorica.** Dark blue, white eye; biennial.
 457 **Robusta Grandiflora.** Large; blue. 6d per pkt.
 Charming dwarf hardy, sown in autumn, will bloom during spring; flowers of the most lovely hue.

Nasturtium. 3d per pkt.**Dwarf Varieties.**

- 458 **Beauty.** Pretty yellow and scarlet.
 459 **Crimson.** Pretty, striking colour.
 460 **Empress of India.** Scarlet.
 461 **Golden King.** Very handsome variety.
 462 **King of Tom Thumbs.** Scarlet.
 463 **King Theodore.** Dark, nearly black.
 464 **Pearl.** A clear, soft white.
 465 **Rose.** Delicate, soft, rosy colour.
 466 **Scarlet.** Bright and beautiful.
 467 **Yellow.** Bright rich colour.
 468 **Finest Mixed Tom Thumb.**

Tall Varieties.

- 469 **Moonlight.** Handsome foliage; flowers lovely pale straw shade, and crinkled with a few brown leaves.
 470 **Sunlight.** Counterpart of Moonlight, but the colour is a clear, rich, golden yellow.
 471 **Spitfire.** Bright scarlet flowers.
 472 **Regalianum.** Lovely purple violet.
 473 **Tall, Mixed.** All the best varieties.
 474 **Lobb's Climbing.** Suitable for vases.
 475 **Lobbianum, Liliput.** Charming new class, with small flowers and foliage.

Will thrive in any soil; pleasing variety of colours. Dwarf varieties 9 inches, compact, and flower abundantly; hardy annuals. The tall varieties will climb 15 feet. Poor soil suits them. Sow autumn and spring.



Pansy,
Lord Beaconsfield.

Pansy, Large French Stained.

Nemesia.

6d per pkt.

495 Strumosa Grandiflora.

Pretty, compact-growing annual of great merit. Sow in autumn.

Nemophila.

3d per pkt.

496 Insignis. Flowers a pretty blue.**497 Atomaria.** White, with black spots,**498 Discoidalis.** Black-brown; margined.**499 Marginata.** Blue, with white edge.

Californian annuals, profuse bloomers, and charming colours; dwarf.

PANSY or Heartscase.

These beautiful flowers are favourites with all; they are so easily grown, and bloom for so many months, that they find a place in nearly every garden, and repay the little trouble required to grow them to perfection.

The assortment of Pansies we offer embraces all the finest strains grown from seed in England, France, and Germany. Our introduction of the beautiful "French-stained" Pansies is now followed by the magnificent "Jewel" Pansy, a novelty for 1903. Both these strains produce flowers of great beauty and size, and marvellous shades of new colours, and as exhibition flowers they have no equal. The former carried off the prizes offered by a great many Horticultural Societies, and we have received a large number of testimonials from our customers as to their excellence.

It is all important that Pansies should be sown early to produce the best results, and we should recommend all who can to sow early in February under a canvas frame.

Should be sown in boxes or in the canvas frame in autumn and transplanted to the flower garden. They love rich, sandy soil, and old cow manure is the best fertilizer. Liquid manure during blooming season will greatly assist the size of the flowers.

476 Anderson's Large French Stained. Finest strain grown; colours include shades of mahogany crimson, yellow and blue 6d per pkt.

477 Peacock. Flowers of the beautiful shades of blue and violet found in the plumage of the Peacock .. 6d pkt.

478 Odier's Choicest Strain. Finely marked flowers .. 6d pkt.

479 First-class Assorted. Large flowers; great variety .. 3d pkt.

480 President Carnot. Strikingly beautiful; pure white, violet blotch 6d per pkt.

481 Trimardeau. Fine race of Pansies; vigorous, compact plants; flowers very rich and large .. 6d per pkt.

482 Lord Beaconsfield, Giant. Purple violet, shaded white on upper petals 6d per pkt.

483 Victoria. Beautiful deep marone crimson, light-coloured margin 6d per pkt.

484 Non Plus Ultra. Attractive; flowers of every shade of rich colour 6d per pkt.

485 Striped. New markings; large, well-shaped blooms .. 6d per pkt.

486 Coquette de Poissy. Beautiful mauve, very striking .. 6d per pkt.

487 Masterpiece. Petals curled on margins; most attractive shades of colour, and of fine shape and large .. 6d per pkt.

Good Bedding Varieties.

488 Yellow, with black eye .. 3d per pkt.

489 Gold Margined .. 3d per pkt.

490 Mahogany Coloured .. 3d per pkt.

491 White, with black eye .. 3d per pkt.

492 Snowflake, Giant. White .. 3d per pkt.

493 Faust, or King of Blacks. Darkest; true 3d per pkt.

Tufted Pansy. 6d per pkt.

494 New Hybrids. Finest new hybrid varieties. Most adapted for bedding purposes.



For
Collections of Pansies.
See pages 19 and 20.

Nertera.

6d per pkt.

500 Depressa.

Charming bush-house pot plant, moss-like habit; forming a carpet over the surface of the pot. Flowers small, followed by beautiful coral-red berries; hardy perennial. Sow in spring.

Nierembergia.

3d per pkt.

501 Gracilis. Light blue flowers.

Charming little hardy annual, dwarf.

Nigella (Devil-in-a-bush) 3d per pkt.**502 Damascena Double White.** Clear pure white.**503 Damascena Double Blue.** Companion flower.

Pretty hardy annual, with graceful foliage. Flowers nearly hidden in feathery leaves. Sow autumn or spring

Nicotiana.

6d per pkt.

504 **Affinis.**

Variety of Tobacco, beautiful white flowers, with long tube; scented in the evening; border or pot plant; hardy annual. Sow Spring. 36 inches.

505 **Colossea.**

Beautiful foliage plant for the garden; six feet clothed with immense dark green leaves. Hardy and robust.

Nycterinia.

3d per pkt.

506 **Capensis.** White, with dark centre.

507 **Selaginoides.** Lilac, sweet-scented.

Compact hardy annuals; plants covered with pretty star-shaped flowers; very fragrant. Sow in spring.

Oxalis.

3d per pkt.

508 **Rosea.** Flowers rose-coloured; suitable for hanging baskets.

509 **Tropæoloides.** Flowers dark yellow, foliage brown.

Charming dwarf, free-flowering hardy perennials. Should be sown in the spring.

Pæony.

6d per pkt.

510 **Choicest Mixed.** Finest varieties and colours. 18 inches.

Magnificent family of plants; difficult to raise. Sow in pots under glass; require a cool climate; hardy perennial. Sow in spring.

Pelargonium (Geranium). 1s per pkt.

511 **French Blotched.** Superb strain; distinct.

512 **Fancy Varieties.** Handsome, showy.

513 **Large Flowered Regal.** From named sorts.

The large flowering perennial class known as "Pelargoniums," as distinct from "Geranium," suited for pot culture, but will stand in the garden if planted in a sheltered situation. Must be raised in pots in a frame. Sow in autumn.

514 **Tricolour.** Coloured foliage variety of Geranium.

Papaver (Poppy). 3d and 6d per pkt.

515 **Alpinum.** Mixed 6d per pkt.

516 **Alpinum Roseum.** Rose colour, dwarf. 6d per pkt.

517 **Glaucum (Tulip Poppy).** Beautiful dwarf Poppy, vivid scarlet, with two rows of petals.

518 **Cardinal.** Beautiful dwarf, compact, 18 inches. Double flowers, scarlet on white ground. 6d pkt.

519 **Danebrog (Danish Flag).** Scarlet, blotched silvery white; beautiful.

520 **Dwarf Shirley.** 18 inches high. Lovely flowers of scarlet, rose, salmon, and chamois.

521 **Nudicaule Album (Iceland Poppy).** Lovely pure white flowers; perennial.

522 **Nudicaule Coccineum fl. pl.** Large double flowers, beautifully bright orange scarlet. 6d per pkt.

523 **Nudicaule Croceum.** Yellow; charming variety of the "Iceland."

524 **Oriental.** Scarlet, peculiarly blotched with black.

525 **Umbrosum.** Crimson, black spot at base of petal. 18 inches.

526 **Mikado.** Double, pure white and scarlet.

527 **The Shirley.** Single and semi-double, charming shades of pink, rose-margined and veined.

528 **The Bride.** Lovely pure white.

529 **Miss Sherwood.** Single flowers, of a shiny satiny white; fine foliage.

530 **Ranunculus Flowered.** Beautiful, double, various.

531 **Lævigatum (Persian Poppy).** Brilliant scarlet, with black spots, surrounded by a white margin.

532 **Snowdrift.** Flowers glistening white; 3 feet.

533 **Double French.** Exceedingly showy.

Magnificent family of plants. Flowers of the most lovely colours and shades. They are easily cultivated; hardy annuals. Sow autumn and spring. 18 to 24 inches.



Nicotiana Affinis.

Passiflora.

3d per pkt.

534 **Edulis (Passion Fruit).**

Splendid creeper; quick grower; fruit of a delicious flavour. First-class trellis plant; flowers not very attractive; hardy perennial; evergreen. 10 to 15 feet high. Sow in spring.

535 **Cœrulea Grandiflora.** Very large blue flowers. 6d pkt.

Pentstemon.

6d per pkt.

536 **Cobea.** Long white flowers, shaded blue.

537 **Finest Mixed.** Choice strain; best sorts.

538 **Sensation.** Gloxinia flowered; brilliant.

Hardy, free-flowering; fine spikes of trumpet-shaped blooms; hardy perennials. Sow during autumn and spring.

Perilla.

3d per pkt.

539 **Nana Compacta.**

Lovely dwarf plant for bordering; a rich mulberry-black foliage.



Tulip Poppy.

"I have had splendid success with Pansy Seed supplied by you, in fact, I have the best show in Burwood."

Rev. HARRY BRYANT, Burwood.

10-9-02.

Petunia.

6d and 1s per pkt.

- 540 **Hybrida Single.** Finest mixed .. 6d per pkt.
 541 **Hybrida Nana Compacta.** Dwarf, 6 inches high .. 6d per pkt.
 542 **Grandiflora Intus Aurea.** Large-flowered, yellow throat .. 1s per pkt.
 543 **Grandiflora Inimitable.** Beautifully blotched and striped .. 1s per pkt.
 544 **Grandiflora Marginata.** Green-edged, single, all shades .. 1s per pkt.
 545 **Grandiflora Single.** Large, superb mixed. 1s pkt.
 546 **Grandiflora Fimbriata, Titania.** Purple, with white margin .. 1s per pkt.
 547 **Fimbriata Single.** Fringed, superb mixed. 1s pkt.
 548 **Double Inimitable.** Striped and blotched. 1s pkt.
 549 **Double Liliput.** Brilliant rose; 8 in. 1s per pkt.
 550 **Double Grandiflora Robusta.** Large flowering, double semi-dwarf; robust in habit. 1s per pkt.
 551 **Double Grandiflora Violacea fl. pl.** Charming rich shades of violet; 30 per cent. come double. 1s pkt.
 552 **Double.** Fringed and plain edged; finest varieties; mixed .. 1s per pkt.

Petunias bloom in profusion during summer and autumn. Seed from the double varieties will produce 30 per cent. of double flowers; tender perennials. Sow in a frame in spring and plant out.

Phacelia.

3d per pkt.

- 553 **Campanularia.** Flowers a beautiful rich blue. Californian annual. Much branched, and of spreading habit. Hardy annual. 12 inches. Sow spring.

Primula Sinensis.

1s pkt.

(Chinese Primrose.)

- 554 **Fimbriata Finest Mixed.** Lovely shades.
 555 **Alba Magnifica.** Lovely pure white.
 556 **Coccinea Magnifica.** Fringed, large bright red.
 557 **Meteor.** Fringed; deep rich crimson.
 558 **Fringed Fern-leaved.** Red.
 559 **Fringed Fern-leaved.** White.

Beautiful tender perennial, suitable only for pot culture; of easy culture. Seedlings raised in pots in the autumn should, as soon as fit, be transplanted; then pot off into small pots, and place in a frame or bush-house, and as soon as well rooted shift into blooming pots. Sow in autumn.



Petunia.

- 560 **Primula Vulgaris.** 6d per pkt.

(English Primrose.)

A charming little plant, found in the fields in England; succeeds best in a cool, shady situation.

Phlox Drummondii. 3d pkt.

- 561 **Grandiflora Mixed.** Lovely large-flowered varieties.
 562 **Grandiflora Alba.** Single white; very pretty.
 563 **Grandiflora Dark Purple.** Beautiful rich colour.
 564 **Grandiflora Scarlet.** Most brilliant colour.
 565 **Grandiflora Red, White Striped.** Effective.
 566 **Grandiflora Stellata Splendens.** White, stellated centre.

- 567 **Heynholdi Alba.** Pure white .. 6d per pkt.
 568 **Heynholdi Cardinalis.** Splendid tints. 6d pkt.
 569 **Heynholdi Empress Augusta.** Copper Rose. 6d per pkt.

- 570 **Heynholdi Rosea Intus Alba** .. 6d per pkt.

- 571 **Heynholdi Mixed Finest** .. 6d per pkt.

A fine section of Phlox, suitable for pot culture.
 572 **Alba Oculata Superba.** White flowers, with fiery red eye.

- 573 **Alba fl. pl., Double White.** White, double.

- 574 **Cuspidata.** Long winged and fringed.

- 575 **Nana Compacta.** Dwarf; bush habit.

Among annuals, Phlox Drummondii has a first place. If sown in the autumn it will flower in the winter, and continue to bloom for several months. Sown in early spring, the plants will bloom throughout the summer.

Dwarf in habit, and hardy. Sow autumn and spring, and early in summer.

Perennial Phlox. 6d per pkt.

- 576 **Decussata.** Various colours.
 Quite a distinct section, producing spikes of flowers some two feet in height; it does not flower the first season. 36 inches.

Picotee.

1s per pkt.

- 577 **Choicest Mixed.** From the finest flowers.

- 578 **Perpetual Flowering.** Exquisite perfume.

This charming plant, a variety of the Carnation, must be sown in seed pots or boxes, or in canvas frame and transplanted; a percentage of the flowers will be double perennial. Sow during autumn and spring. 12 inches.

Polyanthus. 6d per pkt.

- 579 **Floor's Castle.** Superb gold-laced flowers. 6 inches.

- 580 **Finest Mixed.** Extra quality.
 Beautiful class of hardy perennials, with rich markings; prefer a cool climate; can be grown in the coastal districts in Spring. Sow in autumn

Poppy (See Papaver).

.. For..

Novelties in Flower Seeds,

See Coloured Pages.

Anderson's "Jewel" Pansy is strongly recommended to growers of this class of Flower. We have grown it ourselves, and know it to be the best Pansy we have yet seen.

"Many thanks for Seed of 'Master-piece' Pansy. I have never had such results from Pansy Seed as from that which I have had from you this season. I put out the better part of 21 packets, and I venture to say that not one Seed misred." C. J. LAWSON, Richmond. 20.5.02.

Portulacca.

3d per pkt.

- 581 **Striata.** White, striped and spotted.
 582 **Aurea.** Deep golden colours, dark throat.
 583 **Grandiflora.** Double flowers, large.
 584 **Grandiflora Compacta.** Compact habit.
 Flowers magnificently in the warmest situation in the garden; colours most beautiful; dwarf, of a trailing habit; hardy annuals. Sow spring and summer.

Potentilla.

3d per pkt.

- 585 **Finest Mixed.** Flowers shades of red and brown.
 Handsome herbaceous perennials. They keep in flower a long time; both double and single varieties. Sow autumn and spring. 12 inches.

Pyrethrum. (Golden Feather). 3d pkt.

- 586 **Aureum.** Flowers insignificant, but when flower stems are pinched out, the leaves produced are a bright golden colour; most effective as carpet bedding. Hardy perennial. Sow in spring. 9 inches.
 587 **Aureum Cristatum.** Curled leaves, very dwarf, only grown for its foliage.
 588 **Selaginoides.** Crest-like leaves, for carpet bedding.
 589 **Roseum Hybridum Grandiflorum.** A lovely perennial variety, very desirable for cutting; light rose carmine.

Rhodanthe.

3d per pkt.

- 590 **Maculata.** Beautiful rosy pink.
 591 **Maculata Alba.** Pure white.
 592 **Manglesi Major.** Large bright pink.
 Early flowering, everlasting; beautiful for bouquets. Half-hardy annuals. Sow in spring. 12 inches.

Ricinus (Castor Oil Plant). 3d pkt.

- 593 **Gibsoni.** Erect-growing branching shrub, its beautiful purple leaves are a charming contrast with the green foliage of the garden. Hardy annual. Sow in spring or summer. 4 to 5 feet in height.
 594 **Zanzibariensis.** Immense leaves, measuring 2 to 2½ feet across. Biennial. Sow in spring.

Rocket (Hesperis Matronalis). 3d pkt.

- 595 **Sweet (Dame's Violet).** Fragrant flowers, purple and white.
 Pleasing early spring flowering plant, profuse bloomer; hardy perennial. Sow autumn or spring. 18 inches.

Rosa Polyantha.

1s per pkt.

- 596 **Multiflora.** Clusters of small, single, double, and semi-double flowers.
 Flowers the first season from seed; 12 inches. Sow in July and August under shelter.

Rudbeckia.

6d per pkt.

- 597 **Bicolor Superba.** Yellow with dark spots. 2 feet.
 598 **Neumannii.** Vivid yellow, dwarf; very floriferous.
 A beautiful class of annuals, which make very effective garden plants; splendid for cutting. Sow in spring.

Saintpaulia.

1s per pkt.

- 599 **Ionantha.** Flowers clear violet shading to yellow.
 A beautiful plant for bush-house cultivation. The seed very fine. Biennial. Sow carefully in spring.

Salvia.

6d per pkt.

- 600 **Splendens.** Scarlet; very attractive.
 601 **Argentea.** Silvery; flowers pinkish white.
 602 **Patens.** Intense bright blue.
 603 **Römeriana.** A beautiful dwarf scarlet.
 604 **Ingenieur Clavenad.** An improved Splendens, flower spikes larger, blooms earlier; fiery scarlet.
 Most striking garden plants. Splendens is easily grown, Patens is not; but its lovely blue flowers will repay the necessary care. Half-hardy biennials. Sow in the spring.

SALPIGLOSSIS.

3d per pkt.

- 605 **Variabilis Grandiflora Superbissima** (or Emperor Section). A great improvement on the old type of Salpiglossis. Following colours all separate or mixed; dark scarlet, purple brown and gold, velvety violet, chamois, pale pink, and bright crimson. Each colour separate, 3d per pkt., or in mixture, 3d per pkt.

Like a rich, light soil. Sow in the spring. 18 inches.

One of the most beautiful summer flowering annuals, which should always have a place as it is unsurpassed in beauty. It is one of the loveliest annuals for cutting for table decoration. Has long slender stems, and the flowers are produced in clusters, are single, and of charming colours, from old gold to purplish crimson, veined and blotched with wonderful tints. Should be sown where they are to bloom.

SALPIGLOSSIS FOR CUT FLOWERS.

This beautiful annual is one of the best for cutting, either for bouquets or table decoration; it has long, slender, upright stems, and the flowers are produced in graceful clusters. The flowers are single, and of a variety of charming colours, from old gold to purplish crimson, veined and blotched with wonderful tints, only to be found in the Salpiglossis; but the great feature of this beautiful genus is, that its flowers, when cut can be kept in water for four or five days during which period they never lose their freshness or beauty.

**Salpiglossis Grandiflora.**

"I may mention that I have used your valuable Seeds for over 20 years, and have always found them most reliable, and have recommended them to others." B. H. Ezzy, Glen Innes. 27-5-02.

For Collections of Salpiglosses,

See page 19.

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride).

2d per pkt.

- 606 **Finest Dwarf Double Mixed.** Red, white, lilac, and purple. Showy and compact; hardy perennials; Sow autumn or spring. 18 inches.
- 607 **Golden Yellow Double.** Semi-dwarf and bushy; compact double flowers golden yellow.
- 608 **Caucasica.** Hardy perennial, 2 to 3 feet; flowers soft lilac blue shade. 6d per pkt.

Schizanthus.

3d per pkt.

- 609 **Grahami.** Beautiful red and shades.
- 610 **Grandiflorus Oculatis.** Purple spots.
- 611 **Pinnatus.** Beautiful bright hue.
- 612 **Pinnatus Niveus.** A pure white variety.
- 613 **Pyramidalis (Tom Thumb).** Ten inches. Hardy annuals, handsome foliage, and bear thousands of butterfly-like blossoms. Sow autumn and spring. 24 inches, except dwarf variety.

Sensitive Plant.

3d per pkt.

- 614 **Mimosa Pudica.** Very pretty foliage. A tender annual for bush-house culture; when touched, its leaves close and droop for a time, hence its name. Sow in spring. 18 inches.

Silene (Catchfly).

3d per pkt.

- 615 **Pendula.** Single, bright rosy red. 18 inches.
- 616 **Compacta Rosea.** Double dwarf, bright rose. 6 in. Showy annual, will flower freely during the spring months in cool situation. Sow autumn or spring.

Snapdragon (See Antirrhinum).**Solanum.**

6d per pkt.

- 617 **Hybridum (Empress).** Beautiful plant, laden with coral-red berries.
- 618 **Wetherill's Hybrids.** Choice strain. Produces a profusion of coral-red berries. A handsome pot plant, attractive in the garden. Hardy annual. Sow autumn and spring.

Statice.

3d per pkt.

- 619 **Suworowi.** Annual variety, spikes of bright rose-coloured flowers; free bloomer. Sow in spring.
- 620 **Perennial Varieties.** Mixed. Useful plant. Flowers are excellent for cutting, and for drying as everlasting.

Stock.

3d per pkt.

Ten-week Varieties.

- 621 **Dwarf German.** Grand variety; lovely shade.
- 622 **Large Flowered.** Very showy large flowers.
- 623 **Giant Perfection.** Beautiful double spikes.
- 624 **Victoria Bouquet.** A beautiful strain.
- 625 **Dwarf Pyramidal.** Large flowering; splendid.
- 626 **Princess May.** Pyramidal; primrose colour.
- 627 **Perpetual Flowering.** Hardy; constant bloomer.
- 628 **Dwarf Queen.** Flowers of an intense blood-red.
- 629 **Triumph.** Brilliant crimson, double. 18 inches.

Intermediate and Brompton Varieties.

- 630 **Intermediate Scarlet.** The autumn stock.
- 631 **East Lothian White.** Fine pure white.
- 632 **Brompton Scarlet.** Very showy and distinct.
- 633 **Brompton White.** Fine spikes of pure white.
- 634 **Brompton New Giant.** Beautiful white.
- 635 **Brompton Dwarf, Sunrise.** Flowers bright rose.
- 636 **Queen of Whites, Intermediate.** Pure white.
- 637 **Empress Elizabeth.** 18 inches high; large rose-shaped flowers, of a lovely shade, early and very double.

Beautiful plants, showy, and perfumed. The Intermediate and Brompton produce splendid spikes, are all gross feeders, like well-enriched soil. The Bromptons, if sown in the autumn, will flower the following spring. The Ten-weeks are hardy annuals and grow about 12 inches. The Brompton and Intermediate are hardy biennials; grow 2 feet. Sow autumn or spring.

Sunflower (See Helianthus).**Sweet Pea (See Lathyrus).****Sweet William (See Dianthus Barbatus).****Tacsonia.**

1s per pkt.

- 638 **Van Volkemi.** Bright crimson flowers.

Very handsome evergreen climber, somewhat resembling a Passion Flower; half-hardy perennial, growing some 10 feet high. Sow during autumn and spring.

Tagetes.

3d per pkt.

- 639 **Signata Pumila.** Bear an abundance of bright orange yellow flowers.

A very pretty hardy annual of the Marigold tribe; useful for massing. Sow autumn or spring. 12 inches.

Thunbergia.

6d per pkt.

- 640 **Choicest Mixed.** Flowers brilliant and various colors. Beautiful half-hardy annual, of twining habit; grows rapidly. Sow in spring. 36 inches.

Torenia.

1s per pkt.

- 641 **Bailloni.** Flowers yellow, brownish red throat.
- 642 **Fournieri Grandiflora.** Large purple and white flowers.

Extremely ornamental pot plant; tender perennial; for glass or bush-house cultivation only. 12 inches.

Tropæolum.

6d per pkt.

- 643 **Canariensis (Canary Creeper).** Foliage delicate, flowers golden.

Beautiful tender annual. Fine creeper; free grower. Sow in spring.

**Stock, Sunrise.****Verbascum.**

6d per pkt.

- 644 **Pannosum.** Flowers sulphur yellow.

Height five feet; splendid leaves, two feet long and eight inches wide; flower stalks two feet long; beautiful decorative plant. Perennial. Sow spring or autumn.

"I am so pleased to always see your Catalogue come so regularly, for although I do not always send direct to you for Seeds, I use always your Seeds for my flower Garden. They always come up, and my husband, who is a farmer, likes your Seeds best." MRS. HACKETT, Bundarra. - 23-8-02.

Verbena. 6d per pkt.

- 645 **Auricula Flowered.** 6 inches.
 646 **Coccinea.** Scarlet, fine. 6-in.
 647 **Italian Striped.** Handsome striped.
 648 **Cœrulea.** Shades of blue.
 649 **Candidissima.** Pure white.
 650 **Mammoth Hybrid.** Superb mixed.

One of our most useful bedding plants; very hardy and of magnificent colours; not particular to soil; blooms in profusion. Sow in autumn and spring.

Violet. 6d per pkt.

- 651 **Odorata.** (Sweet Violet). The old well-known fragrant variety, and blooms abundantly; hardy perennial. 6 inches.
 652 **The Czar.** Very large, fragrant; purple. 6 inches.
 653 **Alba.** Pretty white; distinct. 6 inches.

Virginian Stock.

3d per pkt.

- 654 **Red.** Good rich colour. 6 inches.
 655 **White.** Fine pure white. 6 inches.

Very dwarf, free-blooming, hardy annual; effective for edgings; either mixed or sown in rows separately. Sow early spring.

Wallflower.

3d and 6d per pkt.

- 656 **Blood Red Single.** The old favourite.
 657 **Choicest Mixed.** Single; colours from blood-red to pale yellow.
 658 **Cloth of Gold.** Rich golden yellow.
 659 **Double German.** Grand strain 6d per pkt.
 660 **Eastern Queen.** Single, dwarf; bright chamois, changing.
 661 **Ruby Gem.** Single; beautiful ruby violet.
 662 **Early Single.** An annual, sweet scented.

Favourite English flowers; the double varieties are striking and handsome plants. The single varieties have a delicious perfume; hardy biennials. Sow in autumn or spring. 12 inches.

Whitlavia.

3d per pkt.

- 663 **Grandiflora.** Bright blue; very pretty and striking. 6 inches.
 664 **Gloxinoides.** White and blue; showy. 6 inches.

Most charming Californian annuals; very effective for bedding; grows freely in any good garden soil; very hardy. Sow in autumn and spring.

Zinnia.

3d per pkt.

- 665 **Grandiflora Plenissima.** Flowers of immense size and robust growth; various brilliant colours; sometimes 6 inches across.
 666 **Grandiflora Queen Victoria.** Magnificent double white.
 667 **Elegans Curled and Crested.** Charming type, flowers being beautifully twisted and curled.
 668 **Elegans Alba fl. pl.** Large double white.
 669 **Elegans Double Striped or Zebra.** Flowers distinctly striped. 18 inches.
 670 **Elegans Pumila fl. pl.** Beautiful dwarf strain, wonderful shades, and flowers nearly all double.
 671 **Elegans Tom Thumb double.** Various brilliant colours; very dwarf; only 6 inches.
 672 **Elegans Liliput fl. pl.** Mixed; charming small-flowering Zinnias; flowers adaptable for bouquets, etc.
 673 **Elegans Liliput fl. pl. Scarlet Gem.** Double, flowers bright scarlet.

One of the grandest annuals in cultivation; flowers throughout the entire summer; should always be transplanted. Sow seed in spring and summer. Tall varieties, 2½ to 3 feet

ALL PACKET SEEDS POST FREE.Verbena,
Mammoth Hybrid

Wallflower, Eastern Queen.

FOR
Collections
OF
Zinnias,
See page 19.



Zinnia. Tom Thumb Double.

Farm Calendar for N.S.W.

WHAT SEEDS TO..... SOW...

IN arranging the following Calendar we have taken the climate of Sydney, and the coastal districts of N.S.W. as our basis, but for the colder districts of the State all that is required will be to make an allowance for the variation of climate; for instance, should it be known that the season of any particular district is a month later than that of Sydney, it will only be necessary to take January Calendar as a guide for February sowing; February Calendar for March, and so on right through the year.

JANUARY.

Sow Anderson's Imperial Swede and other Field Turnips, Field Cabbage, Buckwheat for green crop, Johnson Grass (late sowing), Rape (for autumn sheep feed), Soja Beans for green fodder (late sowing), Maize for grain, and Thousand Headed Kale (late sowing).

ANDERSON'S IMPERIAL SWEDE
Is the best all round Swede.

FEBRUARY.

Sow Anderson's Imperial Swede and other Field Turnips, Carrot (when September Sowing has failed), Field Cabbage (late sowing), Rape (for autumn sheep feed), Buckwheat, Cape and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Maize for green crop, Parsnip as field crop, and Thousand Headed Kale (late sowing).

MARCH.

Sow Rape for autumn sheep feed, Broad-leaved Lucerne, Rye Grass, Prairie Grass, and Cocksfoot Grass and Clovers for pasture; Burnett Grass and Sainfoin for green fodder; Buckwheat (last month to sow); Black or Golden Tares can be sown alone or mixed with Oats, Barley or Rye; sow Oats, Cape and Skinless Barley, Rye and Scarlet Clover separately for green crop; Carrot (if September sowing has failed).

APRIL.

Sow for main crops, Horse Beans, Field Peas, Rape for winter crop, Black and Golden Tares for green fodder (alone, or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye), Broad-leaved Lucerne, Cocksfoot, Prairie, and Ryegrass, and Clovers for permanent pasture, Burnett Grass, Sainfoin; Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Cape and Skinless Barley and Scarlet Clover for green crops, Rye for grain and green fodder.

MAY.

Sow for late crop, Field Beans, Peas, Rape for winter feed; Black and Golden Tares for green fodder, sown separately or mixed with Oats, Barley or Rye; Broad-leaved Lucerne, Ryegrass, Prairie Grass, and Cocksfoot Grass, Clovers for permanent pasture; Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and Skinless Barley for green crop, Rye for grain and green fodder, Scarlet Clover for green crop, Onions (broadcast or in drills).

JUNE.

Sow for late crop, Field Beans, Peas, Field Cabbage (on poor soil), to be transplanted August and September; also Field Peas, Rape for winter crop; Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and Skinless Barley for green crop, Rye for grain and green crop, Onions (broadcast or in drills).

Why should we import the bulk of the onions used in Sydney? We have abundance of suitable land which could grow all we require. If sown this month Onions would do well.

JULY.

Sow Onions (broadcast or in drills), Rape for winter crop, Wheat (late crop) for grain and hay, Oats for late crop and green stuff (late districts), Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape, English and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Rye for green crop; Tobacco in seed bed, planting out in October; Potatoes (see special list).

Skinless Barley is becoming more and more popular, as it yields a heavier crop of green fodder than the "Cape," and is fit to cut much earlier.

AUGUST.

Sow Chicory, Field Pumpkin, Onions (broadcast or in drills) in the colder districts; Grass-seeds and Clovers and Broad-leaved Lucerne, if favorable season; Oats for green fodder (late districts), Barley (Cape, Skinless and English) for grain, Rye for green stuff, Potatoes (offered in special list), Sugar Beet, Sunflower for fowl feed, and Mangel.

Rape for winter green crop. This fine fodder plant is being more largely sown from year to year; it yields enormously; is excellent food for sheep and cattle, which are very partial to it.

SEPTEMBER.

Sow Buckwheat end of month, Field Carrot, Cattle Melon, and Chicory; for green fodder, Johnson Grass, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum and Hungarian Millet; Maize for seed crop and green fodder; Field Pumpkin, Mangel, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Cocksfoot, Rye Grass, and Prairie Grass and Clovers, and Broad-leaved Lucerne, if favourable season; also Couch Grass, Potatoes (offered in special list); Cow Pea for green crop or manure.

OCTOBER.

BEST month to sow Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum, Pearl Millet, Broom Millet, Johnson Grass, Hungarian Millet, Maize, and Buckwheat, all for green fodder; Broad-leaved Lucerne, if season is favorable, and Couch Grass; Soja Beans for pulse, Teosinte, Sunflower Seed for poultry feed; Cow Pea.

Cattle Melon and Cattle Pumpkin. The latter is not sufficiently grown; it is a splendid reserve food, yields large crops, and is relished by stock. Anderson's Mammoth Cattle is a splendid variety.

NOVEMBER.

Sow for green stuff, Buckwheat, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum, Hungarian Millet, Pearl Millet, Johnson Grass; Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Pie Melon, Field Pumpkin, Soja Beans for pulse, Sunflower for poultry feed, Cow Peas for green crop and green manuring.

Johnson Grass. This is a splendid grass for waste and poor land, rocky ridges; it is very hardy, spreads rapidly, and produces a large amount of green fodder—but must not be sown on cultivated land, as once introduced it is most difficult to get rid of.

DECEMBER.

Sow for green fodder, Buckwheat, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum, Broom Millet, White French Millet, and Hungarian Millet; Johnson Grass, Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Soja Beans for green crop.

If the weather is favorable sow also Anderson's Purple Top Swede; this is one of the best of our root crops, and yields enormously; as much as 25 tons per acre is not an unusual crop.

FARM SEEDS.

Swede and other Field Turnips.

2s per lb.; post free, 2s 6d.

Anderson's Imperial Purple Top Swede.

Skirving's Purple Top Swede.

East Lothian Purple Top Swede.

Sutton's Champion Purple Top Swede.

Emperor Green Top Swede.

Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen Turnip.

Green Top Yellow Aberdeen Turnip.

White Pomeranian Globe Turnip.

{ Suitable for
the colder
districts.

Culture. Any rich, strong land will produce fine Turnips if well ploughed, harrowed, and rolled. The best time to sow is January or February, although some prefer an earlier or later sowing. Sow in drills four feet apart, and thin the plants to 18 inches apart; 2 to 3 lbs. of seed will sow an acre.

Mangel Wurzel or Mangold.

1s 6d per lb.; post free, 2s.

This most valuable root crop greatly adds to the quality of milk of dairy cows; can be stored for many months if required. Useful for feeding cows and pigs.

Mammoth Long Red.

Long Yellow.

Yellow Globe.

Culture. Good, strong, and deeply-worked soil will produce the heaviest crops; the land should be ploughed deeply twice, scarified, rolled, and harrowed lightly. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin to 12 to 18 inches between each plant; 3 to 4 lb. of seed is sufficient for an acre, and soaking the seed in warm water for 24 hours will hasten germination. August and September are the best months to sow.



Long Red Mangel Wurzel.

Buckwheat.

Silver Hulled. Earlier than the old variety; continues longer in bloom and yields much larger crop. 9s per bushel.

Japanese. A fortnight earlier than the Silver Hulled; a heavy cropper. 10s per bushel.

Culture. Can be sown from the end of September to March; will produce a heavy crop of fodder in a few weeks, provided the weather is favorable; it will be killed by frost, however. It is also grown for green manure, to be ploughed in, which greatly increases the fertility of the soil, and the straw, after threshing, is valuable for pig food. Will succeed on any average land, well drained and well worked. Sow the seed, and then lightly roll the surface. Sow 4 to 5 pecks broadcast, and 1½ to 2 pecks, in drills, per acre.

Field Horse Bean

Heligoland or Tick. 7s bushel.

Culture. The land should be deeply ploughed. A good strong soil is preferable to light or sandy soil. April is the best month to sow, later sowing during May, June, or July. One bushel will sow an acre in drills 2 to 3 feet apart.

NOTE.

Our stocks of Farm Seeds are specially selected and true to name.

Florida Velvet Bean.

6d per lb.

Special Price for quantity.

ONE of the best land fertilisers. It is a nitrogenous plant, enriching the ground in a wonderful manner; stock are also very fond of it, either as green fodder or when matured; it will do well on poor land.

Culture. Sow in the spring in hills 4 feet apart, and same distance between the rows, two or three beans in each hill. 15 to 20 lbs. will sow an acre.

Soja Bean.

1s per lb.

(Var. Soja d'Etampes).

Culture. This plant, which makes fine fodder for stock, cut when in flower, should be more largely cultivated; or, if cut when the pods are ripe, it makes excellent hay, of which stock are very fond.

Cattle Cabbage.

4s per lb.

Large Drumhead.

Robinson's Champion Ox.

Culture. Sow in June in seed beds of poor soil, to furnish plants for transplanting into the field in August and September. Another sowing may also be made in January or February. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre, or sow in drills 2 to 3lb. per acre, thinning where required. Land must be strong, rich and well worked; and horse, cow, or pig manure can be used, or bone dust, at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre.

Field Carrot.

3s 6d per lb.

Post Free.

White Belgian.

Large Red Altringham.

Long Red Surrey.

Culture. Prefers light loamy or sandy land, deeply tilled. Choose land in good heart, and never use stable manure when putting in this crop. Four pounds will sow an acre in drills. Sow during September; another sowing may be made in February or March.

Chicory.

2s 6d per lb.

Large Rooted.

This plant is grown as a field crop, and the roots are used when dried and roasted, for mixture with Coffee.

Culture. See Carrot Culture.

Cattle Melon.

5s per lb.

Culture. Deeply dig the ground, add farmyard or artificial manure abundantly, plant in hills three to four yards apart, and sow a few seeds in each hill. Sow September or October, but later sowings may be made in favorable seasons. Half-pound of seed will sow an acre.

Field Pea.

Partridge or Grey, 7s bushel. **Large Blue,** 10s bushel. **USEFUL** either for horse or pig feed. Both seed and straw are valuable.

Culture. Any fair, loamy, strong soil will suit; not necessarily rich, as a strong haulm is not desirable. However the land must be deeply ploughed; seed can be sown in drills or broadcast in April, May, or June. 1½ to 2 bushels per acre.

"Despite the dry weather, I grew Pumpkins from Seeds obtained from your firm from 100 to 120 lbs. (real Mammoth), splendid shape and color. The Pumpkins were only grown on ordinary land, without much culture." W. RAMSAY, Bega. 26-5-02.

Cow Pea.

4d per lb.

THE COW PEA produces large crops of first-class fodder during dry seasons, and stock are particularly fond of it. It has great value as a green manure, and land which is poor or worn out cannot be better manured than by digging in a crop.

White.
Black.

Clay Coloured.
Whip-Poor-Will.

Culture. Spring is the best time to sow, and if the crop is intended for green feed, sow in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet wide, and thin plants to 1 foot apart in the drills. 10 lbs. will sow an acre, but for green manuring 30 to 50 lbs. should be sown broadcast, and the crop should be ploughed down just when the seed pods have formed.

Sheep Burnet.

1s per lb.

Special Price for large lots.

Culture. Valuable forage plant, specially adapted for poor, arid soils. Excellent for sheep and cattle, has a long tap root which enables it to resist the most severe drought. Sow in March and April broadcast at the rate of 30 to 40 lbs. per acre; 5 to 6 lbs. when mixed with grass seeds.

Thousand Headed Kale.

4s lb.

A VALUABLE fodder plant for stock, grows 4 to 5 feet high, and can be fed down two and sometimes three times during the season. Does not impoverish the land. Sow in drills, 2 to 3 lb. per acre, thinning where required, or in seed bed, and transplant into rows.

Culture. See Cabbage.**Onion, as a Field Crop.**

Anderson's Market Model	- - -	6s per lb.
Extra Early Yellow Globe	- - -	7s "
Brown Spanish	- - -	5s "
Silver Queen	- - -	8s "
Brown Globe	- - -	5s "
Anderson's Silver King	- - -	8s "
Extra Early Flat Red	- - -	7s "
Silver Skin Pickling	- - -	8s "

Culture. Must have good rich soil, well worked, and made compact, before and after sowing, by the roller. Cover the seed lightly, pressing it in with the roller, the seed being sown quite on the surface. When the land is likely to be weedy, drilling or sowing in rows should always be practised. To produce large-sized Onions, the seed should be sown in April and the seedlings transplanted in rows 2 feet apart, and 9 inches apart in the rows. The best time to sow for the main crop in the colder parts of the State is August; in warmer parts during May, June, and July, according to situation.

Sow in Drills, with machine .. 4 lbs. seed to the acre, ordinary crop.

Sow in Drills, (open) with hand 8 lbs. seed to the acre, ordinary crop.

Sow in Drills, with machine .. 8 lbs. seed to the acre, for pickling onions.

Sow in Drills, (open) with hand 15 lbs. seed to the acre, for pickling onions.

Sow Broadcast .. 20 lbs. seed to the acre, for pickling onions.

Cattle Pumpkin.

Anderson's Mammoth, 5s per lb.

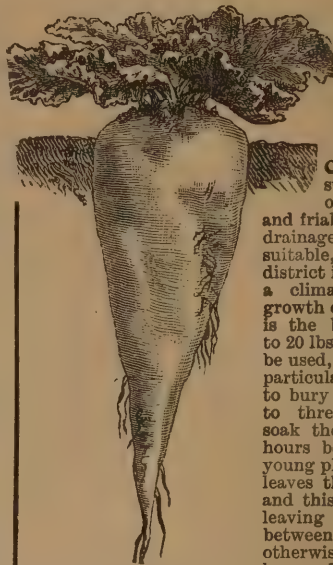
Gramma, 6s lb.

A CUSTOMER FROM GRAFTON WRITES: "I consider your Mammoth Cattle Pumpkin as yet superior to any other, and the best to grow as a prize winner on account of being a firm weighty variety, and suitable for either the cold or warm parts of the State."

Culture. Sow in October. Some growers prefer August and September. The richer the land the better, and it should be sub-soiled as well as ploughed; and the manure should be distributed on the surface and over the whole area devoted to the crop and dug in. The hills for sowing the seeds should be well prepared, and only 3 or 4 plants be allowed in each of the hills, which should be 3 to 6 yards apart. One pound of seed will sow an acre.

Sugar Beet

1s 6d per lb.

Vilmorin's Improved White.**Klein Wanzleben, White.****Vilmorin's Improved Sugar Beet.**

Culture. The soils best suited to the cultivation of Sugar Beet are deep and friable loams, with thorough drainage; chocolate soils are also suitable, and our New England district is admirably suited from a climatic standpoint to the growth of this crop. September is the best month to sow; 16 to 20 lbs. of seed per acre should be used, put in with a seed drill, particular care being taken not to bury the seed more than half to three-quarters of an inch; soak the seed in water for 24 hours before using. When the young plants show the usual four leaves they should be thinned; and this is best done by hand, leaving a distance of 4 inches between each plant—not more—otherwise the roots will grow too large. The roots also make excellent feed for dairy cattle and pigs.

Sainfoin, or Esparcette.

1s 6d lb.

Culture. Excellent forage plant, particularly suited to our dry climate, and with an occasional dressing of manure well forked in, will maintain its vigour for eight or ten years. A rather light soil, deeply worked and well drained, is most suited for it. Sow the seed broadcast at the rate of 40 lbs. per acre. Sow March and April.

Prices may fluctuate some seasons owing to unexpected scarcity of supplies.

SPECIAL PRICES for.. LARGE LOTS.

**Extra Early Yellow Globe Onion.**

Dwarf Essex Sowing Rape.

4d per lb.; 32s per cwt.

Special Quotations for Large Parcels.

Is one of the most valuable fodder plants in cultivation. It is of quick growth, and produces an abundance of succulent green feed, relished by all kinds of stock. It has come greatly into favor during the past few years, and is now regarded as one of the best green crops for fattening sheep and lambs, and for feeding cattle and dairy cows, and pigs. Milkmen are so fond of it, and eat it so greedily, that it must not be fed to them in large quantities, otherwise it is liable to taint the milk.

Rape belongs to the Brassica or Cabbage family, producing large, succulent, kale-like leaves. Plants 3 to 4 feet; when leaves are eaten off, the plants make a new growth. If grown as a catch crop, to follow a green crop, it will be ready for feeding to lambs for a few hours a day, in eight (8) weeks and when matured will carry twelve (12) sheep or six (6) cows to the acre.

Rape is a gross feeder, and rich loamy land, with a fair amount of organic matter, suits it best, but any land which has produced maize or potatoes will be found suitable; and even second-rate land, if well worked and enriched, will give a liberal return. The best time to sow Rape in the warm coastal districts is from January to end of March, when it will provide rich feed for the winter and spring; but in the cooler districts of New England and the highlands, spring sowing is recommended. Sowing in drills, 2 or 3 feet apart, is the most profitable, for then the plants will grow to a height of 2 to 3 feet. The quantity of seed required will be 3 to 4 lbs per acre; if sown broadcast 7 or 8 lbs. will not be too much.

Rye.

Common (The Old English Rye). 5s per bushel.

Thousand Fold. 2s 6d peck. Stock limited.

This new Rye grows 6 to 7 feet high, with stiff heavy straw, which is long-jointed, bright, and clean; heads 6 to 8 inches in length, well filled with large grain, produces from 40 to 50 bushels per acre.

Culture. Excellent forage plant, will grow on poor land or rich land, can be sown alone or with tares, comes quickly to maturity, and yields most nutritious green fodder. It is also grown for its straw, which is straight and strong. Sow from March to July, broadcast; 1 bushel per acre.

Tagosaste, or Tree Lucerne.

4s per lb.

Culture. Fine fodder plant, valuable in the hot, dry districts. Does well on poor, well-drained land. Sow in autumn or spring. The trees should stand 10 to 15 feet apart; 4 lbs. of seed will sow an acre. This is not, however, a Lucerne, and does not resemble it, as it is a hard-wooded tree-shrub.

Tares, or Vetches. 10s per bushel.

Special Prices for large lots.

Large Black.

Golden.

Culture. Valuable for hay or green fodder. Prefers strong, well-worked soil, but will grow in clayey ground during moist seasons if it has been well manured. On average land one ploughing will be sufficient. Sow in March, April, and May, with barley or rye. Tares yield an immense amount of forage. Sow broadcast, 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre; half a bushel of rye or barley may be sown with them.

Teosinte.

6d per pkt.; 5s per lb.

Culture. Only the warmer districts of the State are suitable to its cultivation. Height, 10 to 12 feet; resembles maize, but sends up a number of shoots with an abundance of foliage. Sow October and November.

Johnson Grass. 1s 6d lb.; 2s lbs., 1s 3d lb.

Special quotations for large parcels.

If once introduced almost impossible to eradicate, therefore don't sow near the garden or cultivated paddocks.

Culture. One of the best fodder plants we have, though, while it is known as Johnson Grass, it is in reality a Millet and is being sown largely on the poorer pasture lands of the State, where it has proved invaluable during periods of drought, yielding a large amount of fodder. It spreads rapidly even on poor land, its runners sending up a shoot at every joint. For this reason it should not be sown on cultivated land or in the garden, as if once introduced it is almost impossible to eradicate it. Its remarkable adaptability to all sorts of soil, however, and its resistance to drought render it most valuable. It can be cut three times a year, and it will give five tons of hay per acre. The best time to cut it for that purpose is when the plant comes into bloom. Sow and cover lightly 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow during spring; it will not stand frost.

Sunflower.

1s 6d per lb.

Culture. This should be extensively grown, as the seed makes an excellent poultry food. Sow August to November in drills 3 to 4 feet apart, and thin same distance between each plant; 7 lbs. of seed should be sown per acre.

Sorghums and Millets

For Green Fodder.

6d per lb.; 28 lbs. and upwards 5d per lb.

Prices subject to fluctuation. Quotations and samples on application.

Amber Sugar Cane.

Sorghum Saccharatum.

Planter's Friend.

Kaffir Corn.

Broom Millet.

Most useful forage plants grown in Australia; they produce enormous crops on any well-worked average soil during the hottest months, and on alluvial rich land yield more than maize. Can either be cut green, or ripened, and cut into chaff. The taller varieties attain a height of from 6 to 8 feet; most nutritious food for stock.

Hungarian Millet 4d lb.; 28s cwt.

Grows to the height of 3 to 4 feet; yields abundance of green herbage; its yield is remarkable. Makes splendid hay. Sow 10 lbs. per acre in drills, and 20 lbs. broadcast. Sow September, October, and November.

Pearl Millet (Pencilaria spicata) .. 1s 6d per lb.

Culture. The land should be deeply ploughed, harrowed, and rolled, and lightly harrowed a second time before drilling. Sow in drills 3 feet apart; Sorghum at the rate of about a peck per acre; Millets rather less. September, October, November, and December are the best months for sowing green crop.

Tobacco.

Virginian.

Florida.

Broad Leaved Dutch.

Kentucky.

Havana.

Big Frederick.

Maryland.

Gold Leaf.

Connecticut.

All imported seed.

Culture. Requires great care during growth; land should be rich and deep; a sandy loam suits it best. Sowings should be made in a seed bed, in a sheltered position, during July and August, planting out when strong enough in October. One ounce will produce sufficient plants for an acre.



Sunflower.

PASTURE GRASSES, CLOVERS, &c.

Prairie Grass. Very early spring grass, and yields a fair amount of herbage during summer and autumn. A nutritious fodder and pasture grass; on rich land will yield five or six cuttings in the year, should form part of all mixtures, prefers rich land, but will give crops on any average soil. Relished by all kinds of stock, is the most nutritious and has great fattening qualities. Sow 2 or 3 bushels per acre. 5s per bushel.

Perennial Rye Grass. Excellent pasture grass; starts very early in spring. Possesses most nutritious qualities. Bears depasturing well, and will succeed in any average soil. In the cooler districts of the State it thrives admirably, and yields surprising results. Two bushels will sow an acre. 5s to 6s per bushel.

Poverty Bay Perennial Rye Grass. Is undoubtedly the best variety of this fine grass. More vigorous in growth than any other, yields a larger amount of forage. 6s 6d to 7s per bushel.

Italian Rye Grass. An excellent grass for green fodder. On rich, moist soil it will yield three or four heavy cuttings in a year. It is only a biennial, however, and not suitable for permanent pasture. Two bushels will sow an acre. 5s 6d per bushel.

Buffalo Grass. Seed of this grass is not obtainable, but roots can be supplied, and should be planted about 1 to 2 feet apart. The roots can be cut up into pieces with two or three joints, or planted in clumps. Top dress with manure, and water until the roots begin to grow. Cases of roots from 5s each.

Crested Dogtail. A favourite and valuable grass, especially for sheep pastures. 2s per lb.

Couch Grass. The experience gained from the last dry season has proved this to be one of our best pasture grasses, for in districts where not a blade of other grass remained, the Couch withstood the drought, and after every rain began to make a vigorous growth. Its long succulent roots spread underground and those on the surface root at every joint. This is a summer and autumn pasture grass, makes an excellent bowling green or tennis court in the warmer districts, and if watered, will produce a close green carpet throughout the summer. 7 lbs will sow an acre. 1s 6d per lb.

Cocksfoot Grass. A fine pasture and fodder grass, should be in every mixture; yields immense crops, relished by all kinds of stock, has excellent fattening qualities, grows rapidly after cutting; particularly suitable for the cooler districts of the State. Two bushels will sow an acre. from 9s per bushel.

Sweet-Scented Vernal Grass .. 1s 6d per lb.

Meadow Foxtail .. 1s 6d per lb.

Timothy. Sow in autumn and spring. 1s per lb.

Rib Grass. When moisture is abundant, Rib Grass yields an enormous amount of rich herbage, and should be included in all pasture mixtures. Sow with grasses 2 or 3 lbs., or 20 lbs. if alone. 10d per lb.

Smooth-Stalked Meadow Grass. (Kentucky Blue Grass). A good pasture grass; suits the coast and cool districts, and will thrive in poor land. It forms a thick turf, and prefers sandy loam. 1s per lb.

Wood Meadow Grass .. 2s per lb.

Rough-Stalked Meadow Grass .. 1s 9d per lb.

Evergreen Meadow Grass .. 2s 3d per lb.

Sheep's Fescue. Hardy pasture grass, most suitable for the tablelands of the State; will grow luxuriantly on poor land. 1s 6d per lb.

Meadow Fescue .. 1s per lb.

Hard Fescue .. 1s per lb.

Red or Creeping Fescue .. 1s per lb.

Yarrow .. 3s 6d per lb.

Paspalum Dilatum (A magnificent Pasture Grass). Which is now very largely grown by dairy farmers in nearly every State in the Commonwealth, and is gaining favour everywhere. Our sales are increasing, and we feel sure that this fine Grass will be a very important factor in the development of the dairy farming of the State. Strong Roots at 2s 6d per 100, 16s per 1000, and specially selected seed at 2s 6d per lb.

Red Top Grass. A splendid heavy cropping grass, making fine hay or chaff. It stands drought well, but dies down during frosty weather, to grow again strongly in the spring and summer; it suits the warmer parts of the State. Sow in the spring at the rate of 2 lbs to 3 lbs., mixed with other grasses; 12 lbs. if sown alone for hay. 4s per lb.

Red Perennial Clover or Cow Grass. The Red Clover of the English Meadows, much relished by all stock, has splendid fattening qualities, and should be in every pasture mixture sown on the table lands of the State; a good fodder plant, and makes fine hay. Sow in autumn, 20 lbs to the acre for hay; a few pounds only when included in pasture mixtures. 1s 6d lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs. 1s 3d per lb.

Scarlet Clover. Excellent for a green crop, fine quality; large yield, quick growth, and relished by stock; has a beautiful crimson flower. Sow 20 lbs. per acre. 1s. lb.

White Clover. Has become naturalised in many districts; is often found on alluvial flats; is valuable in pastures, and will thrive on comparatively poor land. In dry and hot weather the herbage disappears, but again makes a growth in the spring. Sow February to May; 5 or 6 lbs seed per acre if mixed with grasses. 1s 6d per lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs. 1s 3d per lb.

Alsike Clover. A heavy yielding and excellent Clover, but requires a moist situation. Sow in September, where the land is perfectly moist, otherwise in March or April. Sow 5 to 6 lbs. per acre. 1s 6d per lb.

Trefoil Yellow Clover. Hardy Clover for sheep pasture, and in the colder districts, very free growing, spreads easily, difficult to eradicate. 1s per lb.

Lucerne. The great drought has brought this invaluable forage plant more than ever into prominence, and has been the means of saving many thousands of our valuable stock, which would otherwise have perished. Pastoralists who have grown it largely have earned the reward of their forethought and enterprise, and their example will doubtless be followed by a large percentage of our graziers during the present season. Every station and farm having suitable soil should have their Lucerne paddock. Deep alluvial soil is most suitable, but any well-worked average soil will produce fine crops—where the land can be irrigated. There is no crop superior for fattening sheep, and it makes the finest hay and keeps well. A grand standby for the pastoralists. Sow in drills about 10 lbs., and broadcast about 15 lbs. of seed to the acre. The best time for sowing, under ordinary circumstances, is autumn, but spring sowing is also successfully practised by large growers. March and April are good months. 10d lb.; much cheaper by cwt.

Anderson's Lawn Grass Seeds

For making new and renovating old
LAWNS, TENNIS GROUNDS, etc.

1s 6d per lb.; 25s per bushel of 20 lbs.

Particularly suitable to the colder districts of the State. For hot and dry sections, there is only one grass suitable for this purpose, unless unusually favorable conditions obtain, viz., "Couch." Sow mixed Lawn grass at the rate of 40 to 45 lbs. per acre.

LAWNS OF COUCH GRASS.

In the warm districts of our State, Couch is the hardest and most reliable grass for a lawn, and it can be provided either by turfing or by chopping up the roots into short pieces of about two to three inches, and planting them in rows about six inches apart, covering them right over. A fine lawn can be produced from seed if sown at the proper season at the rate of about 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow August, September, or October. 2s per lb.

TABLES of PERMANENT PASTURE GRASS SEED MIXTURES.

FOR THE WARMER DISTRICTS.

Table A.

5 lbs. Cocksfoot Grass
10 " Perennial Rye Grass
20 " Prairie Grass
3 " Rib Grass
2 " White Clover
40 " Sufficient for 1 acre.

Price per acre, 14s 6d.

Table B.

20 lbs. Prairie Grass
12 " Cocksfoot Grass
5 " Rib Grass
3 " White Clover
40 " Sufficient for 1 acre.

Price per acre, 18s.

FOR THE COOLER DISTRICTS.

Table C.

15 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass
4 " Cocksfoot Grass
10 " Prairie Grass
6 " Mixed English Grass
3 " Rib Grass
2 " White & Red Clover where suitable
40 " Sufficient for 1 acre.

Price per acre, 20s.

Table D.

21 lbs. Perennial Rye Grass
5 " Cocksfoot Grass
7 " Prairie Grass
2 " Rib Grass
5 " Mixed English Grass
3 " White Clover } If land 2 " Red Clover } suits
45 " Sufficient for 1 acre.

Price per acre, 22s.

These tables show the relative weight of each variety of Grass Seed in the mixture, and these have been proportioned as the result of much experience in supplying seeds for laying down land for Permanent Pasture. We shall be glad to send particulars of other mixtures on receipt of information as to locality, description of soil, etc., and to quote special prices.

Australian..

SALT.....

BUSH...

SEEDS.

THE drought of the last few years has taught many lessons, and among other the great value of our native Salt Bush has been brought directly under the notice of our pastoralists, who will now, we have no doubt, sow it largely. In America, South Africa, and India, its valuable qualities have long been recognised; in America it is largely grown on the Alkali lands, where previously no herbage existed. All stock eat it greedily, and thrive on it. It is easily grown, seeds freely, and will withstand the severest drought.

Atriplex Nummularia

.. 5s per lb.

This species bears a great resemblance to the true "Old Man Salt Bush" (*Rhagodia parabolica*, R. Br.), and attains a height of 6 to 10 feet; is covered with a scaly tomentum. The seed germinates readily under ordinary conditions.

Atriplex Semibaccata

.. 5s per lb.

A procumbent, many-branched, slender perennial, with herbaceous stems, spreading from 1½ to 2 or more feet. Under cultivation its growth is simply marvellous. The whole plant is pale green, though sometimes it is nearly white. Has proved most valuable on the worst alkali lands in California.

Atriplex Halimoides

.. 5s per lb.

A procumbent underscrub, attaining height of one or more feet. The whole plant has a glaucous or whitish appearance.

Atriplex Leptocarpa (Slender Fruited Salt Bush).

5s lb.

The drought-enduring qualities of this Salt Bush are remarkable. Quite common on the Darling. Dwarf growing.

How to Sow Salt Bush Seeds.

The seeds of *Atriplex* are very light, and it will take about 20,000 seeds to weigh a pound. The best time to sow is in early spring or autumn, when the ground is moist, but not wet. The seed should be sown in patches—about half-a-dozen seeds together—at distances of about 30 yards for the tall-growing kinds and 5 yards for the dwarf-growing sorts, and from half an inch to an inch deep. The seeds should be covered with some light, decayed vegetable matter. The seed can be put in with the aid of a light hoe. It is not necessary to plough the land. Plants must be protected against cattle and sheep in the early stages of growth.

Atriplex Nummularia.**SEED GRAIN.**

Selected Samples.

We sell Seed Grain for Net Cash only, free on boat or rail. Owing to the continued dry season, supplies will be uncertain.

Prices on application.**Seed Wheat.**

Purple Straw.

Early Baart.

Allora Spring.

Steinwedel's.

Hudson's Early.

Manitoba.

Australian Talavera.

Other varieties can also be quoted when reliable stocks are available—names on application.

Seed Oats.

White Tartarian.

Potato.

Black Tartarian.

Algerian.

Barley.

Cape and English.

Skinless (for green stuff).

SEED MAIZE.

Splendid Varieties.

Specially Selected.

The list of maize given below is subject to alteration, in so far that owing to the extremely dry season we are unable to guarantee that we shall be able to supply any or either of them.

Prices on application.

Anderson's Golden King.

New White Ninety-Day.

Legal Tender.

Queen of the Prairie.

Longfellow Dent.

Sixty-Day.

Star Leaming.

Cobs "topped and tailed," making the seed of even size and free from small and mis-shaped grains.

Ninety-Day. A variety in large demand for green fodder.

Culture. A fine, rich, black chocolate soil, not too sandy, is the very best for a maize crop. The land should be ploughed deeply, rolled, and a light harrow passed over it before planting. Sow 15 to 16 lbs. for a seed crop in drills 3ft. to 4ft. 6 in. apart. For a green crop sow broadcast—say a bushel per acre, or ½-bushel in drills. Ninety-Day is the best for that purpose. Keep land well scarified between rows, especially during dry weather; kill weeds, and sow from end of September to Christmas.



Australian Hardwood and other Timber Tree Seeds.



EUCALYPTI.

We use every care in the collecting of these Eucalypti, and give special attention to export orders, but sell them on the distinct understanding that we supply them under the Botanical Names by which they are known in Australia, and that we are not, at any time, to be held liable for results.

- E. Amygdalina.** .. 15s per lb.
(Messmate, or Almond-leaved Stringybark).
A first-class timber for flooring boards, joists, and other house carpentry. No good for fuel. 150 to 200 feet.
- E. Bicolour** (Black Box) .. 17s 6d per lb.
Equal to the best Ironbark and more easily worked. Sometimes called "Ironbark Box." 100 to 150 feet.
- E. Citriodora** (Lemon-scented Gum) .. 5s per oz.
A useful timber; delightfully scented leaves.
- E. Corymbosa** (Bleedwood) .. 17s 6d per lb.
Timber first-class for posts, piles, and such like; durable in the ground. Not good for sawn timber.
- E. Corynocalyx** (Sugar Gum) .. 30s per lb.
Timber very durable, used for railway sleepers, etc. Grows rapidly; dark green foliage, and is ornamental.
- E. Diversicolor** (Karri Gum). Price on application.
One of the grandest of the family, grows from 300 to 400 feet in height. Has white bark, a quick grower, straight stemmed. Wood is light in colour.
- E. Ficifolia** (Crimson Flowered Gum) .. 2s 6d per pkt
One of the most ornamental Gums; of slow growth. Has beautiful crimson flowers.
- E. Globulus** (Tasmanian Blue Gum) .. 15s per lb.
A splendid fast-growing timber tree. It is valuable for its hygienic properties as well as for its timber.
- E. Goniocalyx** (N.S.W. Blue Gum) .. 15s per lb.
A fine timber, largely used for fencing and building.
- E. Gunni** (Tasmanian Cedar Gum) .. 20s per lb.
One of the hardest Gums; bushy, and only attains a height of about 30 feet; its flowers are white.
- E. Hamastoma** (White Gum) .. 15s per lb.
Yields gum resin largely; is not remarkable for its timber, but is a good domestic fuel. 50 to 100 feet.
- E. Hemiphloia** (Common Box) .. 15s per lb.
Hard timber; strong, tough, and durable, but will not last sunk in the ground. First-class fuel. 100 to 150 feet.
- E. Leucoxydon** (Ironbark of Victoria) .. 30s per lb.
Timber possessed of great strength and durability; exceedingly hard; largely used for underground work.
- E. Longifolia** (Woollybutt) .. 15s per lb.
Fair timber for fencing and building purposes; good fuel; very durable; little liable to attack of white ant.
- E. Marginata** (Jarrah of West Australia) .. 30s per lb.
Very excellent timber; one of the most durable woods known; resists teredo. Largely exported to Europe.
- E. Meliodora** (Black Ironbark) .. 30s per lb.
One of the strongest and most durable timbers.
- E. Obliqua** (Stringybark) .. 15s per lb.
The best wood for flooring-boards, rafters; of very quick growth; inferior fuel. 120 feet.
- E. Obtusifolia** (Yellow Blackbutt) .. 15s per lb.
Timber like the preceding, but more easily worked, and of a yellow tint; quick grower. 150 feet.
- E. Paniculata** (Common Ironbark) .. 20s per lb.
For most purposes equal to the E. Meliodora, is less in-locked, and more easily split; very lasting, and good fuel. 150 feet.
- E. Paniculata var. Microphylla** .. 20s per lb.
(Small-leaved or She Ironbark). Used for fencing, but being easier to work it may be used in carpentry in many ways; first-class fuel. 120 feet.
- E. Pillularis** (Blackbutt) .. 15s per lb.
Wood like Stringybark, and used for similar purposes; make good spars used for shipping; inferior fuel. 150 to 200 feet.
- E. Piperita** (Peppermint Gum) .. 15s per lb.
Attains a diameter of 4 feet; the wood is used for same purposes as other Stringybark trees.
- E. Regnans** (Mountain Ash of Victoria) .. 30s per lb.
A form of E. Amygdalina. The wood is fissile, well adapted for inner building material, etc., but not a strong wood.
- E. Resinifera** (Forest Mahogany) .. 17s 6d per lb.
Very durable and fine for housework;

- E. Robusta** (Swamp Mahogany) .. 15s per lb.
Good for house carpentry. Not durable in the ground, but is not a favourite with the white ant. 150 feet.
- E. Rostrata** (Red Gum of Victoria) .. 30s per lb.
Exceedingly heavy, and durable; lasts equally well above or below ground, or in water.
- E. Saligna** (Weeping Gum) .. 17s 6d per lb.
A fine fencing timber.
- E. Siderophloia** .. 20s per lb.
(Dark or Broad-leaved Ironbark). Valuable for piles, railway sleepers, and for every purpose for which strength and durability are required; even shingles a quarter of an inch thick have been known to last sound on roofs for forty years.
- E. Tereticornis** (Grey or Red Gum) .. 15s per lb.
Very strong, durable hardwood, almost equal to Ironbark; lasts in the ground; inferior fuel. 150 feet.
- E. Viminalis** (Manna Gum) .. 20s per lb.
Used for rails and rough building material. Not so durable as some other Gums; strong.

Casuarina.

The only other timbers so generally distributed as the Gums are what are commonly known as Oaks, though not allied to the Quercus. The following are the most used:—

- C. Torulosa** (Forest Oak) .. 15s per lb.
Largely used for shingles, and greatly in favor for fuel for domestic use; burns to a white ash. 40 feet.
- C. Stricta** (She Oak) .. 15s per lb.
More tough than other species; used for tool handles. 20 to 30 feet.
- C. Quadrivalvis** (Swamp Oak) .. 15s per lb.
Fuel, shingles, and handles. 60 to 70 feet.

Syncarpia.

- S. Laurifolia** (Turpentine) .. 20s per lb.
One of the largest and best timber trees; a most difficult wood to consume by fire; that very destructive worm, the terebra, will not penetrate it; suited for piles or jetties.

Angophora.

- A. Subvelutina** (Apple Tree) .. 20s per lb.
Very durable for indoor work, floorings, etc.; useful for any purpose requiring toughness with lightness. 100 to 120 feet.

Hedge Seeds, Wattles, etc.

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS to LARGE BUYERS.

- African Box Thorn** .. 1s per oz.; 10s per lb.
(Lycium Horridum). One of the best hedge plants, but not suitable for small gardens; very hardy; shoots are armed with strong thorns; plants bear clipping well. Sow in spring, in shallow drills not more than an inch deep. Plant out the rows the following winter.
- Cape Broom** (Aspalanthus Sp.) .. 6s per lb.
A dwarf, furze-like bush, with pretty pea-like flowers; requires similar treatment to Kangaroo Acacia.
- Kangaroo Acacia** (Acacia Armata) .. 6s per lb.
- Osage Orange** (Maclura Aurantiaca) .. 6s per lb.
A deciduous shrub, bearing short sharp thorns. Height 12 feet.
- Acacia Decurrens** (Black or Green Wattle) 2s 6d lb.
- Acacia Pycnantha** (Golden Wattle) 1s 6d per lb.
Both A. Decurrens and Pycnantha are largely grown for the bark.
- Acacia Baileyana** (Silver-leaved Wattle) 8s per lb.
A very pretty ornamental variety.

FRUIT TREES.

WHEN SELECTING FRUIT TREES

Obtain medium sized yearlings, with plenty of fibrous roots, which are much superior to two year old overgrown trees. If fruit is grown for sale, have a larger number of trees of a few approved good sorts, in preference to a larger variety in small lots—small lots of fruit ripening at different times will be much more difficult to market than a large parcel of an even sample. Customers who have no knowledge of the best market varieties should leave the selection to us.

Apples. 1s 3d each; 12s doz.

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

APPLE TREES prefer compact, sandy loam, with shelter from West and South. Stiff clinging land is not suitable, but any good average light soil will give good results. Young trees generally grow too fast, therefore land should not be trenched all over, strong growth should be checked by pinching back shoots in Summer and by Winter pruning.

All our trees are worked on Northern Spy stocks; therefore the blight cannot attack the roots.

ABBREVIATIONS:

SIZE: 1 signifies large; 2, medium; 3, small. USE: K signifies kitchen; D, dessert. SEASON OR TIME OF RIPENING: E, early; M, medium; L, late.

Customers can save time by ordering from numbers only.

APPLES.

- 1 Adams' Pearmain. Beautiful, of excellent quality. 1 D L.
- 2 Alexander. Large, showy. 1 K M.
- 3 American Beauty. Good for all purposes. 1 K D E.
- 4 Aitkin's Seedling. A valuable early variety; ripens about Christmas. 2 K D E.
- 5 American Golden Pippin. Excellent. 2 K D L.
- 6 Annie Elizabeth. Vigorous, fine for export. 1 D K L.
- 7 Baldwin. Grand cold country apple. 1 K D M.
- 8 Baygate Pearmain. Fine quality. 2 E D.
- 9 Beauty of Kent. Large, fine quality. 1 K M.
- 10 Boston Russet. First-rate flavour, rich. 2 D L.
- 11 Buncomb, or Red Winter Pearmain. Fine colour and flavour, grand keeper. 1 K D L.
- 12 Ben Davis. Grand keeper. A1 quality. 2 K M.
- 13 *Carpenter's Nonsuch. Spicy, flavour excellent. 1 K M.
- 14 Celini. Beautiful, excellent, prolific. 2 K D M.
- 15 Christmas Kitchen. Excellent quality. 2 K M.
- 16 Claygate Pearmain. Abundant bearer. 2 D L.
- 17 Cleopatra. Large, crisp, excellent. 1 D L.
- 18 Cornish Gilliflower. Highly flavoured. 2 D L.
- 19 Cox's Orange Pippin. One of the best. 2 D L.
- 20 *Carrington (Smith's). A fine apple, largely grown by orchardists. 2 K D M.
- 21 *Creases (Frampton). Bright red, juicy and rich. 1 K D L.
- 22 *Devonshire Quarrenden. Best early apple, blight proof. 2 D E.
- 23 *Duchess of Oldenburg. A very beautiful and useful variety. 2 K D M.
- 24 Esopus Spitzenberg. Tender and juicy. 1 D M.
- 25 *Five Crown Pippin (London P ppin). Valuable for all purposes. 2 K D L.
- 26 Granny Smith. Heavy bearer, keeps well. 2 K D L.
- 27 Gloria Mundi. Handsome, soft, tender. 1 K M.
- 28 Golden Pippin. Queen of dessert apples. 3 D L.
- 29 Golden Russet. Very rich, high aroma. 2 D L.
- 30 Gooseberry. Fine apple for export. 1 K L.
- 31 Gravenstein. Synonymous with Carpenter's Nonsuch.
- 32 *Irish Peach. Early and good, blight proof. 2 D E.
- 33 Jonathan. Beautiful dessert fruit, rich, juicy. 2 D L.
- 34 Keswick Codling. Productive, early, fine. 2 K E.
- 35 King of the Pippins. Valuable, choice. 2 K D L.
- 36 Kentucky Red Streak. Good and productive. 2 K D L.
- 37 Lemon Pippin. One of the best baking apples. 2 K D L.
- 38 Lord Nelson. Showy and first-rate. 1 K D M.
- 39 Lord Suffield. Handsome and large. 1 K M.
- 40 *Lord Wolsley. Flesh firm and juicy; very fine. Blight proof. 1 D M.
- 41 Margil. Very rich, keeps well. 3 D L.
- 42 Mobbs Royal. Extra large and good. 1 K L.
- 43 *Mags Seedling. Skin yellow; fruit striped, juicy and firm. 2 K D L.
- 44 *Munroe's Favourite. Skin yellow, with reddish brown. 1 K L.
- 45 Maiden's Blush. Tender, pleasant, sub-acid. 1 D K L.
- 46 New York Pippin. Synonymous with Cleopatra.
- 47 Newtown Pippin. Very fine dessert. 2 D L.
- 48 Nonpareil Scarlet. Keeps until spring. 2 D L.
- 49 Norfolk Beefing. Excellent for baking. 2 K L.
- 50 *Northern Spy. Tender, delicious, perfectly blight proof. 1 D L.
- 51 Nickajack. Large, dull red striped, firm, great bearer and keeper. 1 K D L.
- 52 *Peach (Irish). Early, without blight. 2 D E.
- 53 Peasgood's Nonsuch. Large, handsome. 1 K D M.
- 54 Perfection. Richly coloured, fine fruit. 2 D M.
- 55 Pomme de Neige. A famous dessert apple. 2 D M.
- 56 *Prince Bismarck. Large, fine bearer. 1 K D M.
- 57 Prince Alfred. Flesh yellow; firm, and juicy. 1 K D L.
- 58 Red Astrachan. Handsome, aromatic. 1 D E.
- 59 Red Caldwell. A good market apple. 2 K D M.
- 60 Reinette du Canada. Large, showy, excellent. 2 K D L.
- 61 Ribstone Pippin. Fine flavour, cold districts. 2 D L.
- 62 Royal Russet. Excellent for kitchen use. 1 K L.
- 63 Rymen. A splendid culinary apple. 1 K M.
- 64 Rokewood. Flesh white and crisp, prolific. 2 K D L.
- 65 Rome Beauty. Fine shape, hardy, good bearer. 1 K D L.
- 66 Scarlet Pearmain. Beautiful, first-rate. 2 D E.
- 67 *Sharpe's Early. A beautiful new apple. Blight proof. 2 D E.
- 68 Sturmer Pippin. Yellow skin, covered with brownish red russet; flesh rich and crisp. 2 D L.
- 69 Shockley. Yellow, crimson cheek, flesh firm and sweet, large cropper. 2 D L.
- 70 Stewart's Seedling. Flesh white, firm and solid. 1 K L.
- 71 Triomphe de Luxembourg. Synonymous with Reinette du Canada.
- 72 *Trivett's Seedling. Handsome, sub-acid flavour.
- 73 *Twenty Ounce. Greenish yellow, striped. 1 K M.
- 74 Waltham Abbey Seedling. Requires but little sugar. K M.
- 75 Warner's King. Very large and excellent. 1 K L.
- 76 Wealthy. A fine flavoured fruit. 2 D M.
- 77 Winter Pearmain. Excellent market. 2 K D L.
- 78 *Winter Majeting. Firm, agreeable, acid flavour apple. 2 K D L.
- 79 Worcester Pearmain. Highly flavoured. 2 K D E.
- 80 Yorkshire Beauty. Large, bright yellow skin. 1 K E.

Varieties marked * are Blight proof.

Pears.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

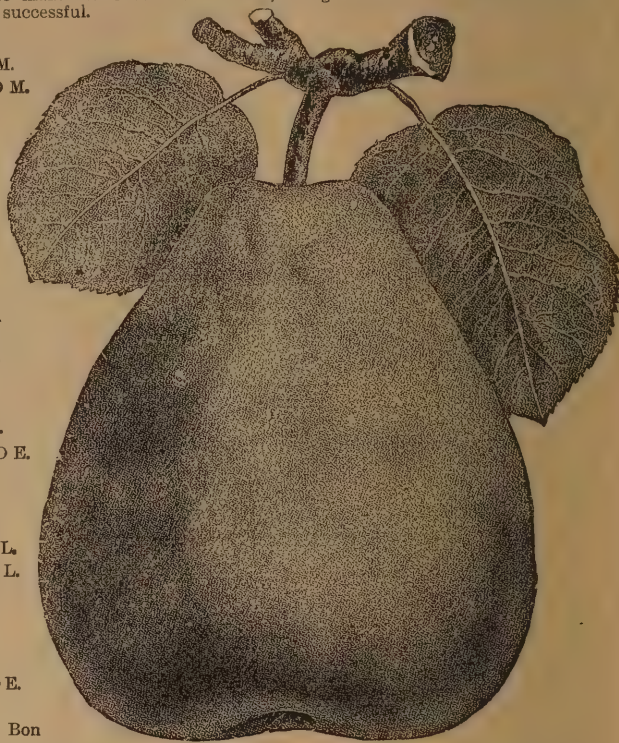
1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

Fifty trees supplied at hundred rate.

THE climate, situation, soil, and cultural notes given for Apples will apply to Pears. Pears will not be in full bearing until the sixth year after planting, and some varieties may not show any signs of bearing even then, in which case it will be necessary to cut back the strong shoots so as to induce the production of spur wood, which produces the fruit. Should this treatment not produce satisfactory results, cut back the main branches in the winter, and graft the same or some other variety upon them in the spring; this plan is generally successful.

- 78 **Bailey's Bergamot.** Fine winter pear. 2 M D.
 79 **Bergamot Gansel.** Melting, rich flavour. 1 D M.
 80 **Beurre d'Aumalis.** Melting, buttery, rich. 1 D M.
 81 **Beurre Bosc.** Rich and aromatic. 1 D L.
 82 **Beurre Brown.** Richly flavoured. 1 D M.
 83 **Beurre de Capaimont.** Fine grained, melting and sweet. 2 D M.
 84 **Beurre Diel.** Tender, melting, rich. 1 D M.
 85 **Beurre Easter.** Melting; late. 1 D L.
 86 **Beurre Rance.** Valuable; late. 1 D L.
 87 **Bon Chretien (Williams').** The Bartlett Pear; perfumed, fine. 1 D M.
 88 **Brockworth Park.** Yellow skin, flesh white and melting. 1 D M.
 89 **Broompark.** Excellent, rich and musky. 2 D L.
 90 **Chaumontel.** Perfumed and melting. 1 D L.
 91 **China.** Good for preserving. 2 D L.
 92 **Citron des Carmes.** White, juicy, fine. 2 D E.
 93 **Clapp's Favourite.** Resembling the Bartlett. 1 D E.
 94 **Colmar d'Auremberg.** Handsome. 1 D E.
 95 **Conference.** Late, fine desert fruit. 1 D L.
 96 **Doyenne Goubault.** Large, rich. 1 D L.
 97 **Duchesse d'Angouleme.** Good, but coarse. 1 D L.
 98 **Elizabeth Cole.** Green skin, flesh very sweet. 1 D L.
 99 **Fertility.** High flavour, very luscious. 1 D M.
 100 **Flemish Beauty.** First-rate, melting. 1 D M.
 101 **Garber's Hybrid.** Very prolific, yellow, good quality. 1 D M.
 102 **Green Chisel.** An old favourite, very prolific. 3 D E.
 103 **Jargonelle.** Best of early pears. 1 D L.
 104 **Keifer's Hybrid.** Cross between Williams' Bon Chretien and China. 1 K D.
 105 **Large Flat Baking.** Hangs very late. 1 K L.
 106 **Lawson.** A beautiful large pear, new. 1 D.
 107 **Le Conte.** Musk flavour, large and fine. 1 E D.
 108 **Le Lectier.** Green skin, flesh white and juicy. 1 D M.
 109 **Louise Bonne of Jersey.** Vinous flavour. 2 D M.
 110 **Madame Cole.** Good for export. 2 D L.
 111 **Magnate.** Flesh yellow, fine, tender; melting. 1 D M.
 112 **Marie Louise.** Rich flavour, superb. 1 D M.



- 113 **Uvedale's St. Germain's.** Large baking, heavy and constant cropper. 1 K L.
 114 **Vicar of Winkfield.** Hardy pear, juicy. 1 K L.
 115 **Windsor.** Hardy; good market pear. 1 D M.
 116 **Winter Nelfis.** Buttery, rich, and prolific.
 117 **P. Barry.** Yellow, white juicy flesh. 1 D L.
 118 **Fame.** New, hardy; good for storing. 1 D L.
 119 **Wilder.** Delicious, reliable bearer. 2 D E.
 120 **Lincoln Coreless.** Exceedingly handsome. 1 D M.

1s 6d each.

Apricots.

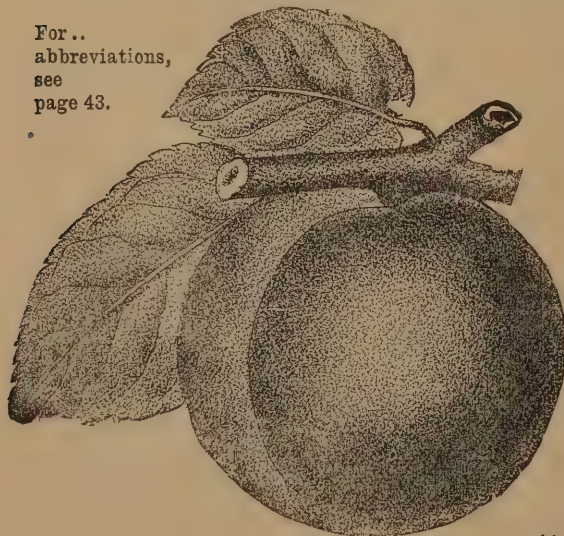
1s 3d each; 12s doz.

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

£4 10s hundred, packing included).

THIS delicious fruit can only be grown successfully in certain parts of the State. The trees require rich, well-drained soil, and should be planted on the highest parts of the orchard.

For ..
 abbreviations,
 see
 page 43.



- 121 **Allen's Early.** Grand variety for marketing. 3 E.
 122 **Campbellfield Seedling.** Hardy, good bearer, and of good quality.
 123 **Canino Grosse.** Tree robust, fine fruit. 1 L.
 124 **Camden Superb.** Fine for canning, prolific. 2 E.
 125 **Denham Court.** Juicy, first-class quality. 1 M.
 126 **Dundonald.** Deep orange, favourite variety. 1 M.
 127 **Early Moorpark.** Juicy, rich, and excellent. 2 E.
 128 **Elruge.** One of the best, flesh firm and juicy. 1 E.
 129 **Grosse Peche.** Rich, juicy, fine. 1 L.
 130 **Hative d'Auvergne.** High flavour, prolific. 2 E.
 131 **Hemskirk.** Rich, like Moorpark. 1 L.
 132 **Kaisha.** Transparent, juicy, and agreeable. 2 M.
 133 **Large Red, Rivers'.** Rich, juicy, first-rate. 1 L.
 134 **Mansfield Seedling.** Rich in flavour. 1 E.
 135 **Moorpark (Temples').** Juicy, rich, excellent. 1 M.
 136 **Neverfail.** Sure cropper, ripening about mid-season.
 137 **Newcastle.** Ripens middle to end of November; fine yellow colour, and heavy bearer. 1 E.
 138 **Orange, or Royal George.** Hardy and good. 2 E.
 139 **Ouillin's Early Peach.** Delicious. 1 E.
 140 **Red Masculine.** Pale yellow, tender and juicy. 3 E.
 141 **Royal.** A fine late variety. 1 M.
 142 **Shipley's (Blenheim).** Very productive. 1 E.
 143 **St. Ambrose.** Large, yellow, red in sun; rich and good; ripens end of November.
 144 **Turkey.** Sub-acid, good for preserving. 2 L.

Nectarines.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

£4 10s hundred (packing include!).

1s. doz. for packing when going long distances. Fifty trees at hundred rate.

Any well and deeply-drained soil will suit this fruit, and, like the peach, it will grow in nearly every part of the State; but it cannot obtain perfection without abundance of moisture in spring and summer.

- 145 **Albert Victor.** Very large, melting, delicious. M.
 146 **Balgowan.** Large, melting, and excellent. E.
 147 **Camden Superb.** Very fine, freestone. E.
 148 **Carrington.** Splendid; medium early. M.
 149 **Early Newington.** Showy and most prolific. E.
 150 **Elruge.** Medium, of the very best. M.
 151 **Hardwicke.** Large; fine colour; freestone.
 152 **Hunt's Tawney.** Flesh yellow and melting. E.
 153 **Irrewara.** The earliest; dark, great bearer. E.
 154 **Late Admiral.** Very large, late variety, prolific. L.
 155 **Lord Napier.** Large size, abundant bearer. E.
 156 **Mrs. Dr. Chisholm.** Beautiful cropper; ripens December; freestone.
 157 **Napoleon.** Beautiful colour, large freestone.

- 158 **Pitmaston Orange.** Large, yellow, excellent. E.
 159 **Red Roman.** Clingstone, good. M.
 160 **Sharpe's.** Early, heavy bearing; freestone.
 161 **Spencer.** Large and good, one of the very best.
 162 **Stanwick.** Large, rich, melting, delicious. L.
 163 **Stanwick Seedling.** Clingstone, fine. M.
 164 **Sydney Market.** Heavy cropper, excellent.
 165 **Victoria.** One of the best, late slipstone.
 166 **Violet Hative.** Large yellow, shaded red. M.
 167 **Early Rivers.** Freestone, flesh tender and juicy. 1 E.
 168 **Cardinal.** Prolific, brilliant colour. ME
 169 **Goldmine.** Flesh juicy and melting, splendid flavour. 1 L.

1s 6d each,
15s doz.

Peaches.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

SANDY loam is the best, but any soil will produce good peaches if it is well drained, in nearly any district in N.S.W. As the young trees make very strong growth during the summer, it is desirable to rough prune them while they are growing; all strong, superfluous shoots or branches should be cut right out, and all long shoots which remain should be shortened back, the object being to induce the production of spurs or small wood, which yield the fruit. The tree should be carefully gone over in the winter and the pruning finished.

In order to prevent disappointment to our customers, we would point out that there is very little difference either in the fruit or the period of ripening of the following varieties:—**Alexander, Briggs' Red May, High's Early Canada, Mountain Rose, Waterloo.**

- 170 **Alexander.** A fine, large, early peach. E.
 171 **Braddock's.** Handsome; flesh white, juicy. E.
 172 **Brandy Wine.** Yellow flesh, freestone. L.
 173 **Briggs' Red May.** Very best early peach. E.
 174 **Camden Golden.** Fine late peach of excellent quality
 175 **Camden Superb.** Early red variety, coming in about Christmas; clingstone.
 176 **Comet.** Large, yellow, juicy, ripens March; freestone.
 177 **Crimson Galande.** A very fine peach; freestone.
 178 **Devlin's.** Synonymous with Camden Superb.
 179 **Downing.** Beautiful, early, ripens December.
 180 **Duke of Edinburgh.** Slipstone, excellent. L.
 181 **Early Crawford.** Large, yellow, crimson cheek. E.
 182 **Early Newington.** Medium, rich, agreeable. E.
 183 **Early Rivers.** Very early, rich, and juicy.
 184 **Early York.** White skin, flesh juicy, freestone. M.
 185 **Elberta.** Yellow-fleshed, sweet, for either dessert or canning.
 186 **Flat China.** Earliest peach for market. E.
 187 **Foster.** Splendid for canning; yellow.
 188 **Frazer's Newington.** Large, highly coloured, clingstone, ripening January.
 189 **Fulton.** Large, yellow, with red bloom; white flesh, firm, and juicy; late clingstone.
 190 **Gold Dust.** Yellow flesh, solid, cling. L.
 191 **Grand Admirable.** Yellow, fine flavor, rich, juicy. 1 M.
 192 **Grosse Mignonne.** Fine mid-season peach. M.
 193 **Hales' Early.** High-flavoured, juicy, freestone, ripens Christmas.
 194 **Hawkesbury Champion.** Late freestone, ripens March, fine flavour.
 195 **Henrietta.** Yellow, great cropper, handsome.
 196 **High's Early Canada.** Very fine. E.
 197 **Italian Red.** Extra large and excellent. L.
 198 **Italian Yellow.** One of the largest, splendid. L.
 199 **Jupp's Wonder.** Large, red clingstone, very juicy.
 200 **Lemon Cling.** Medium size, firm, good canning variety. L.
 201 **Lord Palmerston.** Large, firm, high flavor. L.
 202 **Lady Palmerston.** Yellow, flushed with red. L.
 203 **Lady Ingold.** A large, handsome, yellow variety.
 204 **McDevitt's Cling.** Very large, splendid for canning. L.
 205 **Mountain Rose.** Large, good. E.
 206 **Muir.** Large, yellow, fine for canning. M.

- 206 **Nicholl's Orange.** Large, round fruit, juicy and rich. L.
 207 **Princess Royal.** Clingstone, large and good. L.
 208 **Royal George.** One of the best extant. M.
 209 **Royal George Cling.** White, firm flesh, melting. M.
 210 **Salway.** Yellow skin, red in sun, fine flavour, freestone, ripens March.
 211 **Sea Eagle Improved.** Large, pale yellow flesh, freestone. L.
 212 **Shanghai.** Large, good for market. L.
 213 **Shanghai Red.** Like Old Shanghai, except color. L.
 214 **Susquehanna.** Yellow, very prolific, and good.
 215 **The Globe.** Large, yellow, highly spoken of.
 216 **Triumph.** A valuable acquisition. M. 1s 6d each.
 217 **Waterloo.** Melting; A. E.
 218 **Wonderful.** Yellow flesh, tender, juicy, freestone. L.



FOR ABBREVIATIONS, see page 43.

Cherries.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

ON MAZZARD STOCK.

CHERRIES thrive exceedingly well in our cooler districts. The best soil for the Cherry is one not over rich, but free or friable, a sandy loam having the preference—a well-drained subsoil being essential to success; clays or any strong, stiff soils that will hold water are unfit for its culture.

- 219 Archduke. Large, very rich, and good.
 220 Bedford Prolific. Large fruit, tender and rich. E.
 221 Belle d'Orleans. Flesh yellow, tender, juicy. One of the best and earliest cherries.
 222 Bigarreau. Large and richly flavoured.
 223 Bigarreau Napoleon. Large, late, richly flavoured.
 224 Bigarreau Twyford. Bright red, flesh firm. E.
 225 Bigarreau Black. Large fruit. L.
 226 Black Republican. Solid flesh; juicy. L.
 227 Black Eagle. Medium size, rich and delicious.
 228 Black Heart. An old favourite.
 229 Black Tartarian. Large, half tender, and rich.
 230 Centennial. Very large fruit, firm. E.
 231 Californian Advance. Large, heavy cropper. E. 2s each
 232 Chapman. Large, and good bearer. E. 2s each.

- 233 Claremont. Very fine, pale, large, and early.
 234 Early Purple Gean. The earliest variety known; fruit dark, and the tree a great bearer.
 235 Early Lyons. Deep red flesh, juicy. E.
 236 Florence. Large, richly flavoured, and late.
 237 Kirkland's Mammoth. Very large, late, juicy, magnificent cherry.
 238 Late Duke. Very fine, late and prolific.
 239 May Duke. Very good, fine cropper; surest bearer in Sydney climate.
 240 Morello. Large, best for preserving.
 241 Reine Hortense. Flesh tender and juicy. L.
 242 St. Margaret's. Large, firm, sweet, sub-acid.
 243 Werder's Early Black. Very large, tender, juicy.

Figs.

1s 3d each; 12s. doz.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

THESE require no special treatment, and, provided the soil is good and fairly moist, it will produce fine fruit. If the Fig is grown near the house, where it can be abundantly watered from the wash-house, it will produce enormous crops of fruit, give a fine shade, and form a shelter. It requires little pruning.

- 244 Black Genoa. Large, juicy, and rich.
 245 Black Provence. Small, rich, abundant bearer.
 246 Brown Ischia. Medium size, rich and prolific.
 247 Brown Turkey. Luscious, good for drying.
 248 Brunswick. Very large, rich, and excellent.
 249 Castle Kennedy. Large and handsome, early.

- 250 De L'Archeipel. Large, pear shaped, syrupy.
 251 Early Violet. Small, sweet, and abundant.
 252 Green Ischia. Very hardy, purple flesh, good.
 253 Marseilles White. Fine for drying.
 254 Violet Grosse. Large and excellent.
 255 White Adriatic. Large size, red flesh, rich.

Plums.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

PLUMS thrive in our cool highlands. Any good soil will suit them so long as the subsoil is porous and well drained. We highly recommend the beautiful Japanese varieties for quality and appearance. Plums require to have their long shoots stopped during the growing season, so as to produce spur wood

- 256 American Damson. Juicy, sweet, and rich. K L.
 257 Angelina Burdett. Large, richly flavoured. D M.
 258 American Red. Ornamental, early. K D E.
 259 Belgian Purple. Excellent. K D E.
 260 Bradshaw. Large, handsome fruit, new.
 261 Bryanstone Gage. Equal to Green Gage. D M.
 262 Clyman. Very fine, rich, and delicious. 1 E D.
 263 Coe's Golden Drop. Very large, excellent. K D M.
 264 Coe's Late Red. Small, round, good. D L.
 265 Crittendon's Damson. Very prolific, yellow flesh, juicy. 2 K L.
 266 Denison's Superb. Equal to Green Gage. D E.
 267 Diamond. Large, best preserving. K L.
 268 Early Tibbets. Juicy and prolific. D E.
 269 Early Orleans. Medium, juicy, sweet. K D E.
 270 Evans' Early. Juicy, rich, excellent. 1 M D.
 271 Felleberg. Large, oval, excellent. K D M.
 272 Gage, Green. Medium size, rich. D E.
 273 Gage, Purple. Medium size, excellent. D M.
 274 Gage, Yellow. Handsome, rich, and juicy. 2 M D.
 275 Grand Duke. Purple skin, yellow flesh, very rich. 1 D L.
 276 Imperiale de Milan. Fine dessert. K D L.
 277 Late Black Orleans. Excellent late plum. D L.
 278 Louthborough. Black, very prolific.
 279 Magnum Bonum, Red. Heavy cropper. K M.
 280 Magnum Bonum, Yellow or White (Egg). Very large, good preserving. K M.
 281 Monarch. New English variety, very fine. 1 L D.
 282 Pond's Seedling. Red, valuable. K D L.
 283 Prune d'Agen. The prune of Commerce. K L.
 284 Prince Englebert. Delicious preserved. 1 K M.
 285 Prince of Wales. Prolific and good. K D M.
 286 Quetsche St. Martin. Yellow prune plum. D L.
 287 Reine Claud de Bavey. Large, excellent. D L.
 288 Silver Prune. Large; the best for canning.
 289 Sultan. Flesh greenish yellow, sweet. 2 D L.
 290 The Czar. Large, purple, early market plum.
 291 Washington. Large, excellent preserving. D K M.



For ..
 abbreviations,
 see
 page 43.

Prune Plums.

- 292 Felleberg.
 293 D'Agen.
 294 Golden Drop.
 295 Giant. The largest variety known.
 296 Pacific. Unsurpassed for drying.
 297 Splendor (Burbank's Best).
 298 Silver.
 299 Tragedy. Large fruit, flesh yellow.

This list is specially recommended as the best varieties for making prunes.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

- 300 Apple. Striking appearance, good keeper.
 301 America. Prolific, glossy red, delicious.
 302 Blood. Large, mottled, flesh red, delicious.
 303 Botan. Large, bright red.
 304 Burbank. Large, cherry red, flesh deep orange, juicy and sweet; early.
 305 Chalco. Flat fruit, reddish purple, sweet.
 306 General Saigo. Very handsome, golden yellow, flesh white, rich flavour, superb.
 307 Gold. Golden, firm flesh and juicy; good for market; ripens end of January.
 308 Hale. Orange mottled red, superb.
 309 Kelsey. Valuable, and one of the best.
 310 Large Red. Deep red; a valuable variety; large; one of the best.
 311 Ogon. Large yellow round fruit, skin rich amber, yellow flesh, firm, and fine flavour; heavy cropper.
 312 October Purple. Fruit round, distinct flavour.
 313 Prunus Pessardii. Small red fruit; ripens very early, and can be eaten when half grown; leaves red bronze, purple wood.
 314 Prunus Simonii. A magnificent fruit, large and flat, crimson skin, yellow flesh, with a fine flavour.
 315 Satsuma. The best of the Blood Plums; fruit medium and round, flesh dark red; very heavy bearer.
 316 Wickson. Excellent; keeps and ripens well.

Persimmons or Date Plums.

1s 6d each.

COLONIAL GRAFTED.

A TOMATO-SHAPED fruit with a thin skin; flesh, when ripe, delightfully sweet and luscious. Is a dwarf tree-shrub, which will grow in nearly any part of our State; prefers a warm climate, but will not be injured by slight frosts.

Varieties that ripen naturally on the tree.

- 317 Carrington. Pointed, fine flavour, one of the best.
 318 Dai Dai Maru. Large size, orange skin, yellow flesh, nearly seedless, early.
 319 Goshozaki. Flattened, juicy.
 320 Hiyakume. Early, oblong, large, 5 x 2 inch.

- 321 Kurokuma. Flattened, early, highly flavoured.

- 322 Jubilee. Medium early; very good variety.

Varieties that do not ripen naturally.

- 323 Hachiya. Elliptical, yellow.

- 324 Tanenashi. Yellow, oblong, seedless.

- 325 Yemon. Flattened, yellow, with rose colour.

Quinces.

1s 3d each; 12s doz.

1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

£4 10s hundred (packing included).

Fifty trees at hundred rate.

Most useful fruit for preserves and culinary purposes generally, and may be grown in poor soils, where ordinary fruits will fail; very hardy, and makes a fine tree when fully grown.

- 326 Apple-shaped. Excellent for stewing.
 327 Champion. Large and good; late.
 328 Large Portugal. Very large and good.
 329 Masters' Early. Earliest of all; very large.
 330 Orange. Small, round fruit; early.
 331 Pear-shaped. Large and good.

NEW VARIETIES.

- 332 Bourgeat. Fruit large, smooth skin, very distinct.

- 333 Fuller. Large and early, highly flavoured.

- 334 Missouri Mammoth. Enormous fruit, pleasant flavour.

- 335 Van Deman. Superior flavour and quality.

Guavas.

1s each.

Or easy culture in districts where the climate is not colder than that of Sydney; preferring good and deep soil, but will grow and do well in any ordinary orchard ground.

- 336 Purple. Delightful fruit, and a handsome shrub; fruit deep purple when ripe, of a delicious flavour.
 337 Parker's Hybrid. Large, superior flavour. 1s 6d
 338 Yellow. The largest of the Guavas.

Loquats.

1s 6d each.

- 339 Gigantea. Japanese variety, heavy cropper.
 340 Early Golden. An early variety, good.
 341 Herds' Large. Enormous.
 342 Japanese.
 343 Mammoth. Very large.

Limes.

1s 6d each, 15s per doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

- 344 East Indian. Large size fruit, and very juicy; heavy cropper.
 345 Persian or Sweet. Sweet and pleasant flavour.
 346 West Indian. Small, best for limejuice.

Citrons.

1s 6d each, 15s per doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

- 347 Bengal. } All varieties of Citrons are very similar;
 348 Common. } they are largely used for preserving.

Shaddocks. 1s 6d each, 15s per doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

- 349 Blood. Large, sweet; excellent for preserving.
 350 Common. Very large, with sour juice.
 351 Manila. Small, juice sweet, tree highly ornamental.

Cherimoyer or Custard Apple.

A DELICIOUS tropical fruit, succeeds well in warm and sheltered situations.

- 352 Rough Fruited. An easily grown and delicious fruit 1 6

Passion Fruit.

- 353 Passiflora Edulis. The well-known Passion Fruit .. 1 0
 354 Tacsonia Mollissima (White Passion Fruit) 1 0

Bananas.

- 355 Cavendishii. Dwarf, delicious flavour .. 2 0
 356 Sapientum. Common Banana, hardy .. 1 6
 357 Sugar. Small fruit, sweet, delicious .. 2 6

Medlars.

1s 6d each.

THRIVES well in N.S.W., requires very trifling attention, and is not particular as to soil.

- 358 Dutch. Very large.
 359 Monstrous. The largest.
 360 Royal. Large and of good flavour.

Currants.

1s each, 9s per doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

THESE fruits are suited only to our cool districts. Black Naples, La Fertile, and La Versailles are the best adapted for culture where the winters are too mild for the general collection.

- 361 Black Naples.
 362 La Fertile. Red.
 363 Lee's Prolific. Black.
 364 La Versailles. Red.
 365 Red Dutch.
 366 White Dutch.
 367 White Imperial. Large fruit.
 368 Carter's Black Champion. Richly flavoured.

Customers can
save time
ordering by
number only.

Mulberries.

- 369 Black or English. Splendid fruit, for any part of the State; luscious fruit; the tree is very ornamental .. 1s 6d and 2s 6d.
 370 Cape. Fast-growing; useful for shelter; fruit small; culinary purposes only .. 1s
 371 Downing's Everbearing. Fruit long, juicy, rich; valuable for cooking only .. 1s 6d
 372 Hicks' Everbearing. Rapid-growing shade tree; fruits freely; sweet sub-acid flavour .. 1s 6d
 373 Prolific. Wonderful bearer; fruit useful for table and kitchen .. 1s 6d
 374 White Chinese. Free-growing; fruits early; useful for silkworm rearing .. 1s

Gooseberries. 1s each, 9s per doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

On the high lands of the State Gooseberries will bear as well as in England. There is no reason why, in our colder climates, Gooseberry culture should not become an important industry.

- 375 Crown Bob. A favourite red variety.
 376 Conquering Hero. A fine, large, red variety.
 377 Greenwood. Large green, thin skin.
 378 General Graham. Large green.
 379 Lord Crewe. Large, late, white.
 380 Leveller. Long, smooth, yellow, very large.
 381 Ploughboy. Long, smooth, light red; fine.
 382 Rifleman. Large fruit, red colour; late, first-rate.
 383 Roaring Lion. Very large, red, oblong variety.
 384 Sulphur. A late yellow variety.
 385 Waterloo. A large white variety.
 386 Warrington. First-rate early red variety.
 387 White Lion. A fine variety.
 388 Whinham's Industry. Very large, dark red.

Miscellaneous Fruits.

- 389 Arabian Date Palm (Phoenix Dactylifera).
 Not generally obtainable .. 1 6
 390 Chinese Raisin (Hovenia Dulcis) .. 1 6
 391 Mango (Magnifica Indica) .. 5 0
 392 Olive. Large green fruiting sorts .. 1 6
 393 Pomegranate (Punica granatum) .. 1 0
 394 Eugenia Myrtifolia } Brazilian Cherry. } 1 6
 395 Eugenia Smithii } .. 1 6

ANY

FOR

12 Assorted Fruit Trees 12/-
 — Priced at 1/3 each —

Oranges, Mandarins, Lemons.

1s 6d each; 15s doz.

1s per doz. for packing when going long distances.

£5 per hundred (packing included).

Fifty trees supplied at hundred rate.

THESE magnificent fruits are now very largely cultivated in our own and the neighbouring States, and with the exception of the cold regions (New England and similar climates), they will grow in nearly every other part of the State, provided they have a good, well-drained soil and a sheltered position. As these trees bear immense crops of fruit, they must be kept growing freely (by artificial means if necessary), and great care must be taken to keep the trees free from scale or coccus, and to remove it directly it appears.

ORANGES.

- 396 **Bahia or Navel.** Large, shy bearer; warm situation.
 397 **Blood or Maltese.** Medium sized, skin deep red, and red juice; early.
 398 **Jaffa.** Excellent, and a constant bearer.
 399 **Joppa.** Large and beautiful fruit, thin skin; juicy pulp, without seeds.
 400 **Mediterranean Sweet.** An excellent orange.
 401 **Parramatta or Queen.** Large, hardy, prolific.
 402 **Rio.** Fine, thin-skinned fruit; juicy, excellent.
 403 **Seville.** Bitter; for preserving.

- 404 **Siletta.** Small, handsome, and good.
 405 **Holdfast.** Hangs a long time; fine large fruit, juicy.
 406 **St. Jago.** Fruit medium, smooth; juicy, fine flavour.
 407 **St. Michael.** Large, thin-skinned; best for export.
 408 **Valencia.** A late orange, but most excellent.
 409 **Washington Navel.** Prolific, equal to the old Navel in size and flavour; hardy.
 410 **White Siletta.** One of the earliest, skin fine and thin, juicy pulp.
 411 **Willis' Siletta.** Thin-skinned, well flavoured.

MANDARINS.

- 412 **Beauty of Glen Retreat.** A most excellent new variety, hardy and free flowering.
 413 **Canton or Scarlet.** Large, crops well.
 414 **Cumquat.** Small; for preserving.
 415 **Emperor.** Large, beautiful fruit; one of the best.
 416 **Thorney.** Small, firm, fine, high flavour.
 417 **Parker's Special.** Early, very solid, smooth skin
 418 **Oonshiu.** From Japan; large fruit, juicy. .. 1 6

LEMONS.

- 419 **Common.** Well known, rough-skinned.
 420 **Eureka.** New, good keeper, heavy bearer.
 421 **Genoa.** An Italian variety; very juicy and good.
 422 **Heong Long.** Fruit very large.
 423 **Lisbon.** The best for all purposes.
 424 **Thornless.** Larger than Lisbon, but coarser.
 425 **Villa Franca.** Oblong, thin-skinned, superior flavour
 426 **Lisbon Variegated.** Vigorous grower and bearer.
 427 **Messina.** Favourite variety; very juicy. } 1s 6d each
 428 **Sicily.** Medium; thin skin, juicy. }

STRAWBERRIES. 5s per hundred (except otherwise quoted).

STRAWBERRIES do best in strong soils, and should be planted in beds. Planting may be commenced in May, and continued till end of July. Rows 4 feet wide, plants 18 inches apart.

- 420 **British Queen.** Fine, high-flavoured variety.
 430 **Edith.** Good cropper, and fine flavour.
 431 **Glenfield Beauty.** Fruit produced in bunches, rich flavor and colour, free grower, excellent.
 432 **Jesmond.** Splendid flavour, handsome appearance, most prolific, blight proof
 433 **Keen's Seedling.** fine flavour, very hardy.
 434 **Laxton's Noble.** Highly-coloured fruit, rich vinous flavour 7s 6d 100
 435 **Mammoth.** Large, early, and excellent.
 436 **Marguerite.** Splendid size, 3½ oz. each fruit.
 437 **My Favourite.** Improvement on "Sharpless"; first-class.
 438 **Royal Sovereign.** Superb variety; large, luscious, deep, scarlet fruit; abundant bearer. 10s per 100.
 439 **The Captain.** Fruit very large, fine flavour.
 440 **Trollope's Victoria.** One of the best.
 441 **White Chilian or Hautbois.** Large bearer, good flavour.



Strawberry, Glenfield Beauty.

441A Japanese Wineberry.

1s each; 10s doz. 1s doz. for packing when going long distances.

Belongs to the Raspberry family; will stand frost and heat; fruit in clusters, and berries enclosed in a "burr," which opens when the fruit is ripe.

Raspberries.

3s doz; 20s hundred; 1s per dozen for packing when going long distances.

A really useful fruit, and of easy culture in the cooler districts of the colony.

- 442 **Antwerp Red.** Large, fine flavour.
 443 **Antwerp White.** Large, mild, sweet.
 444 **Cuthbert.** Sturdy grower, red.
 445 **Northumberland Fill-basket (Thornless).** Deep-red, good size and flavour.
 446 **Victoria.** Large, red, excellent, late.

Blackberries.

1s each.

This fruit ought to be found on every farm and station in the country. The bushes form an admirable, thick, prickly hedge, and its fruit is most useful as dessert or for preserves. Quick-growing; not particular to soil or climate.

- 447 **English.** Fine large fruit, good flavour.
 448 **Laughton.** Large, excellent flavour.
 449 **Himalayan.** Beautiful, fine foliage.
 450 **Loganberry (The Thornless Raspberry-Blackberry).** A hybrid between the Raspberry and Blackberry; fruit as large as the Blackberry, produced in clusters, dark red colour, partaking of the flavour of both fruits. 1s 6d each.

ANY .12.	Assorted Fruit Trees Priced at 1/3 each.	FOR 12/=
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GRAPE VINES. Rooted Plants.

EUROPEAN VARIETIES.

6d each; 30s hundred.

Special Quotations for large quantities.



**NOTE.—The varieties in large type can be supplied on
"Gloire de Montpelier" stocks, 1s each, 10s doz. 75s 100.**



Order by number
only
and save time.

A GRAVELLY, stony, or otherwise well-drained subsoil is essential to the successful growth of the Grape Vine. The following is a selection (chiefly table) of the best known and most useful varieties; all of A1 quality, and will give the very best results.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>451 Barbarossa. Purple, tapering bunches; for cool districts.</p> <p>452 Black Frontignan. Bunches medium size, flesh tender.</p> <p>453 Black Alicant. Very prolific, medium size.</p> <p>454 Black Hamburg. Most useful grape; sure cropper; fine flavour; large.</p> <p>455 BLACK MUSCAT OF ALEXANDRIA OR SNOW'S BLACK MUSCAT. Splendid, delicious.</p> <p>456 BLACK MONUKKA. Bunch large and sweet; table grape.</p> <p>457 Black Prince. Berries large, oval, juicy, good flavour; excellent table grape.</p> <p>458 BOWOOD MUSCAT. The same character as Muscat of Alexandria.</p> <p>459 Buckland's Sweetwater. Large, hardy, early grape.</p> <p>460 Camden Sherry. Very rich appearance and hangs well; fine grape.</p> <p>461 CENTENNIAL. Berries extra large; amber.</p> <p>462 CHAMPION MUSCAT. Handsome, large, round grape, nearly black; tender, juicy, muscat flavour 1s each.</p> <p>463 Chaptal. Bunch and berry large; white juice; excellent.</p> <p>464 Chasselas. Berries sweet and juicy; excellent table grape; greenish yellow; early.</p> <p>465 CHASSELAS ROSE. Bunches long, yellow berries, changing to rose.</p> <p>466 CHASSELAS VIBERT. Large berry, amber colour; rich, juicy.</p> <p>467 Corinth. The Currant Grape of Commerce.</p> <p>468 Crystal. Berry large and round, pale amber.</p> <p>469 Loradillo. Hardy and prolific; rich amber. 1s each.</p> <p>470 EMPEROR. Large bunches, fruit purple; firm 1s each.</p> <p>471 Golden Champion. Berries large, yellowish white, most delicious.</p> <p>472 Gros Guillaume. Bunches large, black; rich flavour; hangs well until late.</p> | <p>473 GROS COLMAN. Bunches and berries extra large, black; a valuable market variety.</p> <p>474 Lady Downe's Seedling. Bunch and berry large; rich.</p> <p>475 LADY'S FINGER. Fruit long and golden amber, and very delicious.</p> <p>476 Lady Hampden. Handsome black fruit, muscat flavour (in limited quantity) 1s 6d each.</p> <p>477 MADRESFIELD COURT. Large berries, muscat flavour.</p> <p>478 Mrs. Hall's Perfection. Owing to drought, our supply is so limited that we cannot offer this variety this season.</p> <p>479 MRS. PEARSON'S GOLDEN QUEEN. Golden yellow berry, luscious.</p> <p>480 MRS. PRINCE'S BLACK MUSCAT. Highest excellence, fine muscat flavour; large berries and bunches.</p> <p>481 MUDGE BLACK SHERRY. Handsome large bunches. 1s each.</p> <p>482 MUSCAT OF ALEXANDRIA. (Gordo Blanco). One of the finest table grapes; pale amber.</p> <p>483 Muscat Troveren. Large amber bunches.</p> <p>484 RED HANNEPORT. Heavy cropper; red-dish purple.</p> <p>485 Royal Ascot. Bunches medium size; early.</p> <p>486 Royal Vineyard. Bunches and berries very long, amber coloured; prolific.</p> <p>487 Shepherd's Reisling. Good table or wine.</p> <p>488 Sultana. Medium size, valuable for Raisin making.</p> <p>489 SYRIAN. Grand grape; immense bunches and berries; juicy and sweet.</p> <p>490 TOMPSON'S SEEDLESS. Resembles Sultana, much larger.</p> <p>491 TRENTHAM BLACK. Melting flesh, rich.</p> <p>492 Ulliade. Very fertile; excellent table grape.</p> <p>493 Waltham Cross. Large berries and bunches, pale amber; good.</p> <p>494 Wantage. Bunches large, pale red; hardy.</p> <p>495 Wax. Amber-coloured, skin transparent, fine flavour.</p> |
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AMERICAN VARIETIES.

6d each.

THESE Vines are free from the attacks of oidium. They are strong growers and heavy bearers, and should have trellis support, with abundance of room, and only be pruned so as to regulate them on the trellises. For wine-making and for preserves they are esteemed, but the flavor is—by some—considered peculiar when used as a dessert fruit.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>496 Anna. Pink, bunch and berry large, sweet, and very prolific.</p> <p>497 Beil's Seedling. An excellent variety of Isabella.</p> <p>498 Catawba. Purple berries, bunch medium; juicy, rich, immense bearer.</p> <p>499 Diana. Bunch and berry large, sweet, very productive</p> | <p>500 Isabella. Best known American grape. Has a peculiar flavour; makes a good wine or jelly. Oidium never affects it.</p> <p>501 Wilder. Bunch and berry large and round, and very productive.</p> |
|--|---|

NUTS OF SORTS.

Almonds.

1s 3d each.

12s per dozen.

It is unaccountable that this nut, so commercially valuable, and so largely consumed in this State, should be so rarely grown among our settlers. It grows with a facility equal to that of the commonest kind of Peach, and requires far less attention than the best kinds of that fruit.

- 502 **Brande's Jordan.** Very large, good bearer.
- 503 **L.X.L.** Nuts large, soft shell.
- 504 **Jordan.** Large.
- 505 **New Nonpareil.** Large and sweet.
- 506 **Paper Shell.** The common sort.
- 507 **Sultana.** Soft shells, superior flavour.

Nuts and Filberts.

1s each.

The undermentioned nuts thrive well on the mountains, between the coast and the Riverina. They will grow well, but produce little fruit, in the immediate neighbourhood of our coast. At Braidwood, and even at Picton and Berima, Hartley, Mudgee, and Bathurst, they bear well.

- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 508 Cob Nut | 511 Northampton Prolific |
| 509 Gosford | 512 Red Filbert |
| 510 Hazel | 513 White Filbert |

- 514 **Spanish Chestnut (Castania Vesca)** 1s 6d
A fine, stately tree, with magnificent foliage; fruits freely, and will succeed admirably in our cooler districts.

- 515 **Japanese Chestnut** 2s each.
Produces good nuts when only four years old.

- 516 **Queensland Nut (Macademia Ternifolia).** 1s 6d each

Walnuts.

- 517 **Juglans Regia.** The English variety 1s 6d each.
- 518 **Juglans Seiboldii.** A Japanese variety 2s each.
- 519 **Juglans Cordiformis.** A flat variety 2s each.

These delicious nuts can be produced in any climate suitable for the Spanish Chestnut, and in colder districts. Young trees are invariably without fibre roots, but customers need not hesitate to plant our stock, as they rarely fail.

Grape Vines cannot be sent into Queensland from N.S.W. under any conditions.

Other fruits are admitted provided they are passed by the Government Experts, who examine all plants and trees on arrival in Queensland.

LIST OF THE BEST

Ornamental and Flowering... Trees, Shrubs and Plants.

OUR plants are all young, vigorous, healthy stock, but some quick growers are sure to become pot bound if grown in pots even for a short season, and we give the following hints on how to prepare them for planting.

Remove the plant from the pot by tapping the edge of the inverted pot on a wooden ledge, remove the drainage and loosen the roots which surround it, also those which may be wound round the ball—if they are very much matted, use a blunt pointed stick to disentangle them, but do not break the ball. Spread out the roots when planting, and water freely.

Our pot plants are sent out in watertight paper pots, to save extra freight, carriage, and packing.

The cost of packing must be added to prices named. The minimum charge is 6d for small orders, but 1s 6d to 2s will cover cost of packing a dozen plants. Our packing is excellent.

Abutilon.

Bou'e de Niede. White. 3 ft.	1 0
Chysostephanum. Distinct bright yellow ..	1 6
Cloth of Gold. Golden. 6 ft.	1 0
Darwini Tessellatum. Leaves variegated green and yellow. 3 ft.	1 6
Emperor. Large flowers, dark crimson	1 0
Golden Fleece. Yellow. 4 ft.	1 0
Hibiscus. Canary yellow, shaded dark rosy violet..	1 0
Lilacum Album. White, shaded lilac	1 6
Mons. Marignac. Delicate rose, reverse of petals of a silvery hue; dwarf	1 6
Rosæflorum. Pink. 6 ft.	1 0
Scarlet Gem. Brilliant red, distinct. 6 ft. ..	1 6
Souvenir de Bonn. Leaves have a beautiful silver margin, flowers orange, veined scarlet ..	1 6
Sawitzii. A very distinct variety, with green palmated leaves, regularly margined with silvery white; a new departure in variegated Abutilons.	1 6
Thompsonii. Deep rich orange, shaded and streaked with crimson	1 0
Thompsonii fl. pl. Double. 6 ft.	1 6
Vexillarium. Yellow and red	1 6
Violet Queen. Bright Violet. 6 ft.	1 0

Handsome evergreen flowering shrubs, of free growth; some of the varieties have variegated leaves, and are very handsome, but the whole family are attractive and profuse bloomers; flowers bell-shaped.

Abelia.

Rupestris. Rose and white. 3 ft.	1 6
Uniflora. Pink. 3 ft.	1 6
Dwarf; free-flowering shrubs.	

Aberia.

Caffra. (Kaffir Apple). 15 to 20 ft.	1 0
Very spiny; most useful for cattle-proof hedge.	

Acacia.

Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle). Silver leaf of great beauty, free flowering	1 0
Cyanophylla. Golden Wattle	1 0
Decurrens. Narrow leaf, strong growing 25 ft. ..	1 0
Dealbata. 15 ft.	1 0
Farnesiana. So-called "Cassie" in S. France ..	1 0
Lophanta. Fern leaved variety	1 0
Mollissima Floribunda.	1 6
Oswaldi	1 6
Parvissima. Orange, very floriferous	1 0
Pycnantha (Golden Wattle). 20 ft.	1 6
Retinoides	1 0
Saligna	1 0

We have selected these from the many species as being exquisitely beautiful and worthy of cultivation.

Acer.

Negunda. 50 ft.	1 0
Purpurea Reitenbachia	2 0
Purpurascens (Purple Sycamore)	1 6
Saccharinum (Sugar Maple)	1 6
Platanoides (Norway Maple). 50 ft.	1 6
Pseudo Platanus (Sycamore or False Plane). 70 ft.	1 6
Polymorphum. Many varieties, beautiful Japanese kinds; variegated leaves	2 6

The first six varieties are quite hardy out of doors, but the Japanese varieties must be grown as pot plants in a bush-house or sheltered position.

Acmena.

Floribunda	1 0
Kingiana	1 0
Pendula	1 0
Beautiful trees, glossy leaves, pretty edible berries.	

Æsculus.

Hippocastanum (Horse Ches'nut). 60 ft. ..	1 0
The Horse Chestnut is very suitable for the colder parts of our State; it is a magnificent shade tree, and requires ample space; it is deciduous.	

Agathæa.

Cœlestis (Blue Marguerite). 5 ft.	1 0
Its flowers are the very counterpart of the Paris Daisy, except colour, which is blue with a yellow disc	

Ailanthus.

Glandulosa (Tree of Heaven). 20 ft. ..	1 6
Very handsome, large foliage, but liable to spots from the roots.	

Alectron.

Excelsum. (New Zealand Oak). 20 ft. ..	1 6
Very ornamental tree.	

Allamanda.

Nerifolia. 3 ft.	1 6
Beautiful dwarf bright yellow flowering shrub, cannot be too highly recommended; very hardy.	

Aloysia.

Citriodora (Lemon-scented Verbena). 8 ft. ..	1 0
The scent of the leaves is delicious, but the flowers are insignificant,	



Abutilon, Souvenir de Bonn.

Amygdalus.

- Persica** .. 1 6
Double flowering peach; white, pink, crimson.

Aralia.

- Papyrifera** (Rice-Paper Tree). 10 ft. .. 1 6
Sieboldii. 10 ft. .. 1 6
Handsome evergreen shrubs, with fine large ornamental foliage; elegant plants for a shrubbery or large garden.

Arbutus.

- Unedo** (Strawberry Tree). 10 ft. .. 1 6
Canariensis. 20 ft. .. 1 6
Known as Strawberry Trees; bear small edible fruit. Handsome hardy shrubs, with laurel-like foliage; they prefer a light, sandy, or peaty soil.

Arduina (Cape Plum).

- Bispinosa**. Large white flowers. 3 ft. .. 1 6
Grandiflora. White. 5 ft. .. 2 0
Beautiful flowering shrubs, with white flowers, strongly scented like the Jasmine, and bearing fruit which, when ripe, has an agreeable sub-acid flavour.

Arundo.

- Donax Variegata** .. 1 6
Beautiful bamboo-like shrub, producing green and sometimes pure white leaves.

Ash (see *Faxinus*).**Aster.**

- Argophyllus** (Musk Aster). 40 ft. .. 1 6
A native of N.S.W.: a hardy evergreen hardwood shrub, and the leaves, when rubbed, have a pleasant fragrance.

Ardisia.

- Crenulata**. Crimson berries, 2 ft. .. 1 6
Beautiful evergreen; bears an abundance of crimson berries; a charming pot plant; requires a sheltered position and moisture; splendid verandah plant.



Ardisia.

Asystasia.

- Shelonoides**. Purple and lilac. 2 ft. .. 1 0

Aucuba.

- Japonica**. 4 ft. .. 1 6
Handsome, hardy, evergreen shrub; leaves pale green, spotted with yellow and shining; will thrive even under trees, and will stand severe frosts.

Bambusa (Bamboo Cane.)

- Arundinacea**. Tall, common. 50 ft. .. 2/6 to 3 6
Falcata. Beautiful plumed species .. 2 0
Humilis. 15 ft. .. 1 6
Nigra (Black Bamboo). 20 ft. .. 1 6

DWARF VARIETIES.—1½ TO 2 FEET.

- Fortunii** .. 1 6
Fortunii Variegata .. 1 6
Fortunii Variegata Aurea .. 1 6
Pioniensis. Dwarf .. 1 6

Bamboos are quite indispensable in improved grounds, as they add a distinct and picturesque feature. They will grow anywhere, in swamps or the dry flats and high lands, if in sheltered situation.

Barkleya.

- Syringæfolia**. Yellow .. 1 6
A remarkably graceful tree, with glossy green leaves and attractive flowers.

Bauhinia.

- Alba**. 6 ft. .. 1 6
Purpurea. 25 ft. .. 1 6
Very showy evergreen flowering shrubs. *Purpurea* is very effective in any garden large enough to display its handsome foliage.

Beech. (See *Fagus*.)**Berberis.**

- Darwini**. 3 to 4 ft. .. 1 6
Dulcis .. 1 6
Fortuni. 4 ft. .. 1 6
Vulgaris (Common Barberry). 8 ft. .. 1 0
Vulgaris Purpurea .. 1 6
The evergreen species thrive under tree shade. *Darwini* is a charming dwarf scrub, with beautiful, small, glossy, prickly foliage and racemes of yellow flowers. *Vulgaris* is the English Barberry.

Boronia.

- Megastigma**. Brown flowers, delightful perfume. 2 ft. .. 1 6
Serrulata (N.S.W. Native Rose). 2 ft. .. 1 6
Megastigma, which is a native of Western Australia, has very light, graceful foliage, brown flowers, with yellow lining; delicate perfume. *Serrulata* Native Rose of N.S.W.

Blue Gum of Tasmania (See *Eucalyptus*).**Brachychiton.** (See *Sterculia*).**Brassia.**

- Actinophylla** (Umbrella Tree) .. 1 6
Tall growing, with handsome large spreading foliage.

Browallia.

- Jamiesonii** .. 1 0
Deep orange-coloured flowers, produced in great abundance during spring and summer. Its foliage is handsome, and it is capable of being trimmed into any form.

Brugmansia.

- Knightii**. White. 10 ft. .. 1 0
Soft-wooded evergreen flowering shrub, hardy only where frosts are not severe; flowers long drooping tubes, often 6 inches; perfume is delightful.

Brunsfelsia. (Franciscea.)

- Americana**. Pure white, sweetly scented. 6 ft. .. 1 6
Eximea. 5 ft. .. 1 6
Latifolia. Blue. 6 ft. .. 1 6
Elegant, free-flowering evergreen shrubs, producing flowers of a variety of colour; they prefer a warm, sheltered situation and light soil, but can be grown in a bush-house.

Buddlea.

- Globosa**. 20 ft. .. 1 6
Paniculata. 20 ft. .. 1 6
A very hardy, quick-growing family of plants, bearing honey-scented blossoms in great profusion. *Paniculata* is a useful plant for breakwind; near the sea it grows freely.

Buxus. (Box.)

- Arborea** (Tree Box) .. 1 6
Sempervirens Alba Variegata .. 1 6
Sempervirens Aureo Variegata .. 1 6
Macrophylla Rotundifolia .. 1 0

Cactus. (See *Epiphyllum*.)**Caesalpinia.**

- Tara**. Crimson .. 1 6

Callistemon. (The Bottle-brush.)

- Lanceolatus**. 8 ft. .. 1 0
Rugulosum. 8 ft. .. 1 0
Glabra. 8 ft. .. 1 0
Colours: Red, crimson, scarlet.

Calodendron.

- Capensis** .. 1 6
Deciduous tree, producing handsome, flesh-coloured, orchid-like flowers.

Calycarpa.

- Rosea** .. 1 6

Calycanthus.

- Floridus** (Allspice). 4 ft. .. 1 6
A deciduous, hardy shrub; flowers have sweet apple scent; the wood and roots, when cut, have a strong smell of camphor; spreading habit.

Camellia. (See Special List.)

Camphora (Camphor.)

Officialis (Camphor Laurel). Beautiful evergreen tree, of quick growth, suitable to our climate; admirable as an avenue tree. 50 ft. .. 1 0

Cantua.

Dependens. Pink. 6 ft. .. 1 6
Pyrifolia. Yellow. 4 ft. .. 1 6

A handsome dwarf, free-flowering, evergreen shrub; flowers long and tuchsia-like.

Cassia.

Candolleana. 15 ft. .. 1 6

Merrylantica. Yellow. 10 ft. .. 1 6

A very pretty evergreen shrub, covered with a profusion of yellow blossoms during the autumn.

Castanospermum.

Australis (Moreton Bay Chestnut). 73 ft. .. 1 6

A native of Queensland, suitable for most parts of N.S.W.; bears saffron-coloured flowers, and makes a handsome tree.

Catalpa.

Speciosa. A showy, rapid growing tree with pyramidal clusters (a foot long) of white and purple fragrant flowers .. 1 6

Syringæfolia. Syringa-leaved, white. 15 ft. 1 6

Ceanothus.

Divaricatus. Blue .. 1 6

Thyrseiflorus .. 1 6

Azureus. Pale blue .. 1 6

Very handsome flowering shrubs, of quick growth and very hardy.

Cedrela.

Australis (Australian Red Cedar). 50 ft. .. 1 6

A magnificent tree of rapid growth.

Cerasus.

Laurocerasus (English Laurel). 20 ft. .. 1 0

Lusitanica (Portugal Laurel). 20 ft. .. 1 6

DOUBLE FLOWERING CHERRY.

Aveum fl. pl. .. 1 6

Caproniana Ranunculiflora .. 1 6

Japonica flore Rosea Pleno .. 1 6

Padus .. 1 6

Virginiana (Choke Cherry) .. 1 6

Chamœcerasus (The Bird Cherry)

Flore Alba .. 1 6

Grandiflora Rosea .. 1 6

Virginalis Alba .. 1 6

The Laurels are old English favourites; they thrive well here if planted in good strong soil.

Ceratonia.

Siliqua (Carob Tree, St. John's Bread, Locust Tree). 16 ft. .. 1 6

Hardy evergreen tree, small red flowers, followed by pods 4 to 5 inches long, useful for stock feeding; has a thick stem, a spreading habit.

Ceratopetalum (Christmas Bush).

Gumniferum (Xmas Bush). 40 ft. .. 1 6

Apetalum. Large flowering, 100 ft. .. 1 6

The Christmas Bush is a gem. The flowers first appear about October, and are white and pretty; they soon after change to pink, and as the petals decay gradually the calyx assumes a deep crimson.

Cercis.

Siliquastrum (Judas Tree). 20 ft. .. 1 6

Siliquastrum Album .. 1 6

Canadensis .. 1 6

The Judas tree is a beautiful, deciduous, flowering tree, producing vivid purple flowers, covering the leafless branches, after which the curiously-shaped leaves appear; requires shelter; not suitable for cold districts.

Cestrum.

Aurantiacum. Orange. 8 ft. .. 1 0

Diurnum. Greenish white. 4 ft. .. 1 0

Purpureum .. 1 0

Nocturnum. White. 6 ft. .. 1 0

Scabra. Purple .. 1 0

Beautiful free-growing and free-blooming evergreen shrubs. Nocturnum has a delightful odour at night.

Chilianthus.

Diosophyllus. White. 10 ft. .. 1 6

A semi-climbing plant, useful for covering unsightly buildings; winter flowering.

Chionanthus.

Virginica (The American Fringe Tree). White .. 2 0

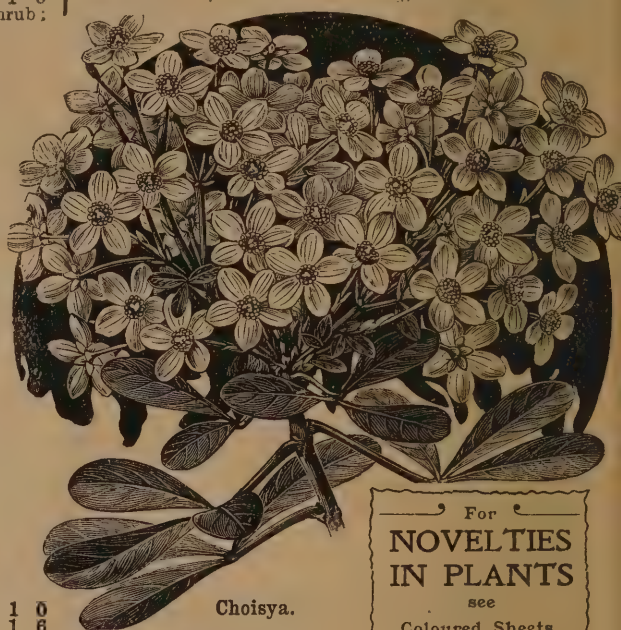
Chimonanthus.

Fragrans. Yellow .. 1 6

Choisya.

Ternata .. 1 6

Dwarf shrub, with flowers like orange blossoms.



Choisya.

For
**NOVELTIES
IN PLANTS**

see
Coloured Sheets.

Chorozema.

Cordata. 2 ft. .. 1 6

A dwarf plant of great beauty, with red or yellow flowers and fine foliage; it can be trained, is of creeping habit, though dwarf, and can be grown in pots.

Christia.

Grandiflora. 5 ft. .. 2 0

A beautiful, compact-growing shrub, with curiously-formed yellow and red flowers.

Christmas Bush (See Ceratopetalum).

Chrysanthemum.

Frutescens Grandiflorum (Marguerite). White .. 1 0

Frutescens fl. pl. Double White .. 1 0

Frutescens Lutea. Yellow .. 1 0

Cistus (Rock Rose).

Albidus Rose .. 1 0

Arboreus .. 1 0

Formosus. Yellow and black. 3 ft. .. 1 0

Purpureus .. 1 0

Serpyllifolius .. 1 0

Charming, free-blooming, evergreen shrubs, with single rose-like flowers of a variety of colour; they will grow anywhere, and should always have a place.

Citharexylum.

Subserratum (Fiddle Wood). White. 6 ft. .. 2 0

Clerodendron.

Glossum. Creamy white. 4 ft. .. 1 6

Trichotum. White and fragrant. 8 ft. .. 1 6

A useful hardy shrub, free blooming.

Clianthus.

Puniceus Albus. Pure white .. 1 6

Puniceus (Parrot's Beak). Crimson. 6 ft. .. 1 6

A hardy, evergreen, soft-wooded shrub; bunches of flowers shaped like a parrot's beak; fine foliage; trailing habit.

Coffea (Coffee).

Arabica (Coffee of Commerce). 4 ft. .. 2 0

Fine evergreen flowering shrub; requires shelter and a warm climate.

Coprosma.

Variegata. Variegated. 6 ft.	1 6
Baueriana Picturata. Orange and green; variegated	1 6
Lucida. Strong grower. 6 ft.	1 0
Handsome evergreen shrubs, with bright shining leaves, some variegated and margined; very hardy, thriving well in either hot or cold districts; thrives splendidly near the sea coast.	

Coronilla.

Emeris. Purple	1 0
Glauc. Yellow. 4 ft.	1 0
Pontaphylla.	1 0
Viminalis	1 0
Pretty little plants, with small evergreen foliage.	

Corynocarpus.

Lævigatus (Karaka Tree of New Zealand). 50 ft.	1 6
A pretty evergreen, producing white flowers and a plum-like fruit.	

Cotoneaster.

Buxifolia. White	1 0
Simonsii. 8 ft.	1 6
Very hardy shrubs, bearing a profusion of berries.	

Cratægus (Hawthorn or May).

Oxyantha Single White. 12 ft.	1 0
Oxyantha Double White. 12 ft.	1 0
Oxyantha Double Pink. 12 ft.	1 0
Oxyantha Red. 12 ft.	1 0

A favourite family in the month of May in the old Country; are more suitable to the cooler districts of N.S.W.
Crenulata 1 0
 This variety bears red berries, like *Ardisias*, and is very pretty for decorations during winter.

Crotolaria.

Trifoliatrum. Yellow	1 6
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Cuphea.

Platycentra. 1½ ft.	1 0
Jorulensis. 3 ft.	1 0
Dwarf flowering plants; old favourites; flowers delicate tubes. <i>Platycentra</i> is the bright scarlet, with black tips.	

Cydonia.

Alba Plena	1 6
Candidissima	1 6
Cardinalis	1 6
Japonica. Scarlet. 6 ft.	1 6
Japonica Alba. White	1 6
Japonica Nivalis. White	1 6
Rosea Plena	1 6
Sanguinea Plena	1 6
Handsome deciduous shrubs; should be largely planted.	

Cyphomandra.

Betacea (Tomato Tree)	1 0
A very ornamental shrub, with large, light green leaves and edible fruit, about the size of a hen's egg—not a true Tomato, however.	

Cytisus (Laburnum).

Adamii. Purple Laburnum	1 6
Canariensis. Golden yellow flowers, sweet-scented	1 0
Nigricans <i>Carlieri</i>	1 6
Vulgare. Yellow Laburnum. 8 ft.	1 0
Charming English flowering trees, which during spring are covered with beautiful pendant racemes of flowers; deciduous; will flower near Sydney in a suitable position, but prefers cold climate.	

Clethra Arborea (Lily of the Valley Tree).

Flowers pure white, compact growth; a very pretty tree. 6 ft. 1 6

Daphne.

Indica Rubra. 3 ft.	1 6
Odora. 4 ft.	1 6
Daphnes prefer a light, moist soil and warm situation; highly perfumed, free bloomers; universal favourites.	

Deeringia.

Amhersti Variegata	1 6
A very pretty variegated shrub, leaves white and green.	

Deutzia (Wedding Bells).

Campanulata	1 6
Candidissima fl. pl. Semi-double flowers. 6 ft. ..	1 6
Corymbiflora	1 6
Crenata fl. pl. 1½ ft.	1 0
Discolor Grandiflora	1 0
Gracilis. 1½ ft.	1 0
Gracilis Campanulata	1 0
Lemoinei Compacta	1 6
Marginata Aurea	1 6
Pride of Rochester. Beautiful double flowers. 4 ft.	1 6
Rosea	1 6
Scabra. 6 ft.	1 0
Venusta	1 0

Beautiful flowering plants, with white flowers and good foliage. *Gracilis* is a little gem, and very dwarf; and *Crenata fl. pl.* is a good companion to it; not evergreen.

Diervilla (Wiegelia).

Alba. White	1 0
Abel Carriere. Rich rosy crimson. 4 ft.	1 0
Amabilis. 6 ft.	1 0
Amabilis Variegata. 6 ft.	1 0
Augustus Wilhelm. Flowers of an intensely dark amaranth red shade. 4 ft.	1 0
Candidissima. White	1 0
Hendersonii. Beautiful crimson flowers, spotted white on edge. 4 ft.	1 0
Hortensis Nivea. Pure white, distinct. 4 ft. ..	1 0
Jean Mace. Very dark crimson purple. 4 ft. ..	1 0
Montesquieu. Reddish crimson flowers. 4 ft. ..	1 0
Beautiful plants; profuse bloomers; require but little attention. Produce fine clusters of tube-shaped flowers of a great variety of colours.	

Diosma.

Ericoides. 3 ft.	1 6
Charming little evergreen plant, with light, feathery foliage, which is, during September and October, studded with small, starry white flowers; the foliage emits a strong perfume when rubbed.	

Diplacus.

Grandiflora. 3 ft.	1 6
A dwarf, yellow flowering shrub; very attractive; evergreen.	

Dombeya.

Dregiana. 8 ft.	1 6
Mollis	1 6
Mastersii	1 6
Evergreen flowering shrubs, good foliage; flowers perfumed, white, yellow eye; require plenty of space.	

Doryanthes.

Excelsa (Gigantic Lily). Handsome native shrub; from the centre of a large tuft of long, thin leaves, it throws up a spike 6 feet in length, which is surmounted by a crown of scarlet flowers. 10 ft.	1 6
Palmeri. A North Australian species, flowering up the stem	1 6

Dracæna (Cordylina).

Australis	1 0
Cannæfolia	1 6
Draco (Dragon's Blood)	1 0
Fragrans. Very ornamental plant for bush-house or verandah	1 6
Nutans	1 6
Stricta	1 6
Foliage plants make handsome specimens; very hardy.	

Duranta.

Alba. White. 6 ft.	1 6
Plumierii. Blue. 6 ft.	1 0
A pretty family of dwarf-growing, evergreen shrubs, very free flowering, and quite hardy; make pretty dwarf hedges.	

Echium.

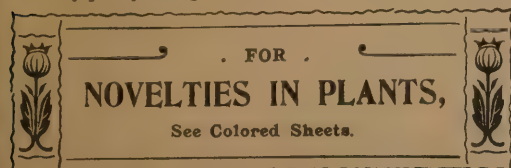
Candicans. 3 ft.	1 0
A very showy plant, producing spikes of flowers 1½ to 2 ft. long, of a rich deep blue colour, shaded with crimson.	

Edwardsia.

Microphylla (New Zealand Laburnum). 12 ft. ..	1 6
Handsome evergreen flowering tree, quite hardy.	

Eleagnus.

Argentus	1 6
Augustifolia. 15 ft.	1 6
Longipes. Very elegant, hardy shrub; the fruit is edible	1 6

Elm (see *Ulmus*).

Epiphyllum (Cactus).

Crenatum. White	1 6
Russelianum. Rose	1 6
Snowfl. Crimson, white centre	1 6
Speciosum. Crimson and purple	1 6
Trancatum. Crimson and purple	1 6

Beautiful plants when in flower, and well suited for dry, sheltered places; requires very little water.

Eriostemon.

Nerifolium. 10 ft.	1 6
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A very beautiful Australian evergreen shrub, producing star-shaped white flowers.

Erythrina (Coral Plant).

Bidwilli. 10 ft.	1 6
Caffra.	1 6
Compacta. Salmon	1 6
Crista Galli Grandiflora. 12 ft.	1 6
Indica. White	1 6
Speciosa. 6 ft.	1 6

Erythrina, or Coral Trees, are splendid objects in large or small pleasure grounds. They will thrive in the poorest soil, or even in barren sand, and are handsome trees even when out of flower.

Erica.

Acclimatized Plants	1s 6d each; 15s per doz.
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These beautiful flowering plants are only suitable for the colder districts of New South Wales, but some of them will succeed in the coastal districts.

Escallonia.

Montavidiensis. White. 20 ft.	1 6
Macrantha. Scarlet. 3 ft.	1 6
Rubra. Pink. 3 ft.	1 0
Sanguinea. Crimson	1 6
Exoniensis. White, dwarf	1 6

Beautiful, free-flowering, evergreen plants, all worth growing. Montavidiensis has white flowers, borne in bunches; it will stand clipping. Rubra is of dwarf habit, deep green foliage, compact and free-flowering.

Eucalyptus.

Calophyllum. Rose	1 6
Citriodora. Lemon-scented leaves	1 0
Corynocalyx. (Sugar Gum)	1 0
Globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum). 100 ft.	1 0
Ficifolia. Bright crimson flowers	1 6
Viminalis	1 0

We list only a few of the ornamental varieties of this large genus. Globulus is the well-known Tasmanian Blue Gum. Ficifolia is one of the most beautiful flowering trees.

Eugenia.

Elliptica (Native Lili Pili). 20 ft.	1 6
Jambosa Malacensis (Rose Apple). 20 ft.	1 6
Myrtifolia. White, with crimson fruit	1 6
Smithii (Lili Pili)	1 0
Ugnii. White. 3 ft.	1 6

Beautiful myrtle-leaved evergreens; rather slow growing, but ornamental; some varieties have blue and purple berries.

Euonymus.

Alba Variegatus. 12 ft.	1 6
Aureo Marginatus	1 6
Argenteus Marginatus. 6 ft.	1 6
Japonicus. 12 ft.	1 6
Radicans Variegatus. 4 ft.	1 0

A handsome family of evergreen shrubs, with fine shining foliage. Radicans Variegatus is beautifully marked with gold.

Euphorbia (Crown of Thorns).

Splendens. 4 ft.	1 6
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Curious and beautiful plant, of dwarf habit. The shoots are hard and woody, with diminutive leaves and strong prickles; bright crimson flowers, produced in trusses, being nearly always in flower.

Eupatorium.

Serulatum. 2 to 3 ft.	1 0
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Of compact habit, quite hardy; terminal shoots produce a truss of buds of a rosy pink colour; on opening, these display rosy anthers. A charming plant.

Eupomatia.

Laurina. 12 ft.	1 6
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An evergreen shrub, bearing curious flowers and foliage; a native of Australia; flowers perfumed.

Fabiana.

Imbricata. White; very hardy. 4 ft.	1 6
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Very handsome, hardy, evergreen, heath-like flowering shrub, of erect rigid growth.

Fagus (Beech).

Sylvatica. 60 ft.	1 0
Sylvatica Cupreus. Copper coloured	2 0
Sylvatica Purpureus. 50 ft.	1 6

Beautiful deciduous tree, largely grown in England; leaves, of a beautiful green, cover the tree with dense foliage in the spring and summer; only suitable for the moist districts of the State.

Felicia.

Angustifolia. Lilac. 2 ft.	1 6
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A very pretty spring flowering shrub.

Ficus.

Macrophyllia (Moreton Bay Fig). 100 ft.	1 0
Australis. 60 ft.	1 0
Elastica (True India-rubber Tree). Very fleshy leaves, not quite hardy; makes a beautiful pot plant	2 6
Parcelli. Beautiful variegated foliage	2 0
Benjaminii (Queensland Weeping Fig). A very handsome tree	1 6
Religiosa. 25 ft.	1 6

The Moreton Bay Fig is one of the best known trees in the State; handsome evergreen, of rapid growth; likes warm climate. Australis is small-leaved, not so free growing as Macrophyllia, but of a dense growth. The Weeping Fig of Queensland is only suitable for warm districts.

Forsythia.

Viridissima	0
Variegata Aurea. 5 ft.	1 6

Very showy, yellow, flowering shrub.

Fourcroya.

Gigantea Variegata (The Giant Agave)	1 6
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Ornamental for lawns or large shrubberies; when full grown produces enormous fleshy, spiked leaves, and throws up a flower stem 30 ft., crowned with white flowers.

Fraxinus (Common Ash).

Excelsior. 50 ft.	1 0
Excelsior Aurea. 50 ft.	1 6

A native of Britain; hardy and deciduous; prefers cool climate.

Gardenia.

Fortunii fl. pl. 4 ft.	1 6
Globosa. Flowers white and globular; very handsome shrub. 6 to 8 ft.	1 6
Intermedia. White; very free grower	1 6
Magnifica. 4 ft.	1 6
Radicans. 1 ft.	1 6
Thunbergi. 12 ft.	1 6

Evergreen dwarf flowering shrubs; foliage of a beautiful dark glossy skin, lovely pure white flowers, deliciously fragrant. Globosa is a tall-growing shrub of great beauty. Not particular as to soil, but requires a warm situation.

Garrya.

Olivaformis. 8 ft.	1 6
Sulcata (American Hickory Nut). 40 ft.	1 6

Genista.

Alba. The white flowering broom; a very floriferous shrub. 8 ft.	1 6
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Pretty dwarf, hardy, flowering shrubs, good foliage.

Gleditshia.

Horrida (Honey Locust Tree). 30 ft.	1 6
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Splendid deciduous tree.

Grewia.

Occidentalis. Lilac purple; 8 ft.	1 6
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Beautiful semi-tropical flowering tree shrub.

Goldfussia.

Anisophylla. 3 ft.	1 0
Glomerata. 3 ft.	1 0

Dwarf and very pretty evergreen; flowers of rich lavender.

Graptophyllum.

Earlii. 10 ft.	1 6
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A very pretty red flowering shrub from Queensland.

Grevillea.

Robusta (Silky Oak). 40 ft.	1 6
Dallachiana. Red and white. 3 ft.	1 6
Fosteri	1 6

Grevillea Robusta, or Silky Oak, is a great favourite; grows remarkably quick; is very handsome and fragrant when in blossom; thrives best sheltered among other trees. All the family are worth planting.

Habrothamnus.

Elegans. 6 ft.	1 0
Scaber. Deep crimson	1 0
A showy family of soft-wooded scrubs, allied to Cestrams; they are free-flowering and very hardy; flowers in bunches.	

Hakea.

Eucalyptoides. Scarlet. 12 ft.	1 6
Suaevolens. White. 8 ft.	1 6
Eucalyptoides blooms during winter, and is a very showy shrub. Suaevolens is one of the best and hardiest shrubs to plant near the sea coast.	

Halesia.

Tetraptera (Snowdrop or Silver Bell Tree). White. 15 ft.	1 6
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Hardenbergia.

Alba. 3 ft.	1 6
Ovata. Blue	1 0
A lovely shrub, bearing a profusion of white flowers.	

Hawthorn (See Cratægus).**Hedysarum.**

Multijugum	2 0
Pretty flowering, hardy perennial plants, easily grown, prefer good, deep soil.	

Heliotropium (Heliotrope)

Aureum Variegatum. Golden-leaved variety	1 0
Peruvianum. 2 ft.	1 0
President Garfield. 2 ft.	1 0
Priapo. Bishops blue, with white eye; charming	1 6
Roi de Noires. Very dark	1 0
Triumph de Leigh. 3 ft.	1 0
White Lady. 2 ft.	1 0

Most favourite group of dwarf-growing, flowering plants; flowers of several shades of blue—some have variegated leaves, and the flowers of all have a delightful perfume; should be in every garden.

Hibiscus.

Camdeni. Single red. 6 ft.	1 6
Chrysanthus. Large golden yellow flowers, with a purple crimson spot at the base. 4 ft.	1 6
Cooperi. Red and white variegated	1 6
Elatus. Large white flower, with dark eye; very showy. 20 ft.	1 6
General Courteges. Scarlet, large	1 6
Grandiflorus. Crimson, black eye	1 6
Hulkei. Rosy pink; large. 5 ft.	1 6
Lambertii. Double red	1 6
Lutea, fl. pl. 10 ft.	1 6
Manyhot. Large, yellow, with black eye	1 6
Mutabilis (Chinese Rose, fl. pl.), Double pink	1 6
Mutabilis Alba, fl. pl. Double white	1 6
Pacificus. Creamy white, dark eye	1 6
Pedunculatus. Erect branched habit, hairy stem; flowers bluish or rose-coloured. 6 ft.	1 6
Rosa Sinensis. Large scarlet flowers; handsome	1 6
Splendens Variegata. 6 ft.	1 6
Splendens. 6 ft.	1 0
Syriacus Alba. 5 ft.	1 0
Syriacus Alba Marginata. Variegated, leaved, very showy	1 6
Syriacus Purpureus Plenus. Double purple	1 6
Syriacus Alba Luteola Plena. 8 ft.	1 6
Syriacus Double Light Violet. 6 ft.	1 6
Syriacus Pæoniæflora	1 6
Syriacus Violareus Atropurpureus Flore Plenissimo. 6 ft.	1 6
Syriacus Boule de Feu (Ball of Fire). 6 ft.	1 6
Hibiscus are absolutely indispensable in flower garden or shrubbery, requiring little attention; flower in any soil, with or without shelter, produce a profusion of lovely large flowers.	

Holly (See Ilex).**Horse Chestnut (See Æsculus).****Humulus.**

Lupulus (Hop of Commerce)	1 0
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Hydrangea.

Cyanoclada. Dark Blue.	1 0
Hortensis. 4 ft.	1 0
Hortensis Variegata. 3 ft.	1 0
Japonica. 4 ft.	1 0
Okatska. Pink. 4 ft.	1 0
Paniculata Grandiflora. White. 4 ft.	1 0
Thomas Hogg. Pure white. 4 ft.	1 0

Beautiful hardy shrub. If grown in a shady position, the soil being moist, the flowers of Hortensis will be blue; if exposed and dry they are generally pink. H. Variegata is a handsome white and green foliaged plant; very attractive.

Hibiscus
Varieties.**Hypericum.**

Moserianum. Bright yellow	1 6
Moserianum Var. Tri. Leaves are beautifully edged with white and brilliant red	2 0
Charming dwarf flowering plants, not more than 4 ft. producing their flowers in heads, and in great abundance all over the plant, very hardy.	

Hymenospermum.

Flavum. A splendid tree; hardy, with beautiful foliage; fragrant yellow flowers. 20 ft.	1 0
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Ilex (Holly).

Aquifolium (English Holly)	1 0
Alba Marginata (Silver Holly)	1 6
Aurea (Golden Holly)	1 6
Cornuta (Chinese Holly)	1 6
Ferox Argentea Variegata	1 6
Opaca	1 6
Paraguayensis (Mate Tree Plant of S. America)	1 6
A beautiful tribe of evergreen shrubs, with bright green foliage, generally prickly, and in winter the first four produce bright red berries. Thrive in almost any part of the State.	

Illicium.

Anisatum (Aniseed Tree)	1 6
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Indigofera.

Australis. Pink. 4 ft.	1 6
Decora. Pink and white; a very pretty little plant. 2 ft.	1 6

Inga.

Pulcherrima. Scarlet, tassel flower	1 6
Beautiful shrub, with mimosa-like foliage and magnificent scarlet flowers.	

Jacaranda.

Mimosæfolia	1 6
Magnificent tree, producing beautiful lavender flowers; foliage graceful; deciduous; 50 or 40 ft. when full grown.	

Jasminum.

Fruticans (Yellow Jasmine). 8 ft.	1 6
Gracilis. White. 5 ft.	1 0
Grandiflorum. White. 10 ft.	1 6
Nudiflorum. Yellow, 5 ft.	1 0
Officinale. White, 8 ft.	1 0
Poicoicum. White, large, star-like flowers	1 6
Souvenir de Poiteau. Cream flowers, and berries of bluish colour; great profusion	1 0
Beautiful, hardy, evergreen shrubs, with a profusion of flowers; very fragrant; should be in every garden.	

Jochrama.

- Grandiflora Blue** 1 6
Violet flower; very hardy and handsome flowering shrub.

Justicia.

- Adhatoda.** White. 4 ft. 1 0
Carnea. Rose colour 1 0
Magnifica. Pink 1 0
Showy class of plants; very free blooming.

Kerria.

- Japonica fl. pl.** 1 0
Handsome shrub; double yellow flowers.

Lagerstræmia.

- Indica.** Pink. 20 ft. 1 6
Indica Alba. White. 10 ft. 1 6
Splendid flowering, hardy, deciduous shrub; the flowers are very handsome.

Lagunaria.

- Patersoni.** 20 to 30 ft. 1 6
Most suitable tree for shelter from sea breezes. It courts the sea wind, and will lean towards the quarter from which the wind blows. A native of Norfolk Island; beautiful pale pink flowers.

Lantana (in variety) 1 0**Lasiandra.**

- Grandiflora** 1 6
Heteromala. Blue 1 6
Macrantha. Deep blue. 6 ft. 1 6
Rosea. Pink; very profuse bloomer 1 6
Free-flowering, slender, evergreen shrubs; free growers, producing lovely single flowers; require a sheltered situation.

Laurus.

- Nobilis (Sweet Bay).** 30 ft. 1 6
Beautiful evergreen, of easy culture; the leaves have strong seasoning properties.

Lavandula.

- Spica.** Common Lavender 1 0
Staechas. French Lavender 1 0

Leycesteria.

- Formosa Variegata** 1 6
Handsome dwarf shrub.

Libonia.

- Floribunda.** Orange and red 1 0
Fine free-flowering plant.

Ligustrum.

- Chinensis.** White. 15 ft. 1 0
Foliis Argenteis Pictis 1 6
Japonicum. 5 ft. 1 6
Lucidum. 20 ft. 1 6
Ovalifolium Aureum Elegantissimum 1 6
Robustum Marginatum Aureum 1 6
Sinensis Minum Foliis Variegatus Aureis 1 6
Variegatum. 8 ft. 1 6

Ligustrums, or Privets, are useful in shrubberies; they are frequently used for ornamental hedges; they stand exposure well, and will grow in most soils. Some of them are pretty shrubs.

Lilac (See Syringa).**Linum.**

- Trigynum** 1 0
A handsome, dwarf, yellow, flowering shrub.

Liriodendron.

- Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree).** 60 ft. 1 6
Elegant, hardy, deciduous tree; large flowers, variegated with green, yellow, and orange; fragrant, splendid foliage; hardy and suitable for all parts of N.S.W.

Lophostemon.

- Australis.** 40 ft. 1 6
A handsome shelter tree, suitable for planting with pines and camphor trees.

Lotus.

- Pelyorhinchus** 1 6
Beautiful shrub, hardy and profuse bloomer.

Macadamia.

- Ternifolia (Queensland Nut)** 1 0
Yielding an edible nut of good flavour; it is also a very ornamental tree; fine foliage.

Mackaya.

- Bella.** Lilac 1 0

Magnolia.

- Grandiflora.** White. 25 ft. 1 6
Anonocfolia. Chocolate, evergreen. 8 ft. 1 6
Conspicua. Purple and white, deciduous. 20 ft. 1 6
Purpurea. Purple and white, deciduous. 15 ft. 1 6
Bicolor. 10 ft. 1 6
Fuscata. Yellow 1 6

Magnolias deserve a place in every garden. Grandiflora is evergreen, and produces lovely, large, pure white flowers. Anonocfolia is a pretty shrub, having pale, chocolate-coloured flowers and a delightful odour, resembling port wine. Purpurea, Conspicua, and Bicolor are deciduous, with large purple and white tulip-shaped flowers.

Malus (The Double Flowering Apple).

- Atrosanguinea.** 10 ft. 2 0
Augustifolia fl. pl. 10 ft. 2 0
Floribunda. 10 ft. 2 0
Parkmani. 10 ft. 2 0
Scheideckerii. 10 ft. 2 0
Spectabilis Alba fl. pl. 10 ft. 2 0
,, **Rosea fl. pl.** 10 ft. 2 0

These are without doubt a decided acquisition; they will prove to be very ornamental wherever planted.

Maple (See Acer).**Melalueca.**

- Hypericifolia (Tee Tree).** Scarlet 1 0
Hardy flowering ornamental shrub; most suitable for sea coast.

Melia.

- Azederach (Bead Tree)** 1 0
Suitable for street and ornamental planting.

Menziesia.

- Polifolia.** Purple. 1½ ft. 1 6
Polifolia Alba. 1½ ft. 1 6
Hardy, heath-like plants; flowers white or purple; worthy a place.

Meyenia.

- Erecta.** Blue. 5 ft. 1 6

Murraya.

- Exotica.** 6 ft. 1 6
A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub, with perfumed white flowers, like perfumed orange blossoms.

Musa (Banana).

- Ensete (Abyssinian Banana).** Very handsome, large foliage, with deep red mid-rib; for sheltered situation 1/- to 2 6
Other Varieties offered as Fruits in General List.

Musa Ensete
(Abyssinian
Banana).



Myrtus (Myrtle).

Cummunis. 6 ft. 1 6
A charming plant, with dark green shining leaves, which are highly perfumed if rubbed; flowers white; not hardy in the colder parts. As foliage, myrtles cannot be excelled.

Nandina.

Domestica. 5 ft. 1 6
A pretty hardy, dwarf-flowering shrub, with clusters of flowers and yellow evergreen anthers; afterwards, berries about the size of peas.

Nerium (Oleander).

Album. 15 ft. 1 6
Grandiflora. 20 ft. 1 6
Mdlle. Dubois. Flowers single, pure white, 6 ft. 1 6
Punctatum. Very large, of a beautiful shade of light pink. 5 ft. 1 6
Rosea. 12 ft. 1 6
Splendens Variegatum. Variegated-leaved. 6 ft. 2 0
Beautiful family of flowering shrubs with large clusters of brilliant flowers of a bright rose crimson; also white.

Oak (see Quercus).**Ochna.**

Multiflora. 1 6
A free-flowering shrub, flowers bright yellow; the seed berries are very effective, black on orange ground.

Olea. (Ornamental Olive).

Acuminata. 25 ft. 1 6
Vulgaris. 20 ft. 1 6
Suitable for hedges; fine, dense, dark green foliage.

Osmanthus.

Illicifolius Variegata. 6 ft. 1 6
Small-leaved, holly-like plant, compact habit; the flowers are abundant and very pretty.

Paulownia.

Imperialis. 15 ft. 1 6
A very beautiful, hardy, deciduous tree, with large leaves and abundance of flowers. Corolla, pale violet with dark spots.

Pepper Tree (See Schinus).**Philadelphus (Mock Orange or Syringa).**

Coronarius. 4 ft. 1 0
Gordonianus. Large, single. 6 ft. 1 6
Grandiflorus. 4 ft. 1 0
Grandiflorus fl. pl. Double, very handsome . . . 1 6
Microphyllus. Small-leaved, of dwarf habit; large white flowers, deliciously scented. 4 ft. 1 6
Mont Blanc. Entirely covered with large fragrant flowers. 5 ft. 1 6
Multiflorus Plenus. Large, double. 5 ft. 1 6
Primulæflorus 1 6
Speciosa. Single, sweetly scented. 6 ft. 1 6
Species Pekinensis. Introduced from the mountains of Pekin 1 6
Beautiful hardy plants, bearing single and double white flowers. The single flowers are not unlike orange blossoms; deciduous.

Phormium Tenax (New Zealand Flax).

Tenax. 5 ft. 1 0
Tenax Variegata. 7 ft. 1 6
A fibre plant of great value; the variegated varieties are very ornamental, the grand sword-shaped leaves being veined with gold.

Photinia.

Serrulata (Chinese Hawthorn). 10 ft. 1 0
A fine foliage, hardy evergreen, of compact habit; its flowers are small and white, leaves deep green.

Phygælius.

Capensis 1 6
Beautiful dwarf-flowering shrub, with coral red and yellow flowers on long stems.

Pisonia.

Grandis. White. 10 ft. 2 0

Pittosporum.

Eugenoides. 15 ft. 1 0
Eugenoides Variegata. 12 ft. 1 6
Nigrescens. 1 0
Nigrescens Variegata. 12 ft. 1 6
Tenuifolium 1 6
Tobira. 10 ft. 1 6
Tobira Variegata. 6 ft. 1 6
Undulatum. 25 ft. 1 0

All the Pittosporums are highly ornamental, and make fine single specimens in the shrubbery. Undulatum, Eugenoides, and Eugenoides Variegata are suitable for ornamental evergreen hedges.

Platanus (Plane).

Orientalis (Oriental Plane Tree). 50 ft. 1 0
Most handsome, deciduous tree, suitable for avenues or pleasure grounds; quick growing and splendid shade trees, with large leaves.

Plumbago.

Capensis. Lavender. 5 ft. 1 0
Capensis Alba. Splendid shrub, bearing white flowers in great profusion. 4 ft. 1 0
Larpenta. Blue. 1 ft. 1 0
A favourite family of free-flowering plants.

Plumiera.

Acuminata (Frangipannii) 2 6
Charming white, trumpet-shaped flower; very sweet perfume, and does well in warm climate.

Poinciana.

Regia 1 6
Gilliesii. Yellow and crimson; very beautiful . . . 1 6

Poinsettia.

Albida. Pure white bracts. 1 6
Pulcherrima. Bright crimson. 12 ft. 1 6
Spring flowering shrubs, producing beautiful bracts 6 inches across on the points of the shoots of previous season's growth; the leaves follow the flowers; magnificent plants.

Polygala.

Grandis. 5 ft. 1 6
Polygala suits our climate well; it is a pretty evergreen flowering shrub, and will grow in any soil, wet or dry; it is sometimes grown as hedge.

Populus (Poplar).

Alba (Silver Poplar). 50 ft. 1 0
Argentea (Poplar). 40 ft. 1 0
Betulifolia 1 0
Bolleana (Silver-leaved Poplar). 70 ft. 1 0
Dilatata (Upright Poplar). 50 ft. 1 0
Nigra (Black Poplar). 60 ft. 1 0

The varieties of this fine, deciduous, hardy tree have a very upright habit of growth, and form fine contrasts in plantations where pines and other evergreens predominate.

Protea.

Mellifera 2 0
Handsome, medium-sized shrub, with many white and pink flowers about 4 inches long, with remarkable wax-like appearance.

Prunus.

Pissardi 1 6
Pendula. White 1 6
Sinensis Flore Rubra 1 6
Sinensis Alba Plenus 1 6
Sinensis Rosea 1 6
Triloba 1 6
Double flowering prune; very pretty.

Punica (Pomegranate).

Granatum (Common Pomegranate). 10 ft. 1 0
Granatum fl. pl. 10 ft. 1 6
Granatum Nana fl. pl. 6 ft. 1 6
Granatum Alba fl. pl. 10 ft. 1 6

These graceful shrubs are charming, if only for their flowers; the double varieties are particularly fine.

Pyrus (Cydonia).

Acuparia (Mountain Ash) 1 6
Domestica. Splendid tree, with edible fruit. . . . 1 6
Japonica Alba. 8 ft. 1 6
Japonica. Beautiful scarlet flowers. 8 ft. 1 6

The Japonicas are free-flowering and deciduous, hardy plants; prefer a cool climate, and if grown on a wall will flower freely.

Pæonia.

Arborea (The Japanese Tree Pæony). Pink, very showy from 5 0

Queensland Nut (See Macadamia).**Quercus (Oak).**

Coccinea. Scarlet 1 0
Pedunculata (English Oak). 60 ft. 1 0
Pallistris (American Evergreen Oak). Red . . . 1 6
Rubra. Red 1 0
Virens (Evergreen Oak). 40 ft. 1 6
A hardy family of beautiful trees, mostly requiring the cooler districts of the State; deciduous and slow growing.

Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn).

Indica. 4 ft.	1 0
Intermedia	1 0
Ovata. 4 ft.	1 0

A beautiful dwarf shrub, producing abundance of white pink-tinted flowers of the size of the English Hawthorn; evergreen.

Red Cedar (See Cedrela).**Rhododendron.**

Album. 8 ft.	from 2 6
Hybridum. 8 ft.	from 2 6
Ponticum. Varieties. 8 ft.	from 2 6

Charming tribe of plants for the cooler districts of the State; hard-wooded, evergreen shrubs, magnificent heads of flowers of a variety of colours.

Rhus (Autumn Foliage Plants.)

Cotinus. Feathery flowers, becoming yellow in the autumn	1 6
Succedanea. The leaves of this variety turn to a bright crimson in the autumn; very attractive	1 0
Taxicodendron	1 6
Vernicifera (Lacquer Tree). The Lacquer sap is taken from this tree; very ornamental, with large pinnate leaves, turning brown-red in the autumn	1 0

Ricinus (Castor Oil Tree).

Communis	1 0
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Very ornamental foliage.

Robinia.

Decaisneana. Rose, flowers in great abundance	1 6
Hispida Complexa	1 6
Hispida Rosea (Rose Acacia). 4 ft.	1 6
Mermis Folus Variegatis	1 6
Neo Mexicana	1 6
Pseudo Acacia (Bastard Acacia). 40 ft.	1 0

Pseudo Acacia is highly ornamental, with its westaria-like white flowers; can be strongly recommended for the drier parts of the State.

Rondeletia.

Amœna. Salmon. 10 ft.	1 6
Anomala. Scarlet. 2 ft.	1 6
Speciosa Major. Crimson. 5 ft.	1 6
Versicolor	1 6

Splendid ornamental flowering plants of great beauty; evergreen; prefer mild climate and shelter.

Rosmarinus.

Officialis (Rosemary)	1 0
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Russellia.

Juncea. 3 ft.	1 6
Multiflora. 4 ft.	1 6

A small family of plants, with rush-like leaves, rather ornamental and suitable for out-door and green-house culture; scarlet flowers.

Salix (Willow).

Alba Flava. 40 ft.	1 0
Aurea. Golden variety. 40 ft.	1 0
Babylonica (Weeping Willow). 60 ft.	1 0
Purpurea Americana. 40 ft.	1 0
Sacramenta. 40 ft.	1 0
Smithiana. 40 ft.	1 0

Salix Babylonica (Weeping Willow) thrives well in light, moist soil; it will grow best near ponds or watercourses, and even in water, if not too deep.

Salvia (See Herbaceous Plants).**Sambucus.**

Argentæa Variegata. Silver-leaved	1 0
Aurea Variegata. Golden-leaved. 12 ft.	1 0
Nigra (The Elderberry)	1 0

A native of Britain, and comprises the well-known Elderberry, a useful and ornamental tree for shrubberies; prefers cooler regions.

Schinus.

Molle (Californian Pepper Tree). 25 ft.	1 0 to 1 6
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(For price per 100 see page 59.)

A beautiful, fast-growing, graceful tree; light green foliage and bright scarlet berries; leaves have a strong aromatic scent; suitable for avenues or breakwinds.

Schottia.

Latifolia (Caffre Bean Tree). White	1 6
Speciosa. Scarlet	1 6

Silky Oak (See Grevillea.)**Snowball Tree (See Viburnum).****Sophora.**

Japonica. White. 20 ft.	1 6
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Free flowering, deciduous tree shrub, prefers warm sheltered position.

Sparmannia.

Africana. White. 15 ft.	1 6
Africana fl. pl. Double-flowering white. 15 ft.	1 6

Spartium.

Album Multiflorum	1 6
Scoparium	1 0
Junceaum (Spanish Broom). Yellow	1 0

Hardy and free-flowering shrub, suitable for any climate.

Spirea.

Anthony Waterer. Crimson, free-flowering; very beautiful. 1 ft.	1 6
Aricifolia. Most profuse bloomer, and the most elegant of the Spireas	1 6
Californica. Pink. 2 ft.	1 0
Caryopteris Mastocanthus (called Blue Spirea). Not a true Spirea, but lovely rich lavender; blooms through the season	1 0
Callosa Rubra.	1 6
Douglasi. 3 ft.	1 0
Gracilis. Small, white, dwarf habit. 2 ft.	1 0
Grandiflora. 4 ft.	2 6
Hypericifolia (Italian May). Single white	1 0
Prunifolia fl. pl. 4 ft.	1 0
Reevesiana fl. pl. White. 4 ft.	1 0
Rupestris. White. 2 ft.	1 0

Deciduous, free-blooming, and useful scrubs; a charming family of plants; should be in every garden.

Stenocarpus.

Cunninghamii (The Scarlet Umbrella Flower Tree of Queensland). 25 ft.	1 6
Salignus. White	1 6

Beautiful trees; large, handsome foliage and fine flowers; evergreen and hardy in the warmer parts of the State.

Sterculia.

Acerifolia (Flame Tree)	1 6
Diversifolia (Kurrajong). 50 ft.	1 6
Heterophylla (Bottle Tree). 30 ft.	1 6

Handsome evergreen trees of slow growth, but very fine, dense foliage, and very ornamental. Natives of New South Wales.

Strelitzia.

Augusta	2 6
Regina	2 6

Very handsome; suitable for warm districts; flowers are magnificent and curiously shaped, almost bird-like in their fine colours; pale blue and rich golden shade.

Swainsonia.

Alba. White	1 6
Osbornei	1 6

These are almost perpetual blooming, and very useful flowering shrubs.

Symphoria (Snowberry Tree).

Racemosa Aureo Variegata (The Golden-Leaved Snowberry Tree). 4 ft.	1 6
Racemosa. White berries. 3 ft.	1 6

Syncarpia.

Laurifolia (Turpentine)	1 6
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One of our native trees, and now thought much of as a shelter tree, particularly where heavy shelter is required.

Syringa (English Lilac).

Persica	1 6
Vulgaris. 12 ft.	1 6
Vulgaris Alba	1 6

A select collection of double flowering varieties 2 6

Charming spring-flowering shrubs. Succeed best where the winter is severe, but they will do fairly well in nearly every part of the State. They bear exquisitely perfumed flowers in bunches.

Tamarix.

Gallica (Flowering Cypress). Pink. 12 ft.	1 6
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Very hardy tree for planting near the sea coast or very exposed situations.

Teloplia (Waratah).

Speciosissima. 5 ft.	1/6 to 2 6
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A gorgeous Australian native plant, producing magnificent large heads of brilliant crimson flowers; good shining foliage.

Tecoma.

Capensis (Scarlet Bignonia). 12 ft.	1 0
Fulva . Orange yellow	1 6
Grandiflora . Orange	2 0
Guilfoylei . Crimson	2 0
Smithii . Orange yellow, with brown markings. 5 ft. 1 0	
Velutina . Yellow. 15 ft.	1 6

Valuable evergreen shrubs, flowering more or less all the year round. Guilfoylei is similar in habit and growth to Grandiflora; the flowers of a dark crimson colour, distinct and very full flowering.

Thea.

Bohea (Tea of Commerce). 8 ft.	1 6
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Only in warm, sheltered places, where it can be grown as an ornamental shrub; not quite hardy.

Thyracanthus.

Rutilans . Scarlet	1 6
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Beautiful shrub; hanging flower spikes; very handsome.

Tilia.

Europæa (Lime or Linden Tree). 40 ft.	2 0
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Toxicophlæ.

Spectabilis . White. 5 ft.	2 0
Thunbergii . White	1 6

Pretty flowering shrubs, sweetly scented.

Tristania.

Conferta (See Lophostemon)	1 0
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Ulmus (Elm).

Campestris (English Elm). 80 ft.	1 0
Chinensis (Chinese Elm). 30 ft.	1 6
Suberosa (Cork Bark Elm)	1 6

Splendid shade trees, and worthy of a place. The Chinese evergreen variety is most beautiful; it has a drooping habit, with small, dense foliage; for a shade tree on a large lawn it cannot be surpassed.

Veronica.

Andersonii . Blue. 2 ft.	1 0
Andersonii Variegata . 3 ft.	1 0
Buxifolia . White. 2 ft.	1 0
Cælestia . Pale Blue	1 0
Diosmæfolia . Lavender	1 0
Gracilis . White; splendid for hedge	1 0
Hulkei . Lavender	1 0

Imperialis. A brilliant amaranth red, changing to magenta. 3 ft. 1 0

Kermesina. Beautiful mauve 1 0

Lobeliaoides. Blue 1 0

A useful tribe of free-blooming, soft-wooded plants; the several varieties bear racemes of various colours.

Viburnum.

Tinus (Laurestinus). 8 ft.	1 0
Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree). 10 ft. 1 6	
Lucidum . 10 ft.	1 6
Sieboldtii . 3 ft.	1 6
Sinensis . White. 4 ft.	1 6
Suspensum . 15 ft.	1 0

As ornamental foliage plants they are well worthy a place, but their beautiful flowers render them invaluable. Tinus (Laurestinus) is one of the finest shrubs in cultivation.

Vitex.

Trifolia Variegata . 3 ft.	1 6
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A handsome, quick-growing shrub.

Virgilia.

Lutea	1 6
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Weigelia (See Diervilla).**Wigandia.**

Caracasana . Blue	1 6
Urens	1 6

Showy flowering shrubs, with large dark green foliage.

Willow (See Salix).**Yucca.**

Aloefolia Variegata . 8 ft. to 10 ft.	2 6
Filamentosa . 4 ft.	2 0
Gloriosa . 12 ft.	1 6
Quadricolor . 3 ft.	3 6
Recurva . 5 ft.	1 6

Very ornamental plants on banks or rockeries, or dry places, some of them producing magnificent tall spikes of flowers. Aloefolia Variegata is a superbly variegated variety, growing quickly to a height of 8 ft.

ORNAMENTAL TREES**OFFERED IN QUANTITY.**

	DOZ.	HUNDRED.
ACACIA BAILEYANA	10 0	75 0
CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS	10 0	75 0
EUCALYPTUS GLOBULUS	10 0	75 0
GREVILLEA ROBUSTA	15 0	100 0
JACARANDA MIMOSÆFOLIA	15 0	100 0
LOPHOSTEMON AUSTRALIS	15 0	100 0
PITTOSPORUM EUGENOIDES	9 0	67 6
PITTOSPORUM E. VARIEGATA	15 0	100 0
PITTOSPORUM UNDULATUM	10 0	70 0
RAPHIOLEPIS INTERMEDIA	10 0	75 0
SCHINUS MOLLE (Pepper Tree)	10 0	70 0

..HEDGE PLANTS..

Salt Bush 1s 6d per doz.; 10s per 100
This plant makes a fine hedge of sage green colour, and can be trimmed into any shape.

African Box Thorn 2s 6d per 100; 20s per 1000
This prickly hedge plant is a quick-growing evergreen, suitable for fencing large gardens. Very dense in growth, and if kept pruned will make a most perfect hedge. Not suitable for small gardens.

Privet. Evergreen 1s 6d per doz.; 10s per 100
A beautiful, dense-growing, evergreen hedge plant; much grown in England; makes strong roots.

Privet. New Golden 6d each
Pittosporum Nigrescens 9s per doz.
Pittosporum Eugenoides 9s per doz.
Pittosporum Undulatum 10s per doz.

Make a fine evergreen hedge for a garden. Can be trimmed close into any desired shape; foliage handsome, of a fine fresh green colour. Plant in single rows, 2 feet apart.

Hawthorn Quicks 3 year old, 2s 6d per 100; 20s per 1000
4 year old, 3s 6d per 100; 30s per 1000

Plumbago Capensis 20s per 100
A fine, thorny, deciduous hedge plant, which flowers freely in the spring; flowers have a delicious perfume. It must be clipped every year; plant like the Box Thorn.

Ligustrum Lucidum 12s per 100
A strong growing hedge plant.

Olive (Common) 10s per 100
The best hedge plant for this State, as it withstands drought and heat splendidly, is a quick grower, and stands any amount of cutting back.

Coprosma Lucidum 8s per doz.
This good hedge plant is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast; nice glossy green foliage; plant three feet apart.



Tecoma
Smithii.



Climbing and Twining Plants



Allamanda.

Hendersonii. Large, yellow, handsome flowers .. 1 6

Ampelopsis (Virginian Creeper).

Hederacea .. 1 0
 Hoggii. Foliage large, ornamental .. 1 0
 Muralis .. 1 6
 Sempervirens .. 1 6
 Sieboldii Variegata. Beautiful white and pink,
 variegated foliage .. 1 6
 Veitchii .. 1 0
 Veitchii Purpurea. Foliage beautifully tinted, red .. 1 0
 Well-known favourite creepers, hardy and rapid growers,
 with fine foliage; of easy culture. A Veitchii will cling to
 the wall without support.

Antigonon.

Amabile .. 1 6
 Leptopus. 50 ft. .. 1 6
 A charming, slender creeper, producing an abundance of
 bright rose-coloured flowers and bracts.

Aristolochia.

Elegans. Beautiful bush-house or green-house
 plant. Flowers have a slightly distended tube,
 bent upward; a rich purple colour, with white
 markings .. 1 6
 Grandiflora. Interesting plant, with handsome
 foliage and singularly shaped flowers; fine for a
 wall, fence, or side of bush-house. 20 ft. .. 1 6

Akebia.

Quinata. Very showy Japanese climbing plant .. 1 0

Bauhinia.

Scandens. Rose .. 1 6
 A very handsome climber; requires a warm situation.

Beaumontia.

Grandiflora. White .. 1 6
 A magnificent flowering climber, producing large white,
 trumpet-shaped flowers; highly perfumed.

Bignonia.

Australis (Wonga Wonga Vine) .. 1 6
 Capreolata. Red, very distinct .. 1 6
 Excelsa. Yellow .. 1 6
 Gracilis. Yellow .. 1 6
 Grandiflora .. 2 0
 Guilfoylei. Red and orange .. 2 0
 Jasminoides. White, dark eye .. 1 6
 Latrobei. Cream .. 1 6
 Lindleyana. Purple .. 1 6
 Mackenii. Rose .. 1 6
 Mad. Galen .. 1 6
 Radicans. Red .. 1 6
 Rosea. Rosy lilac .. 1 6
 Sanguinea Præcox .. 1 6
 Speciosa Flava .. 1 6
 Tweediana. Golden .. 1 6
 Venusta. Orange .. 1 6

Bignonias are of easy culture, fast growers, and beautiful as
 well as free bloomers. "Venusta," when grown on a wall,
 is unsurpassed in the profusion or magnificence of its large
 racemes of bright orange-coloured flowers.

Bougainvillea.

Spectabilis. Rose lilac .. 1 6
 Splendens. Crimson .. 2 6
 Speciosa. Purple, white centre .. 1 6
 Speciosa Variegata. A charming variegated form
 of this very popular climbing plant, flower the
 same as the parent plant Speciosa .. 1 6
 Braziliensis. Bright mauve; very handsome .. 1 6
 Conspicua. Purple shade .. 1 6
 Glabra. Rose lilac; bush habit .. 1 6
 Glabra Sanderiana. Violet red .. 1 6
 Grandiflora. Magenta .. 1 6
 Hessiana Magnifica. Purple .. 1 6
 Refulgens. Brilliant purple mauve .. 1 6

Bougainvilleas like a warm northerly aspect and shelter;
 their flowers are magnificent, and continue for a long time.
 All are splendid climbers or creepers.

Canvallia.

Bonariensis .. 1 6
 Has scarcely an equal in extent or quickness of growth
 or beauty of foliage; its leaves are large and of a brilliant
 shining green, with bright purplish red spikes of pea-like
 flowers.

Clematis.

JACKMANII VARIETIES.

Duchess of Edinburgh .. 1 6
 Fair Rosamond .. 1 6
 Fortuneii .. 1 6
 Francfortensis .. 1 6
 Hendersonii .. 1 6
 Miss Batemann .. 1 6
 Kermesina .. 1 6
 Sophia Flore Plena .. 1 6
 Ville de Simoges .. 1 6

Deciduous plants of great beauty; require a sheltered
 position and good soil; produce large single and double
 flowers of a variety of colours.

Montana (American Virgin Bower). Pure white;
 a valuable climber, suitable for all parts of the
 State .. 1 6

Cobæa.

Scandens. Purple .. 1 6
 Scandens Alba. White .. 2 0
 Two of the best creepers, and very suitable for covering a
 trellis; they grow freely, have fine foliage, and produce an
 abundance of bloom; evergreen and quite hardy.

Dolichos.

Lignosus. Pink .. 1 0
 Lignosus Alba. White .. 1 0
 Fine climbers for covering old fences, etc.

Eccremocarpus.

Grandiflora. Pale blue .. 1 6
 Scaber. Orange red .. 1 0

Ficus (Creeping Fig).

Minima. Very pretty small-leaved variety .. 1 0
 Stipulata .. 1 0
 Pretty little creepers for covering a wall or fence; leaves
 small and clinging, and the shoots, having small roots, will
 make fast to anything against which they are trained.

Fuchsia.

Procumbens or Kirkii .. 1 0
 A distinct species from New Zealand, with small, round
 leaves; graceful plant, suitable for hanging baskets;
 covered with bright crimson berries.

Gelsemium.

Sempervirens .. 1 6
 A beautiful climber; corolla of the flower deep yellow,
 with protruding anthers.

Hardenbergia.

Digitata. Purple and white .. 1 6
 Monophylla. Purple .. 1 0
 Monophylla Alba. White .. 1 0
 Exceedingly pretty climbing plants.

Hedera (Ivy).

Chrysophylla .. 1 6
 Helix (Common Ivy). Green-leaved .. 1 0
 Latifolia Maculata .. 1 6

Maderensis Variegata. Beautiful variety of the
 variegated Ivy; free growing, leaves broadly
 margined with white .. 2 0

Palmata .. 1 6
 Rhomboides Variegata .. 1 0
 Tricolor Marginata. Golden margin .. 1 6

Ivies are so well known that they require no description
 here further than to remark that no garden or grounds
 should be without them; they thrive well anywhere.

Honeysuckle (See Lonicera).

Hoya (Wax Plant).

Carnosa. Beautiful climber, with thick fleshy
 leaves and beautiful clusters of pinkish white
 flowers, which look as if frosted .. 1 6
 Carnosa Variegata. Variegated leaves .. 1 6
 Can be grown out of doors on a brick wall in a warm
 aspect, but is seen to best advantage when grown as a pot
 plant in a green-house.

Humulus.

Lupulus Variegata (The Variegated Hop) .. 1 6
 A charming quick growing climber, with fine, fresh green
 foliage.

Ipomæa.

Learii. Lovely violet flowers	1 0
Pandurata (White Moon Flower). Flowers pure white, single, shiny, night flowering; 4 inches across ..	1 0
Hardyii. Pink	1 0
Bona Nox. Large pink flowers	1 0
Flowering climbers with showy flowers; rapid growers; soil and situation not important.	

Ivy (See Hedera).

Lapageria.

Rosea. One of the most beautiful climbers in cultivation, producing numerous large, brilliant, carmine, bell-shaped flowers	5/- to 7 6
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Lathyrus (Everlasting Pea).

Latifolius Alba	1 0
Pink Beauty	1 0

Lophospermum.

Grandiflorum. Red	1 6
Hendersonii. Red	1 6
Very showy climbers, with Gloxinia-shaped flowers.	

Lonicera (Honeysuckle).

Aurea Reticulata	1 6
Caprifolium (English)	1 6
Coccinea	1 0
Confusa. Yellow	1 6
Gigantea	1 6
Japonica	1 6
Sinensis. White and red	1 6
Sinensis. Variegata. White and red	1 6
Tartarica Splendens. Scarlet	1 6
Verner	2 0

A large family of charmingly scented flowered climbers, with fine foliage, of quick growth; flowers abundant.

Mandevillea.

Suaveolens	1 6
A beautiful, slender, deciduous creeper, bearing lovely white flowers and fine foliage.	

Manettia.

Bicolor. Yellow and red. A very pretty climber ..	1 6
Glabra. A gem, either in the flower border or bush-house; it has nice foliage, slender habit, and large scarlet, tube-like flowers. 4 ft.	1 6

Maurandya.

Alba	1 0
Barclayana	1 0
Beautiful close-growing climbers; do well on a wire fence or trellis; flowers and leaves small, but produced so abundantly as to give the plants in flower a charming appearance.	

Medeola.

Asparagoides. Strong plants	1 6
The graceful beauty of this handsome plant renders it most valuable for vases or hanging baskets, and it is suitable for either bush-house or verandah culture.	

Menispermum.

Canadense. Remarkable for its beautiful foliage ..	1 6
Pretty deciduous climbing plants. Flowers are unimportant, but foliage is fine and suitable for shady positions.	

Mina.

Lobata	1 0
Pretty half-hardy annual climber; its beautiful creamy white flowers are bright orange when half blown, and when in bud of a vivid red; grows to a height of 20 feet, and produces flowers abundantly.	

Nasturtium (Double Flowering).

Brick Red. Striped yellow	1 0
Scarlet Flowered	1 0
Two charming, hardy, quick-growing climbers, with fine foliage; profuse bloomers, and perfectly double flowers.	

Phaseolus.

Carracalla (Snail Flower)	1 6
Slender climber, with full foliage, producing clusters of lovely lilac flowers, shell-shaped.	

Physianthus.

Albens (Aranga or Cruel Plant)	1 0
White flowers, like Stephanotis; quick grower.	

Quisqualis.

Indica	1 6
Handsome flowering plant, of quick growth.	

Passiflora (Passion Flower).

Cærulea. Blue.	1 0
Constance Elliott. Beautiful white	1 6
Edulis (Edible Passion Fruit). White, tinged ..	1 0
Empress Eugene. Blue and white	1 6
Eynesford Gem. Purplish crimson	1 6
Fragrant Beauty. White, centre chocolate; upper portion purple; fragrant	1 6
Granadilla. Deep crimson	1 6
Incarnata. Red	1 6
Kermesina. Richly-coloured small flowers ..	1 6
Lutea	1 6
Mrs. T. Spalding. White variety; variegated leaves	1 6
Oldfield Gem. Perfumed flowers, white, centre maroon, beautiful	1 6
Racemosa. Scarlet or deep red	1 6
Sanguinolenta. Crimson	1 0
Fine ornamental climbers, with very handsome flowers. Do well in most situations near Sydney. P. Edulis is our celebrated passion fruit.	

Rhyncospermum.

Jasminoides	1 6
A beautiful, perfumed, white-flowered creeper, of quick growth and fine foliage; it is evergreen and hardy, except in the coldest districts.	

Solandra.

Grandiflora. Yellow	1 6
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Solanum.

Jasminoides	1 6
Seaforthianum. Beautiful clusters of blue flowers	1 6
Wendlandii	2 0
Superb summer flowering vine; blooms continuously, with great masses of flowers of lavender blue.	

Sollya (Australian Blue Bell Creeper).

Heterophylla	1 6
An excellent climbing plant, producing very pretty blue flowers of various shades.	

Stephanotis.

Floribunda	2 0
Stephanotis is a green-house plant, but will sometimes do well in warm situation out of doors in warm districts. The foliage is wax-like, the flowers pure white.	

Stigmaphyllon.

Ciliatum	1 6
Producing orchid-like flowers.	

Tacsonia.

Eriantha. Red	1 0
Exoniensis. Rose pink colour	1 0
Smytheana. This handsome hybrid was raised from T. Mollissima and an unknown species. Flowers were distinct in colour, which is a peculiar shade of orange scarlet	1 6
Ignea. Intense scarlet	1 0
Manicata (Scarlet Passion Flower)	1 6
Morti. Magenta colour	1 6
Mollissima. Pink colour	1 6
Van Volxemi. Crimson colour	1 6
Is distinguished from the Passiflora by the long cylindrical tubes of the calyx of the flowers; they are quick-growing, beautiful climbers.	

Thunbergia.

Alata Alba	1 0
Alata, various	1 0
Laurifolia	1 6
Rocoina. Small red flowers	1 0

Virginian Creeper (See Ampelopsis).

Vinca (Periwinkle).

Argentea Variegata	1 0
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Vitis.

Lebrusca. Large leaved American vine	1 0
A splendid free-growing climber, producing small flowers, mignonette scented, and clusters of purple berries; very handsome foliage.	

Wistaria.

Sinensis	1 6
Sinensis Alba	1 6
Sinensis fl. pl.	1 6
Brachybotrys. Pink	1 6
Multijuga. A Japanese variety, with dark purple racemes, which attain a length of from 2 to 3 feet. An extra fine form	1 6
Magnifica. Blue; flowering when in full leaf ..	1 6
Wistaria Sinensis is a handsome climber; in deep soil it grows to an enormous size; the flowers hang in pendant clusters, flowering in early spring before it puts forth a leaf.	

Conifers and Taxads.



SPECIAL QUOTATIONS
for a Collection of Various
Varieties (say 25 to 100
trees or more) on application.

Araucaria.

	each	dozen	hundred
A. Cunninghami	1 6	15 0	100 0
A. Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya) ..	1 6	15 0	100 0
A. Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine) ..	..	each 1 6	..
A. Cookii	..	each 1 6	..
A. Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle) ..	..	each 2 6	..

Magnificent ornamental trees. A. Excelsa will grow on the coast, but not too far from the sea. A. Cunninghami is very handsome, with quite a unique appearance. A. Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine), leaves deep green, shining, and very prickly.

Abies.

	each	dozen	hundred
A. Douglasii (Silver Fir)	..	each 1 6	..
A. Excelsa	..	..	1 6
A. Smithiana	..	..	1 6
A. Alba (White Spruce)	..	..	1 6
A. Nordmaniana (Crimean Pine) ..	..	..	1 6
A. Pinsapa	..	..	1 6

Beautiful trees of symmetrical but rather slow growth, should be in every plantation. When making young growth, they are clad with beautiful pale green foliage; quite hardy; resemble the Scotch Firs.

Cedrus.

	each	dozen	hundred
C. Deodara	1 6	to 3 6	15 0 100 0
C. Atlantica	..	each 2 6	..

C. Deodara should have a sheltered position, where it can spread out its great wing-like branches and cover the whole surface of the ground; with tall trees for a background it thrives admirably.

Cryptomeria.

	each	dozen	hundred
C. Elegans	..	each 1 6	..
C. Japonica	..	..	1 6

C. Elegans, of upright habit, well branched foliage, changes from green to bronzy crimson during the winter. C. Japonica, rapid-growing tree, pyramidal; branches pendulous, bright green foliage.

Cupressus.

	each	dozen	hundred
C. Lawsoniana	1 0	10 0	75 0
C. Macrocarpa. Of very quick growth	1 0	10 0	75 0
C. Macrocarpa Variegata	..	each 3 6	..

Perfectly variegated foliage being about half green and half yellow, giving it a most charming appearance; young growth strikingly beautiful. Quite hardy.

C. Africanus	1 0	10 0	75 0
Foliage a beautiful glaucous green.			
C. Sempervirens	1 0	10 0	75 0
C. Lambertiana, True. One of the best	..	each 2 6	..
C. Lambertiana, Aurea. Very beautiful	..	..	2 6
C. Knightii. Hardy in all parts	..	..	1 0
C. Excelsa. Fine ornamental variety	..	..	1 0
C. Torulosus	..	..	1 0
C. Cashmeriana	..	..	1 0
C. Benthamiana (Cypress)	..	..	1 0
C. Corneyana	..	..	1 0
C. Funerbris (Funeral Cypress) ..	..	..	1 0
C. Goveniana	..	..	1 0
C. Guadalupensis	..	..	1 0
C. Majestica	..	..	1 0
C. MacNabiana	..	..	1 0

Most largely grown of all the Conifers, embracing a variety of beautiful quick-growing trees; they all do well near Sydney, and in nearly all other parts of the State.

Juniperus (Juniper).

J. Bermudiana	..	each 1 6	..
J. Chinensis	..	..	1 6
J. Hibernica	..	..	1 6
J. Thujaoides	..	..	1 6
J. Virginiana	..	..	1 6

Hardy, upright-growing Conifers; will thrive in any climate; distinct in form and foliage, and contrast with Cupresses or Pines.

Libocedrus.

L. Doniana	..	each 2 0	..
L. Decurrens	..	..	1 6

Libocedrus (Incense Cedar). Dwarf, handsome tree; densely branched, conical shaped; not hardy in the colder parts of our State.

Norfolk Island Pine (See Araucaria).

Pinus.

	each	dozen	hundred
P. Insignis	1 0	10 0	70 0
P. Canariensis	1 6	15 0	75 0
P. Halepensis. Very hardy ..	1 0	10 0	75 0
P. Pinea (Stone Pine)	1 0	10 0	75 0
P. Strobus (Weymouth Pine) ..	1 0	10 0	75 0
P. Sylvestris (Scotch Fir) ..	1 0	10 0	75 0
P. Maritima (Pinaster)	1 0	10 0	75 0

Fine for planting near the sea or exposed situation.

P. Toeda. Beautiful turpentine or incense pine	each	1 0
P. Longifolia	..	1 6
P. Benthamiana (Ponderosa) ..	..	1 0
P. Muricata (Bishop's Pine) ..	..	1 0
P. Rigida (The Pitch Pine) ..	..	1 0

This family includes some of the finest trees in cultivation. They are hardy, quick-growing, and beautiful specimens.

Podocarpus.

P. Elatus. The largest variety ..	..	each 1 6
P. Spinulosus (Illawarra Pine) ..	..	1 6
P. Totara (New Zealand Yew Tree) ..	..	1 6

We can offer a fine stock of this beautiful shade tree.

Retinospora.

R. Pisifera	..	each 1 6
R. Pisifera Aurea	..	1 6
R. Ericoides	..	1 6
R. Obtusa	..	1 6
R. Plumosa	..	1 6
R. Plumosa Aurea	..	1 6

Retinospora, a beautiful tribe of tree shrubs from 15 to 20 feet high, closely allied to the Cupressus family, which they resemble; close habit, branching, and pyramidal.

Salisburia.

S. Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree) ..	..	each 1 6
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A fine tree, with foliage somewhat resembling an Adiantum; it is not evergreen, however.

Taxodium.

T. Sempervirens	..	each 1 6
T. Distichum	..	1 6

Taxus (Yew).

T. Argentea Variegata	..	each 2 0
T. Hibernica Variegata	..	2 0
T. Baccata	..	1 6

A very handsome tree shrub; quite hardy, compact in growth, and with good foliage.

Thuja.

T. Lobbi. Handsome tree from California ..	each	1 6
T. Occidentalis	..	1 0
T. Occidentalis Ellvangeriana ..	..	1 6
T. Orientalis	..	1 0
T. Orientalis Aurea	..	from 1 6

Beautiful family of plants, of compact dwarf habit of growth. T. Orientalis Aurea is a golden Thuja of great beauty. All the family are hardy anywhere, except in coldest districts.

Thujopsis.

T. Borealis	..	each 1 6
T. Dolobrata	..	1 6
T. Dolobrata Variegata	..	1 6

Hardy, evergreen coniferous tree, resembling the Thuja.

Wellingtonia (Big Tree of California).

W. Gigantea (Redwood)	..	each 2 6
W. Whytii	..	1 6

In a young state it is of a beautiful habit of growth, and, although rather slow growing, it is always worthy a place. Only suitable for high altitudes in the State.

Yew (See Taxus).

Azaleas. 1s 6d each; 16s per doz. Our selection.

S denotes single; D, double; SD., semi-double.

Alba Magna. White, occasionally striped. S.
Baron de Vriere. Pure white; large handsome flowers. S.
Bernard Andrea Alba. White, very fine. SD.
Charmer. Bright amaranth; good form and substance. S.
Cocarde Orange. Orange scarlet; splendid flowers. S.
Comtesse de Flanders. Large, satin rose. S.
Comte Charles de Kerchove. Free flowering, perfect shape; flesh color; white stripe. D.
Dame Melanie. Bright rose, edged with pure white. S.
Deutsche Perle. Best double white, free flowering. D.
Duc de Nassau. Large, dark rosy purple. S.
Distinction. Salmon, margined with white. S.
Daphne. Pure white, striped with pink; crisped edges. D.

Empereur de Bresil. Rose, banded with white. D.
Empress of India. Carmine, white, and rose. D.
Indica Alba. One of the hardest and best; pure white. S.
Mollis. Orange yellow. S.
Mollis. Pale yellow. S.
Mont Blanc. White, shaded lemon; beautifully striped. S.
Madame Dominique Vervane. Rose, marked purple. S.
Madame Herman Siedel. Pure white; beautiful shape. SD.
Marquis of Lorne. Bright orange, saffron yellow blotch. S.
Phyrre. Pure white flowers; large and fine. S.
Sigismund Rucker. Rosy lilac, bordered white fine. S.
Souvenir de Prince Albert. Rose, margin white. D.

Bouvardias.

1s each; 10s per dozen, except where otherwise marked.

Beautiful dwarf plants for outdoor cultivation in the warmer districts, and for colder parts of the State they may be grown with advantage as pot plants.

Alfred Neuner. Double; petals waxy white; beautiful.
Beauty of Brisbane. Pure white; robust.
Bocchil. Bright pink, white throat.
Bridal Wreath. White, shaded blush.
Cardinale. White tube, carmine petals.
Coral Queen. Scarlet, with white throat.
Countess Hopetoun. Salmon, changing to flesh pink, very large. 1s 6d
Dazzler. Fiery red.
Duchess of York. Blush pink; beautiful.
Elegans. Vermillion-scarlet.
Etna. Reddish-vermillion; double.
Flavescens. Yellow, changing to white.
Flavescens Improved.
Flavescens fl. pl. Double yellow.
Hogarth. Scarlet.
Hogarth fl. pl. Dark scarlet; double.
Humboldtii Corymbiflora. Snow-white, large.
Jacquiniflora. Bright, scarlet, hardy.
King of Scarlets. Immense blooms; deep scarlet. 1s 6d
Luteola Plena. Double; pale yellow tubes.
Maiden's Blush. Bright bluish pink.
Meteor. Brilliant scarlet; fine trunk.
Miss Ida Cheeseman. Large, delicate pink; reverse of petals a deeper shade; perfumed.
Mrs. G. H. Kerslake. Waxy white, fragrant. 1s 6d
President Cleveland. Large; brilliant scarlet.
President Garfield. Double rose.
Priony Beauty. Pale rose; fine.
Sang Lorrain. Double flowers; orange-scarlet.
Umbellata Carnea. White, changing to rose.
Unique. Cherry red, bright.
Victor Lemoine. Double scarlet.
Vreelandei. White, hardy.

Begonias.

Tuberous Rooted.

Single Varieties - - - - 1s 6d each.
Double Varieties - - - - 2s 0d each.

Shrubby Varieties.

1s. each.

Distinct from the Tuberous Rooted varieties; small flowers, but beautiful foliage.

Fuchsiavilles
Manicata
Macrophylla

Metallica
Nymphæolia
Spotted Leopard
Weltoniensis

Ornamental Leaved Begonias.

1s each; 9s per dozen.

Bella
Countess
Despointaine
Duchess
Lady Annesley
Lady Belmore
Lambo
Madame Tristot

Novelty
Pride of Botany
Rosaphylla
Scottiana
Tam O' Shanta
Vandemona
Violacea

Double Petunias.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

Beautiful border plants, which grow rapidly and bloom profusely, suitable for early spring planting.

White, Purple, Crimson, Striped, etc., and at least a dozen varieties of various blendings of colours.

Rhododendrons.

HYBRID VARIETIES, 2s 6d to 10s each.

Camellias.

1s 6d to 2s each, according to size.

Alba Plena. White, fine.
Angelo Cocchi. White, striped rose.
Archduchess Augusta. Red striped.
Aspasia. White, pink spots.
Augusta Superba. Pink, cupped.
Blanda. Rose, very hardy.
Bonomiana. White stripes, splendid flower.
Calliope. Pink and white stripes.
Candidissima. White, very beautiful.
C. H. Hovey. Crimson, shaded violet.
Comtesse Calina. Pure white, fine.
De la Reine. White, spotted with lake.
Dionisia Poniatowski. Pure white.
Dryade. Rose, fine form.
Fimbriata Alba. Splendid, white fringed.
Florence. White.

Great Eastern. Red, large and showy.
Grunelli. White, free bloomer.
Guilfoyle's Helena. Pink, striped red.
Harriett Sheather. Rosy salmon.
Hellenor. Large, carnation striped.
Imbricata Alba.
Innocence. Pure white.
Isabella. Large and handsome, white.
Lady St. Clair. Pale pink.
La Pace. White, rose, striped crimson.
Lavinia Maggi. White, crimson blotches.
Maria Theresa. Blush, crimson spots.
Mathotiana Alba. Large, pure white.
Niranda. White, very hardy.
Mrs. Fairfax. Rose pink.
Mrs. Hope. Blush colour.
Mrs. Mort. Flesh, splendidly imbricated.

Mrs. Skottowe. White striped, rose.
Pauline Maggi. Pure white, very double.
Prince Frederick William. Superb rose.
Princess Louise. Pure white, very fine.
Reine de Beantes. Delicate clear rose.
Rosa Madiat. Carmine, blotched white.
Sarah Frost. Bright red, splendid.
Sulphureous. Dark red.
Tabbs. Crimson, marbled with white.
Tricolor Imbricata.
Valtevarado. Vivid rose, fine.
Vandesea Superba. Striped carmine.
Venus de Medicis. Crimson, veined rose.
Virginia Franco. Rose, changing to pink.
Wrightii. Crimson, magnificent.

Beautiful Cannas.

Africa. Rich purple scarlet; golden yellow inside; splendid 1 6
Alemannia. Outer petals scarlet, with a golden border; inside scarlet red 1 6
America. Flowers of a lovely glowing red purple, flamed and striped 1 6
Aphrodite. Golden yellow, with large spots salmon 1 6
Austria. Canary yellow; inside dotted brown 1 0
Borussia. Shining canary yellow, small fiery red spots 1 6
Britannia. Large flowers, yellow ground, flamed carmine 1 6

Campania. Chrome yellow, with carmine spots; outer petals sulphur 1 6
Compte de Bouchard (or Souvenir Madame Veillard). Yellow, large, beautifully spotted crimson 1 0
Edouard Andre. Bright, fiery red, with orange-coloured spots 1 6
H. Wendland. Scarlet-yellow border; fiery red inside 1 6
Italia. Brownish crimson throat; yellow ground 1 0
La France. Flowers of a brilliant yellowish scarlet 1 6
Pandora. Glowing rich red; petals flamed with gold 1 6
Parthenope. Vivid dark orange yellow; distinct 1 6

CARNATIONS.



Tree or Perpetual Flowering Carnations.

1s each, except where otherwise marked. 10s per doz.

- A. Hamilton.** Mixture of pink and red; very distinct; robust grower and free.
Alice Lee. White ground, with pencillings of purple rose.
Annie Douglas. Canary, edged-flaked carmine.
Australia. Bright yellow, splashed rosy pink.
Atalanta. Dark buff, striped coral.
Beauty of Granville. Bright scarlet throughout.
Belgravia. White, pencilled crimson.
Camden. Red and white flake.
Camille. Yellow self; fine full flower.
Chloris. Yellow, streaked scarlet. 1s 6d
Clara. White ground, pencilled carmine.
Corinna. Bright, canary self; beautiful.
Covent Garden Scarlet. Free blooming, scarlet.
Daimio. Blush white, flaked scarlet.
Dandy. Beautiful; pencilled with heliotrope on white ground.

- Daybreak.** Buff apricot, feathered yellow.
Deering's Conqueror. Cream, marked with maroon.
Dippe. White ground, suffused carmine.
Doreen. Primrose yellow, picoteed with rose.
Dreamland. Creamy white, of fine form.
Dr. P. M. Wood. Salmon, pencilled with pink.
Duchess of Portland. White, striped with rose.
Duchess of York. Superb self-color, light coral. 1/6
Edith Harries. Deep yellow, striped rose.
Enchantress. White self, large size; fine form.
Engadine. Deep rose pink; strong, compact habit.
Enid. White ground, striped and pencilled rose.
Felicia. Yellow, picoteed with delicate pink.
Florrie Henwood. Yellow ground, Picotee.
Formosa. Deep apricot buff, flamed red.
F. S. Bryant. White, flaked bright scarlet.
Genivra. Cream, suffused bright pink.
Golden Eagle. Golden yellow ground, fancy. 1s 6d
Golden Gate. Rich yellow; good form.
G. Tilley. Intense flesh pink, large; perpetual.
Hermoine. Lemon, striped purplish rose.
Hilda. Magenta, with shadings of purple.
H. Plumridge. A very dark crimson.
Huon. Yellow, picoteed with mauve.
Jack Earnshaw. Dark glossy maroon.
Jeanette. Pearly white, faintly pencilled cerise.
Jesse. Picoteed with light purple on white.
Jessica. Yellow, margined with purple.
Jessie Morris. Rose flake.
Jim Smyth. Brilliant scarlet, free flowering. 1s 6d
Lorna Doon. Bright scarlet flake, heavy petal. 1s 6d
Lurline. Pure white edges striped, dark claret.
Matsa. Fiery red self: the "Queen of Fire."
Mercury. Very large white; extra good.
Mikado. Bright red, flaked dark crimson.
Miss Barber. Dark crimson, splashed dark purple.
Miss E. Hudson. Buff yellow, striped rose.
Miss Knaus. Orange, tipped blood-red.
Miss Lily Hill. Rose pink, flushed with white.
Miss M. Georgeson. White, splashed purple.
Miss Vera Morris. White, spotted lilac.
Mr. Douglas. A fine pink self; good form.
Mrs. C. Bent. Canary yellow, pencilled cerise.
Mrs. Colin Simson. Coral pink, edged lighter.
Mrs. Dalrymple. Pink ground, striped purple.
Mrs. Davey. White edged, striped purplish rose.
Mrs. E. Kirwan. Rosy pink, lightly pencilled.
Mrs. Harby Dixon. Carmine rose, extra large.
Mrs. H. S. Teakle. Pale rose, striped pink.
Mrs. J. Kaleski. White, splashed apricot.
Mrs. L. J. Lipscombe. Canary yellow, and rosy pink.
Mrs. Reynolds Hole. Salmon, outer petals lighter.
My Lady. Salmon pink, the best of its kind; smooth petals, fine form; an ideal Carnation.
Miss Ellen Terry. White, rivals the Malmaison. 1s 6d
Mrs. Eric Hambro. Pure white, perfect form. 1s 6d
Newhaven. Very large, rich crimson, base of petals dark steel blue; thoroughly perpetual and vigorous.
Nita. A rich cerise, heavily fringed, an enormous flower, sometimes $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter, tendency to burst.
Pride of Penshurst. Flowers are of good size, capital form, and of a deep clear yellow.
Princess Alice. White ground, pencilled rose.
Renown. Dark claret, smooth-edged petals.
Romulus. Very dark purple or plum colour; splendid.
Rosy Miller. Very beautiful, two shades of pink.
Scarlet King. Fine scarlet.
Schneewitchen. Ivory white ground, very lightly pencilled faint lilac; beautiful; large, clear flower.
Sigurd. Salmon apricot, large and full. 1s 6d
Stanton. French white, blotched and streaked two shades of pink; very perpetual; large; excellent.
Striata. Salmon ground, striped pink.
Tristram. A fine bright red self, of nice form and petal; large sized flowers; excellent Carnation.
Triumph. Deep rose, edged and heavily striped purplish rose; smooth petal, perfect form; enormous.
White Clipper. One of the best whites; very perpetual.
William C. Brodie. Rich cream ground, pencilled and flaked vermilion and deep chocolate; a beautiful combination of colours; smooth edge.
William King. Very dark, glossy claret throughout, a splendid snow flower.

Clove Scented Carnations.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

- King of the Yellows.** Large, bright yellow; charming.
Pateena. Bright geranium red, shaded crimson, mottled and pencilled chocolate; strongly clove scented.
Sandringham Scarlet. Deep bright scarlet.

Chrysanthemums.

1s each; 9s per dozen.



Abbe Mendenhall. Jap. Pale canary yellow.
 Ada. Inc. Cerise, silvery reverse.
 Alfriston (Reflexed). Very deep maroon red.
 A. J. Balfour. Jap. Inc. Lovely muslin rose-pink.
 Australie. Jap. Rosy amaranth, silvery reverse.
 Beauty of Castle Hill. Inc. Golden yellow.
 Beauty of Exmouth. Inc. Immense size; snow-white.
 Boule D'Or. Inc. Broad straw-yellow petals.
 Blenheim (Reflexed). Bright rosy purple.
 Buff Globe. Jap. Rich deep buff colour.
 Calvat's A. Gold. Jap. Inc. Clear canary yellow.
 Camden. Rich carmine rose, reverse silvery.
 Col. W. B. Smith. Jap. Bright golden bronze.
 Commandant Blusset. Jap. Dark crimson red.
 Directeur Tisserand. Jap. Golden yellow.
 Director Kowallek. Jap. Immense; purple violet.
 Dorothy. Inc. Terra-cotta, with gold reverse.
 Duchess of York. Jap. Delicate light yellow; graceful.
 Duke of Wellington. Jap. Inc. Salmon buff.
 Duke of York. Inc. Reverse petals deep pink.
 Eda Prass. Jap. Salmon, changing to white, shaded blush.
 Edwin Molyneux. Jap. Crimson, reverse gold, grand.
 E. L. Jamieson. Jap. Chestnut crimson, bronze reverse.
 Ella Curtis. Jap. Rich golden yellow, shaded.
 Emily Doon. Jap. Inc. White, changing to pink.
 Emily Ladensburg. Jap. Inc. Deepest crimson, approach to black.
 Emily Silsbury. Jap. Pure white, curling.
 Francois Pilon. Jap. Deep golden yellow.
 Frank Hannaford (Jap. Inc.) Golden buff.
 General Hutton. Jap. Yellow margined.
 General Roberts. Jap. Red, shaded carmine; lower florets are tubulated.
 George J. Warren. Jap. Inc. Deep canary.
 G. H. Kerslake, Jun. Jap. Pearly white.
 G. M. Childs. Jap. Deep rich velvety crimson.
 Good Gracious. Inc. Delicate pink; tubulated petals.
 Graphic. Jap. Inc. Rosy mauve, outside a silvery shade.
 Guy Hamilton. Very large, pure white.
 Jal-ne. Jap. Rosy violet, full and large.
 John Machor. Jap. Inc. Brilliant deep yellow.
 John Pockett. Inc. Indian red, old gold reverse.
 John Seward. Jap. Bright canary yellow.
 J. R. Upton. Jap. Beautiful golden yellow.
 J. Shrimpton. Jap. Crimson scarlet, golden reverse.

The Chrysanthemum will grow in any ordinary garden soil in any part of the State, and bloom profusely; but to secure the largest size flowers, such as are to be seen at horticultural exhibitions, the soil must be naturally rich, or be made so by

the addition of manure—not more than two shoots should be left on one plant, and only a few flowers be allowed to remain on each, and abundance of moisture and liquid manure given; by this treatment flowers fit for exhibition will be secured.

Lady Esther Smith. Jap. Inc. Pure ivory white.
 Lady Gormanston. Jap. Best white Japanese.
 Lady Roberts. Inc. Rich crimson, gold reverse.
 Lady T. Lawrence. Jap. Pure white; broad petals.
 Lago Maggiore. Jap. One of the best; rich yellow.
 Le Moucherotte. Jap. Inc. Reddish brown.
 Le Colosse Grenoblois. Jap. Rosy white, striped lilac.
 Lord Brook. Jap. Bronze, intermixed with yellow.
 Lord Salisbury (Pockett). Jap. Yellow, with crimson.
 Lady Hopetoun (Reflexed). Lovely heliotrope pink, reverse silvery.
 Lord Hopetoun (Reflexed). Very handsome; most beautiful rich crimson, with golden reverse.
 Mabel Morgan. Yellow. Beautiful. One of the most lovely flowers ever raised.
 Madame Calvat. Jap. Blush white, changing to pure.
 Madame Carnot. Jap. Pure white; enormous flowers.
 Madame Edouard Rey. Jap. Delicate rose.
 Majesty. Jap. Deep glowing red, intense.
 Marcella. Jap. Deep red, reverse rich golden tint.
 M. Edouard Andre. Jap. Shade of old rose.
 Mdlle. Therese Rey. Jap. Purest white; magnificent.
 Meredith. Jap. Terra-cotta; reverse, golden.
 Fillicent Richardson. Purple, silvery reverse.
 Miss Amy Castles. Jap. Deep golden yellow.
 Miss Baden-Powell. Jap. Golden yellow, shaded.
 Miss Dorothy Shea. Jap. Rich terra-cotta, buff reverse.
 Miss Elsie Teichmann. Jap. Inc. Pearly white.
 Miss Georgina Pitcher. Jap. Inc. Lemon yellow.
 Miss M. Simpkins. Chinese. Best white Chinese.
 Miss Nellie Pockett. Creamy white, drooping.
 Modesta. Jap. The finest yellow; florets curled.
 Mr. M. J. Darcy. Jap. Rosy cerise, reverse silvery.
 Mr. W. T. McNeice. Jap. Rosy lilac, reverse lighter.
 Mrs. Arthur Tuckett. Jap. Inc. A deep crimson, reverse gold.
 Mrs. Bruce Findlay. Jap. Deep blush, pink petals.
 Mrs. Cotesworth Bond. Ref. Jap. Soft pink and white.
 Mrs. E. D. Adams. Jap. White, slightly flushed rose.
 Mrs. Edgar Newlands. Jap. Lilac rose, shaded silver.
 Mrs. F. Hepper. Inc. Purest white; splendid.
 Mrs. George Fairbairn (Reflexed). Yellow, suffused with chocolate brown.
 Mrs. G. Carpenter. Jap. Rose pink, silvery reverse.
 Mrs. Harry Emmerton. Jap. Bright amber.
 Mrs. J. H. Horton. Jap. Beautiful deep golden yellow.
 Mrs. John Shrimpton. Jap. Golden, striped crimson.
 Mrs. J. Shaw. Jap. Rich deep pink, broad petals.
 Mrs. F. S. Grimwade. Inc. Beautiful light heliotrope.
 Mrs. White Popham. Jap. White, lined carmine.
 Mrs. W. J. Godfrey. Jap. White, incurving.
 Mrs. W. Nease. Beautiful sulphur sport of Madame Carnot.
 Mrs. W. R. Church. Jap. White flushed lilac rose.
 Mrs. W. Riggall. Inc. Bright golden yellow.
 Mrs. W. T. McNeice (Reflexed). Dark Indian red, the reverse straw.
 Oceana. Inc. Incurving florets, rich golden yellow.
 Percy. Jap. Silvery white, striped rosy pink.
 Phyllis. Jap. Soft canary yellow, edges light mauve.
 R. C. Kingston. Jap. Dark purple; large size.
 Rupert. Inc. Cinnamon red, shaded with buff.
 Silver Cloud. Jap. White, suffused with salmon.
 Silver King. Inc. Rosy mauve, with silvery blush.
 Simplicity. Jap. Pure white, long broad florets.
 Sir George White. Golden terra-cotta, large.
 Sir H. H. Kitchenier. Rich terra-cotta, golden reverse.
 Snowdon. Jap. An immense very pure white.
 Souvenir de l'Exposition de Glenoble. Jap. Pale lavender, tipped rose lilac.
 Sunstone. Jap. Buff, suffused with orange.
 The Convention. Jap. Salmon-red, buff reverse.
 The Wonderful. Old gold, inside soft maroon.
 Triomphante de Ch. Molin. Jap. Violet rose.
 T. Wickham Jones. Jap. Pure white; very large.
 Wallaroo. Jap. Deep rosy pink; large flower.
 Western King. Jap. Inc. Pure white; superb.
 W. A. Manda. Jap. Golden yellow; hairy; large.
 W. R. Church. Deep rosy crimson, bronze reverse.
 W. G. Newitt. Jap. Pure white, long drooping petals.
 W. H. Lincoln Improved. Jap. Inc. Clear yellow.
 W. Tricker. Jap. Inc. Sweet delicate rose.
 Zulinda. Jap. Clear rose pink, reverse silvery.



Cactus Dahlia.
Mrs. J. J. Crowe.

Cactus Dahlias.

1s each; 10s per dozen, except where marked.

THE following is a splendid collection of these most charming flowers. A large demand has set in for Cactus Dahlias, and they are now the fashionable flower, and will be largely grown this season. The beautiful colouring of the curiously formed petals, and the extreme grace and elegance of the cut blooms for decorative purposes, have given this variety of Dahlia a first place.

Alfred Vasey. Amber and pink, exquisite form.
Austin Cannell. Mauvy pink; fine formed petals.
Baron Schøder. Imperial purple; erect flowers.
Beauty of Arundel. Glowing crimson, tips shaded purple.
Beauty of Brentwood. Purple magenta, true Cactus type.
Bertha Mawley. Cochineal color; florets long, tapering.
Bridesmaid. Delicate rose, passing to pale primrose.
Britannia. Delicate shade soft salmon pink.
Cannell's Crest. Richest of the cherry-red section.
Capstan. Soft brickred, tinted apricot.
Captain Dreyfus. Narrow petals, dark velvety maroon.
Chancellor Swayne. Dark plum.
Cinderella. Bright purple, deepening to velvety shade.
Countess of Lonsdale. Salmon apricot, carmine pink towards tips.
Countess of Pembroke. Delicate lilac, a pleasing colour.
Countess of Radnor. Combination of delicate hues.
Delicata. Soft peach colour, florets beautifully twisted.
Diamond. Yellow disc, shading to rosy mauve.
Dr. Nansen. Most excellent variety; bright scarlet.
Dryden. Deep crimson scarlet; petals very fine and pointed.
Duke of Clarence. Deep maroon, shaded scarlet.

Earl of Pembroke. Bright plum; florets long and twisted.

Eastern Queen. Rich magenta maroon; beautiful.

Empress of India. Crimson, shaded maroon and magenta.

Endymion. Bright cerise; good twisted petals.

Ensign. Carmine, passing to yellow at base of petals.

Erasmus. Reddish crimson, shaded maroon.

Ernest Cannell. Soft red, deeper in centre, large.

Exquisite. Reddish cinnamon or pinkish apricot.

Firebrand. Rich velvety crimson; petals long, narrow.

Frank Woodgate. Yellow, with scarlet points.

George Marlow. Dazzling yellow, shaded amber.

Golden Plover. Good shape; soft golden yellow.

Green's White. Fine white; one of the best.

Harry Stredwick. Rich fiery crimson maroon.

Hogarth. Deep maroon, with crimson shadings.

Ione. Terra-cotta, shaded crimson.

Island Queen. Charming light mauve.

James Hudson. Deep orange buff.

Jessie. Palest pink, shading to white; beautiful.

Keyne's White. Pure white; good.

Lady Edmund Talbot. Pale terra-cotta, shaded salmon.

Lady Pearson. A distinct shade of rosy red.

Laverstock Beauty. Soft red or vermillion.

Lord Roberts. The grandest white; quilled petals.

Lovely Eynsford. Amber colour; well-pointed petals.

Mabel Keith. Buff shaded pink, creamy yellow centre.

Magnificent. Beautiful rosy salmon; very fine.

Major Haskins. Bright crimson.

Major Weston. Rich deep velvety crimson.

Mary Service. Pink heliotrope, shaded yellowish brown.

May Queen. Soft heliotrope, shading pure white.

Midnight Sun. Intense crimson, shaded.

Mrs. Barnes. Pale primrose, shaded rosy pink.

Mrs. Bevor Barker. Of a bluish magenta colour.

Mrs. Bennett. Soft crimson, large flower.

Mrs. Carter Page. Wine crimson, base yellow.

Mrs. Dickson. Lovely soft rose and clear yellow.

Mrs. E. Cannell. Clear yellow, shaded soft red.

Mrs. J. J. Crowe. Yellow; twisted, pointed. 1s 6d

Mrs. Montefiore. Glowing crimson scarlet.

Mrs. Sanders. Pure deep yellow.

Mrs. T. Douglas. Fawn, suffused puce.

Mrs. S. W. Sweet. Coppery orange, tinted salmon.

Night. Intense dark maroon.

Norfolk Hero. Dark maroon, divided tips.

Ophelia. Bright carmine.

Purple Prince. Deep purple, shaded bluish maroon.

Radiance. Orange scarlet, base of petals paler.

Ringdove. Orange scarlet, shaded light maroon.

Robert Cannell. Magenta, with bluish tinge.

Rosine. Rose colour; magnificent.

Sedan. Rich ruby red, paler at the tips.

Skylark. Crimson, shading to heliotrope.

Stella. Rich vivid crimson; long petals.

Strahlenkrone. Crimson scarlet, large fine cactus.

Tillie. Salmon, suffused pale rose, tinged mauve.

The Bishop. Bright coral red, long florets.

The Czar. True Cactus; crimson maroon.

The Queen. Pure snow white, long stiff stems.

True Friend. Dark crimson narrow petals.

Valkyrie. Rich cardinal, shaded rose; early, free.

Viscountess Folkestone. Soft pink.

W. J. Frost. Rich crimson, perfectly formed.

Wisdom. Soft shade of rosy pink; perfect.

Wm. Cuthbertson. Bright rich crimson lake, passing towards tips of petals to carmine; petals long.

"The box of Plants came out on Saturday, and although so lengthy a time upon the road, were, thanks to your excellent packing, seemingly none the worse. I have to thank you very much for the presentation Rose." Mrs. Cox, Palangra. 24-3-02.

FOR OTHER DAHLIAS SEE NEXT PAGE.

Dahlias—Continued.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

POMPONE DAHLIAS.

- Catherine.** Yellow.
Donovan. White, lavender tips; distinct; attractive.
Fairy Primrose. Canary yellow, tipped white, very free.
Firefly. Clear dark scarlet; free; a fine addition.
German Favorite. Orange.
Hypatia. Amber, shaded fawn, centre of petals lemon; free; good shape.
Jewel. Pale primrose, blotches of pure white; occasionally comes pure white; fine shape.
Robert Burns. Salmon, tipped crimson.
Senator. Pure white.
Sou de Ed. Bull. White, quilled edges.
White Aster. Pure white, fimbriated edges.

SHOW DAHLIAS.

- Bishop of Durham.** Of a salmon red colour.
Bob Ridley. A beautiful glowing crimson.
Canary Bird. Bright yellow.
Champion. A large variety; colour, yellow.
Dictator. White, tipped lilac.
Dido. Orange red.
Florrie Lucas. Red, with violet markings.

- Gem of the West.** Magenta.
Leah. Orange. F.
Maud Fellowes. French white, tinted purple.
Mrs. Gladstone. Delicate soft pink, model form.
Prince of Denmark. Dark maroon, shaded crimson.
Queen of the Whites. Pure white; fine form.
Snowball. A splendid pure white.
W. H. Williams. Bright scarlet, high centre.

FANCY DAHLIAS.

- Agnes.** Salmon pink, edged crimson.
Dandy. Orange, striped crimson, handsome.
Frederick Smith. Deep lilac, striped purple.
Joseph's Coat. Many colours.
Lotty Eckford. White, striped purple.
Maid of the Vale. Dark red.
Miss Sharp. Variable.
Mrs. Miller. Black and white.
Mrs. N. Halls. Bright scarlet, tipped white.
Mrs. Saunders. Yellow, tipped white.
Novelty. Delicate rose, flaked purple pink.
T. R. Sneddon. White, edged violet rose.
T. W. Girdlestone. Lilac, flaked dark maroon.

FUCHSIAS.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

DOUBLE FUCHSIAS.

- Achilles.** Short tube and dark red shell-shaped sepals, corolla rich plum colour.
Alfred Rambaud. Double; reflexed scarlet sepals, rich violet corolla.
Avalanche. Tube and sepals crimson, purple corolla.
Christophe Colomb. Large scarlet sepals, enormous carmine double corolla.
Countess of Hopetoun. Very large corolla, pure white, dark red sepals, extra fine.
De Cherville. Large double rose corolla, sepals dark red and well reflexed.
Edmund Abe. Double white, carmine sepals, white corolla suffused with red.
Extraordinary. Plum colour, with red sepals.
Frau Emma Topfer. Distinct and novel; tube and sepals rosy coral, corolla clear rosy blush; large.
Jubilee. Sepals crimson, rosy mauve corolla.
Jumna. Bright crimson sepals, rich purple double corolla, the base marked with rosy crimson.
Madame Bruant. Sepals bright red, reflexed, corolla lilac mauve, maculated and veined with rose.
Molesworth. Sepals bright carmine, reflexed corolla, double, unusually large, and pure white.
Mrs. E. G. Hill. Sepals crimson, double white corolla.
Mrs. W. Cannell. White, large.
Novea Mastodonte. Dark violet, veined red.
Ovid. Coral-red tube, double white corolla.
Phenomenal. Short tube and reflexed sepals crimson, corolla azure violet, flaked red.
Viceroy of Canada. Violet corolla.
Victor Hugo. Large blood-red sepals; large double corolla, violet purple, marbled red.
Violet C. Duc. Reddish, expanded corolla of a metallic violet.
White Jubilee. Enormous, sepals red, reflexed corolla.

SINGLE FUCHSIAS.

- Arabella.** White tube and sepals, corolla rosy pink.
Azurea Superba. Coral colour, purple corolla.
Beauty of Exeter. A novelty in colour, being a mixture of light and crimson; very floriferous.
Constancy. Flesh-coloured tube and sepals, well reflexed, rich carmine corolla, stout and extra fine.
Countess of Aberdeen. The nearest approach to totally white, corolla and sepals being milk white.
Fair Maid. Creamy white tube and sepals tinted blush; corolla deep carmine, flushed magenta.
General Roberts. Drooping habit; sepals rose, deepening into the corolla of shaded crimson.
Gracilis. Dwarf variety, flowers very small.
Gracilis Variegata. Dwarf, leaves green, broadly margined with white.
Mrs. Henry Roberts. Tube and sepals rose, corolla dark crimson shade.
Mrs. Bright. White sepals, salmon red corolla.
Mrs. Marshall. Tube and sepals white, corolla pink.
Peasant Girl. Tube and sepals tinted with blush, corolla pink and carmine, slightly shaded violet.
Rose of Castile. White sepals, corolla violet.
Rupert. Short tube, recurved cerise red sepals; single corolla, purple.
Speciosa. Sepals flesh colour, rosy carmine corolla.

FUCHSIAS form fine features in the flower garden; they merely demand shelter from the wind, plenty of water during dry weather, with a mulching during the summer months, and the ordinary treatment of general outdoor plants; they may be grown without much trouble, and make splendid decorative plants; any good garden soil will suit them.

- Star of Wilts.** White sepals, salmon corolla.
Trailing Queen. Admirably adapted for basket culture; blooms hang down in long racemes of flowers.

HYBRID FUCHSIAS.

- Boliviana.** Rich crambise crimson-coloured trumpet-shaped flowers; tube three inches in length.
Crimson Bedder. Leaves crimson and bronzy green, striped with white.
Earl Beaconsfield. Tube and sepals light rosy carmine, corolla deep carmine.
Mrs. Rundle. Sepals flesh colour, while the corolla is orange scarlet; single.
Procumbens. Bearing large scarlet edible berries, Plant is a trailer, and may be made to cover a fence.
Sunray. The leaves are of a bright rich crimson, white and bronzy green in equal parts.



Double Fuchsia.

PELARGONIUMS.

THESE beautiful plants belong to the aristocracy of the floral world. They are easily grown, very free flowering, and have flowers of the most delicate shades of colour.



Zonale Pelargonium or Geranium.

Regal, Show and Decorative.

1s 6d each; 14s per dozen.

The varieties marked **R** are Regal; they are all more or less fringed and double.

Azalea Flora. Beautiful rosy pink.
Beauty of Oxtou (R). Maroon, blotched, crimson.
Bougainville. Salmon, bordered white, deep chocolate blotch in early petal; very distinct.
Conductor. Carmine, petals blotched maroon.
Donna Maria. Rosy pink, pure white centre.
Dorothy. Carmine, rose-white centre with lilac shade.
Dr. Masters (R). Black blotched, margin rich crim-on.
Duchess of Bedford (R). Pure white, fringed rose.
Duke of Connaught (R). Purplish maroon fringe l.
Earl of Hopetoun. Vermilion scarlet, white centre.
Edward Perkins. Orange carmine, blotched.
Emperor of Russia. Maroon crimson, pure white belt.
Garibaldi. Crimson scarlet, mulberry blotch.
Gloire de Tours. Bright vermilion, light centre.
G. Shepherd. Brilliant orange crimson.
Gustave Malet. Rich crimson, dark spots, lilac centre.
Hebe. Large and pure white, pencilled on upper petals.
Her Majesty. Large pure white flowers, almost double.
Jubilee Victoria. Blush pink, blotched maroon.
Lady Hopetoun. Large white, purple markings.
Lady Isabel. Soft rosy lilac, deep maroon blotch.
Madame Thibaut. White, blotched and marbled rose.
Morning Star. Pure white, crimson blotch.
Mrs. Harrison. Pink, white centre and margin.
Nellie Hayes. Blush white, maroon spots.
Prince of Wales. Bright vermilion, light centre.
Persimmon. Intense orange scarlet; large.
Regalia. Bright rose, light edges, spotted maroon.
Robina. Salmon rose, pretty and distinct.
Rose Queen (R). Blush pink, red spot on petals.
Rosetta. Purple, shaded rose, maroon spot.
Royalty (R). Pure white, crimson spot in each petal.
Volonté Nationale. Blotched carmine, margined white.

Ivy-Leaved Geraniums.

DOUBLE. 1s each; 10s per dozen.

Fine for covering fences; showy and handsome.

Alma. Salmon scarlet, centre vermilion; double.
Beauty of Jersey. Lovely scarlet, shaded purple.
Flambeau. Large trusses, granite red; distinct.
Furstin J. Von Hohenzollern. Reddish magenta.
Gloire de Lorraine. Cerise, brightened with scarlet.
Gloire de Nancy. Cerise red, shaded amaranth.
Incomparable. Reddish rose, large truss.
Jeanne d'Arc. White suffused light lavender.
Joseph de Maistre. Amaranth; good truss.
L'Elegance. Variegated.
La Rosiere. Satiny rose, lighter margin; perfect.
Madame Crouse. Silvery pink.
Ondine. Rosy pink, upper petals feathered carmine.
Ryecroft Surprise. Crimson spots, shaded rose.
Sabine. Bright rosy carmine; large.
Sarah Bernhardt. White upper petals, feathered.
Vestal Queen. Pink, upper petals rayed crimson.
Zaire. White, veined black, flowers full.

Choice Zonale Geraniums.

DOUBLE. 1s each.

Agnes Kelway. Immense trusses of rosy pink.
Alexandre. Rosy magenta; petals spotted orange.
Annibal. Large sulphur-violet flowers; spotted.
Beatrice Kelway. Flesh, tinted salmon.
Candidissima Plena. Snowy white; large and fine.
Cæsar. Large trusses of reddish violet flowers.
Don Quickotte. Crimson, white eye.
Ernest Kelway. Vivid scarlet, grand truss.
Fraicheur. Double pink, picotee edge.
Friant. Large yellow cinnabar flowers; beautiful.
General Grant. Trusses of bright scarlet.
Grand Chan. Faideherbe. Intense blackish crimson.
Huber Chanon. Pink, white eye.
Jean Dollfus. Fine and full, purplish violet.
Jules Simon. Beautiful clear rose; dwarf and free.
King of Denmark. Salmon pink.
L'Abbe Gregoire. Dark crimson, marked red.
Lady Candahar. Deep self-salmon, large and full.
Lysias. Large deep salmon, flushed vermilion.
Madame Lemoine. Double pink, very fine.
Madame Thibaut. Rich rose, shaded violet carmine.
Napoleon. Brick orange shade, floriferous.
Rebecca. Rosy crimson, large trusses.
Remarkable. Deep violet crimson, of fine shape.
Roi des Negres. Glowing crimson, very double.
Satanislas. Tender rose, lightly touched with carmine.
Silver Queen. Double white, fine round flowers.
Ukara. Large flowers of pure white.
White Swan. Double white fine.

SINGLE. 1s each.

Aphrodite. Cerise and magenta.
Belle Etoile. Cerise, white eye.
Blue Bell. Bluish lilac, good shape and truss.
Countess of Morella. Single scarlet, white centre.
Chaucer. Cerise, beautiful; three inches in diameter.
Crabbe. Cherry red, truss 16 inches.
Duke of York. Magenta, deeper upper petals.
Delicata. Delicate tint, lavender pink.
Ian McLaren. Deep shade of salmon, orange in the centre.
Jerome K. Jerome. Reddish orange, suffused with crimson.
J. M. Barrie. Bright cerise; three inches across.
Kate Greenaway. Large, pink.
Louis. Enormous trusses of purplish crimson.
Lady Newton. White, marble reddish salmon.
Menelik. Large single rose, clear white eye.
Miss Blanche. Large trusses, rosy violet, margined white.
Mrs. Ewing. Pale salmon, lightly tinted pink.
Mrs. Lancaster. Bright scarlet.
Niagara. Single white of perfect shape.
Pierre Lebrun. Pink, white eye.
Salmon Vesuvius. Salmon, suffused coral, white eye.
W. E. Corder. Scarlet; circular in shape.
White Clipper. Fine trusses, pips purest white.

Variegated Zonale and Tricolour.

1s each.

Beauty of Calderdale. Yellow, with bronze zone.
Distinction. Novel; the rich green leaf disc being circumscribed by a narrow vandyked zone, and margin similarly crimped with sharply notched outline.
Gaiety. Yellow and green.
Happy Thoughts. White, green centre, zone salmon.
Lady Cullen. Bronze red zone, edged crimson and gold.
Mrs. Pollock. Bronze red zone, edged crimson.
Veronia. Leaves bright golden yellow; very distinct.



ROSES

Orders should reach us early to be forwarded when ready.

We offer a magnificent collection of all classes of Roses, which will succeed in any part of the State, provided they are planted in suitable soil. The varieties of the Ever-blooming class are far superior to the old Hybrid Perpetual varieties, and are admirably suited to our climate.

Roses prefer strong loam, or even a stiff, clayey soil; the land should be well trenched and drained, and enriched with a liberal supply of well-decayed manure, a strong, deep loam suiting them best. Planting may be done during June, July and August, when the plants are lifted out of the border, but we can supply a good assortment in pots for planting later. A judicious root pruning of the stocks lifted out of the borders before planting out is of great service. As some of the more delicate varieties are budded on common stocks, when planting, the said stocks should be completely buried in the ground, so that only the branches of the true rose will remain above ground. Roses thus planted will not suffer, but be improved by the treatment, and losses of delicate varieties should be very few. We would also advise that, after planting, a mulching of manure be placed about each plant, and should suckers appear from the stocks, they should be removed, allowing only the shoots from the bud to remain.

NOVELTIES of 1902.

- Alexandra.** Flowers pale buff, with orange-yellow centre, shaded with apricot and bronze; very beautiful. 1s 6d.
Boadicea (Tea Scented). Flowers pale peach, tinted with pink and violet, centre shaded rose, exceedingly beautiful. 2s.
Corallina. Rosy crimson shaded with coral red, large; specially beautiful in the bud state. A strong-growing variety. 1s 6d.
Dr. Cazeneuve (Hybrid Tea). Buds almost black, deep velvety crimson; one of the darkest hybrid teas. 1s 6d.
Eugenie Lamesch (Dwarf Polyantha). Buds coppery red, opening flowers ochre-yellow, changing to clear yellow, fragrant. 1s 6d.
Francois Grouse (Tea-scented Climbing). Bright crimson, large, of good shape; hardy. 1s 6d.
Frau Karl Druschki (Hybrid Perpetual). Snowy white, extra fine in bud; a strong growing variety, producing flowers of exceedingly handsome appearance both on plant and when cut. 1s 6d.
J. B. M. Camm (Bourbon). Very pale opaque salmon-pink, large, full, high-centred; growth vigorous. 1s 6d.

- Leonie Lamesch** (Dwarf Polyantha). Bright coppery red shaded with deep red and yellow. 1s 6d.
Latosca (Hybrid Tea). Vigorous, good habit, strong and erect stalk, large, well shaped flower; bluish white. 1s 6d.
Liberty (Hybrid Tea). Brilliant crimson, rivalling General Jacqueminot in colour, large and of beautiful elongated form. 1s 6d.
Ma Tulipe (Hybrid Tea). Flowers fine deep crimson, semi-double, large stiff petals like a tulip. 1s 6d.
Madame Viger (Hybrid Tea). Beautiful pale rose, edges and reverse of petals silvery white, tinted with carmine, handsome buds. 1s 6d.
Mrs. Reynolds Hole (Tea). Large full flower, deep shaded crimson, vigorous; fine brown foliage. 1s 6d.
Noella Nabonnand (Tea-scented Climbing). Large, semi-double, velvety crimson flowers; handsome bud. 1s 6d.
Sulphurea. Bright sulphur-yellow, of good habit; rich bronze foliage. 1s 6d.
Tennyson (Hybrid Tea). Flowers large and handsome, pearly white shaded with flesh colour and pink. Very fine. 2s.

Ever-Blooming Roses. Tea Scented and Noisette.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

When supplied during Winter Months, Packing Free.

- Adrienne Christophile.** Yellow shaded; large, scented.
Aline Sisley. From deep rosy purple to shaded violet red.
Andre Schwartz. Scarlet crimson, fragrant; free flowering.
Archduchess Marie Immaculata. Brick red, shaded salmon.
Alice Furon. Dark foliage, large yellowish white flowers.
Anna Chatron. Cream, tinted pink; large, vigorous.
Beaute Inconstante. Coppery red, yellow and carmine.
Beauty of Stapleford. Rose, carmine centre; large.
Belle Siebrecht. Scented; bright rosy pink; large.
Beryl. Deep golden yellow, fine long buds; very highly scented.
Bridesmaid. Deep pink shaded; a favourite.
Charlotte Gillemott. Soft shell pink, large thick petals.
Catherine Mermet. Salmon rose, cupped; large, fine.

- Comtesse de la Barthe.** Soft pink; fine form, free flowering.
Comtesse de Frigneuse. Bright canary yellow; buds long.
Comtesse de Nadaillac. Rosy flesh-shaded coppery yellow.
Cornelia Kock. Pale straw colour, extra size, good form.
Coronet. An extra large Hybrid Tea; colour rose pink; sweetly scented.
Countess of Pembroke. Soft satiny rose, deep centre; fragrant.
Dr. Grill. Light rose, coppery yellow centre; beautiful bud.
Duchess of Albany. Deep bright uniform pink, large.
Duchess Marie von Ratibor. Long buds, deep blood red, shaded maroon.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

Edouard Littaye. Rose, shaded amaranth, centre violet.
Edouard Gautier. Outer petals white, tinged rose, centre yellow.
Eliza Fougier. White, pink centre; petals large.
Ernest Metz. Soft carmine rose, deepening in the centre.
Etoile de Lyon. Bright sulphur yellow; large, free blooming.
Empress Alexandra of Russia. Red, shaded orange and carmine.
Fiametta Nabonnand. Nearly white; fine bud; strong.
Francois Dubrenil. Crimson, shaded cerise. Very fine.
Gruss au Teplitz. Flowers large and cupped; bright crimson scarlet.
Grace Darling. Peach colour, base of petals creamy white.
Hon. Edith Gifford. Creamy white, centre flesh, shaded rose.
Jean Ducher. Variable, bright yellow, salmon and coppery.
J. B. Varonne. Rose and crimson; petals coppery yellow.
Joseph Metral. Magenta, changing to purple cerise.
Jean Forgeot. Cream, tinted pink and salmon; long bud
Kaiserine Augusta Victoria. Pale fawn, deeper in centre.
Killarney. Perpetual; long buds, flesh, tinted white and pink.
Kronprinzessin Victoria. White, tinted yellow; first-class.
Lady Mary Fitzwilliam. Bright rose, scented; free.
La France. Pale peach, reverse deep rose; fragrant.
L. Innocence. Large and full, of a brilliant whiteness; very vigorous.
Lord Tarquin. Pale flesh colour, shaded; free flowering.
Madame Camille. Salmon pink, reverse of petals veined white.
Ma Capucine. Orange, shaded rose; beautiful bud.
Madame Welche. Outer petals yellow, centre deep yellow.
Madame Lambert. Salmon red; one of the best.
Madame Caroline Testout. Satiny rose; free flowering.
Madame de Watteville. Creamy white, and margined.
Madame Eugene Resal. Coppery red, orange ground.
Madame H. Jamain. Petals white, tinted, centre coppery.
Madame Joseph Combet. Creamy white, shaded rose.
Madame Jules Grolez. Brilliant China rose; very free.
Mademoiselle Christine de Noue. Purple, centre petals lake.
Maman Cochet. Blush rose, shaded carmine and salmon.

Marie von Houtte. White, tinted yellow, edged rose large.
Marquis Litta. Carmine rose; vermillion centre; large.
Marion Dingee. Rich crimson maroon, large cup-shaped.
Marquise de Vivien. China pink; fragrant; long bud.
Maurice Rouvier. Pale flesh rose.
Mavourneen. Delicate silvery white, shaded rosy flesh.
Medea. Lemon yellow, deepening to canary; vigorous.
Miss Marston. Blush rose centre, shaded peach and yellow.
Mrs. Robert Garrett. Good habit; long, pointed buds; first-class.
Muriel Grahame. Cream, lightly shaded pink.
Niphetos. Snowy white; long beautiful bud.
Papa Gontier. Rosy crimson; very large petal; fine bud
Paul Nabonnand. Satiny rose, veined peach; large.
Perle des Jardins. Bright canary yellow; large, fragrant.
Pink Perle. Deep rose, shaded carmine; first-class variety.
Professor Ganiviat. Pink, sometimes red.
Prinzessin E. von Ratibor. Blood red buds, shaded dark velvety red.
Purity. Pure white, with slightly flushed centre; good substance.
Rainbow. Pink, blotched and striped, dark crimson.
Sappho. Beautiful, petals fawn, centre rich apricot.
Souvenir d'Elise. Creamy white, yellowish centre.
Souvenir de Wotton. Red, cupped, large and full; free flowering.
Souvenir de President Carnot. Rosy flesh, shaded white.
Souvenir de Catherine Guillot. Orange red, tinted carmine.
Souvenir de J. B. Guillot. Strawberry red changing to yellow.
Souvenir de Jeanne Cabaud. Petals shaded carmine, centre peach.
Souvenir d'un Ami. Soft pink; a splendid rose.
Souvenir Therese Levat. Dark velvety crimson; large, full.
Sunset. Full bright apricot; large and full; good.
The Queen. Pure white; fragrant; beautiful bud.
Triomphe de Pernet Pere. Bright red, shaded purple.
Viscountess Folkestone. Creamy pink, deepening to salmon pink.
White Lord Tarquin. Pure white sport from Lord Tarquin; constant bloomer.
White Maman Cochet. Equal to the Pink Maman Cochet.

Ever-Blooming Climbing Roses.

1s each; 10s per dozen. Can be grown in the border if trained on poles.

Belle Lyonnaise. Canary yellow, changing to white.
Beauty de l'Europe. Deep yellow, reverse of petals coppery; large and well shaped.
Billiard and Barre. Beautiful climber, of good habit; large flowers, rich golden orange; superb.
Celine Forestier. Pale yellow; free.
Cheshunt Hybrid. Carmine red, with violet shade.
Climbing Comtesse de la Barthe. Strong climbing sport of the bush variety. Prolific bloomer.
Climbing Devoniensis. Creamy white.
Climbing la France. Beautiful blush.
Climbing Niphetos. Pure white Tea.
Climbing Perle des Jardins. Bright yellow; profuse.
Climbing Souvenir de la Malmaison. Edges blush, deeper in centre.
Climbing Kaiserine Augusta Victoria. Pale fawn, deeper in the centre.
Climbing Meteor. Brilliant crimson.
Climbing Souvenir de Wotton. Climbing sport of the dwarf variety. Brilliant red.
Cloth of Gold. Sulphur yellow.
Duchess d'Auerstaedt. Yellow or pale buff, with nankeen shade in centre.
Gloire de Dijon. Yellow and buff.
Grand Duc Ernest Ludwig (Red Marechal Neil). Carmine red; shaped like Marechal Neil; good climber; sweet scented.

James Sprunt. Rich scarlet crimson; large.
Josephine Violette. Salmon yellow, coppery centre.
La Marque. White, centre tinged yellow.
La Soliel. Glossy yellow, thick petals; large.
L'Ideal. Coppery rose, yellow centre, reflexed gold.
Madame Berard. Salmon rose, shaded yellow.
Madame Eugene Verdier. Outer petals chamoise yellow, centre deep orange.
Marechal Neil. Rich golden yellow.
Monsieur Desir. Velvety crimson, violet shade.
Reine Marie Henriette. Bright rosy cerise; large and full; long petals.
Reve d'Or. Deep coppery yellow, fine form.
Rev. T. C. Cole. Bright yellow, large, full.
Solfaterre. Sulphur yellow, large and full.
Souvenir de Madame Metral. Bright cerise red, shaded scarlet.
Triomphe de P. Guillot fils. White, shaded with salmon; large and full.
Triumph de Rennes. Canary.
Waltham Climber, No. 3. Deep crimson, full globular; free bloomer.
White Marechal Neil. Creamy white.
William Allan Richardson. Beautiful orange yellow; shaded.

Wichuriana Roses.

The Creeping Roses for covering banks.

Manda's Triumph. Clusters of double white flowers, sweet scented.
Pink Roamer. Flowers two inches across, rich bright pink.
South Orange Perfection. A free grower, pretty flowers, white tipped with pink.
Universal Favourite. Large double pink flowers, dense foliage; fragrant.

Banksian Roses.

Desirable Roses for Climbing Purposes.

Banksia Alba. White.
Banksia Fortunil. Large, white.
Banksia Fortunes. Yellow.
Banksia Lutea. Yellow. } 1s each.

"I received the Roses on Saturday last, as usual wonderfully fresh and healthy looking. . . . Thanking you for your care and attention to my wishes."—MISS STUCKEY, Unley Park, near Adelaide.—23-6-02.

Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

This class includes some of the finest Roses in cultivation, and nearly all the fine deep crimson highly perfumed flowers so much esteemed. We can supply many other varieties.

Abbe Bramerel. Crimson, shaded purple.
Alfred Colomb. Bright fiery red, large and full.
Ard Rover. Fine dark rose; deep crimson, shaded maroon.
Alfred K. Williams. Carmine red, changing.
Bacchus. Bright violet red; very free.
Beauty of Waltham. Light rosy crimson.
Black Prince. Dark crimson, shaded with black.
Captain Christy. Deep flesh, good form.
Charles Lefebvre. Crimson, purplish centre.
Dr. Andry. Dark, bright red; large, full, fine form.
Dr. Sewell. Brilliant carmine scarlet, shaded with purple, back of petals bright red; large.
Duchess of Albany. Deep even pink; very large.
Duke of Albany. Vivid crimson, darker as it expands.
Earl of Dufferin. Dark red; large and full.
Ella Gordon. Bright cherry red; large and full.
Emperor of Maroc. Rich velvety crimson.
Glory of Waltham. Crimson; vigorous pillar rose.
Grand Mogul. Deep crimson, very dark.
Her Majesty. Satiny pink, large and full.
Jean Liabaud. Crimson, shaded with black.
Jean Souper. Velvety crimson, shaded scarlet.
John Bright. Very rich glowing crimson; fine.
John Hopper. Rose, crimson centre, large, full.
Jubilee. Large, pure red, shaded deep crimson and maroon; very free.
Lord Macaulay. Variable, scarlet crimson to plum.

Lord Raglan. Scarlet crimson, edges violet crimson.
Louis von Houtte. Scarlet, shaded maroon.
Madame Baronesse de Rothschild. White and pink.
Margaret Dickson. White, pale flesh centre.
Merveille de Lyon. White, very large and full.
Mrs. Harry Turner. Rich crimson scarlet, well formed and full.
Mrs. J. Laing. Soft satiny pink, very fragrant.
Paul Dupuy. Deep velvety crimson.
Paul Neron. Rich rose, monstrous, very double.
Pierre Notting. Blackish red, violet shaded, large.
Prince Arthur. Deep crimson, large, abundant.
Prince Camille de Rohan. Very dark crimson.
Pride of Waltham. Delicate flesh, shaded rose.
Princess Alice. Rich deep rose, with satin-like gloss; large, cupped, and very double.
Rev. Allen Cheales. Pure lake with silvery white backs of petals.
Roger Lambelle (the White Margined Rose). Deep crimson, with a distinct white margin.
Silver Queen. Pinkish white and blush.
Souvenir de Wm. Wood. Black maroon, shaded scarlet; very effective.
Victor Hugo. Intense crimson, good form.
Victor Verdier. Deep vivid rose, large, fine.
Zavier Olibo. Shaded amaranth; Al.

Ever-Blooming Polyantha Roses.

1s each; 10s per dozen.

These Roses are to their genus what the Pompones are to Dahlias, Chrysanthemums, etc. They are profuse and constant bloomers, and have bunches of small flowers.

Annie Marie Montravel. Small, pure white, large clusters; very full, and beautifully imbricated; dwarf and bushy.
Blanche Rebatel. Carmine, shaded rose; very small flower.
Clara Pfitzer. Light carmine, edged silvery white; medium size, imbricated; very free blooming and fragrant.
Claire Jacquier. Nankeen yellow, clustered climber.
Etoile d'Or. Citron yellow in centre, shading to pale chrome yellow; medium size and very fine.
George Pernet. Bright rose and pink.
Glorie de Polyantha. Rose, outer petals often flaked with red; very free, dwarf compact habit.
Helene. Habit and foliage identical with *Crimson Rambler*, but flowers are rose pink, shaded carmine and orange.
Mademoiselle Cecile Brunner. Delicate salmon pink, deep salmon centre; small, very full, pretty shape, delicately scented.
Marie Pavie. Rosy white, medium size; full and well formed.
Madame E. Nolte. Chamais yellow, changing to white.
Miniature. White, tinted rose, small, full, daisy-like flowers.
Perle d'Or. Nankeen yellow, deep orange in bud; very full; very constant and free blooming; dwarf and vigorous.
Petite Leoni. White.
Red Pet. Brightest dark crimson, continuous bloomer.
Souvenir d'Elise Chatelon. Deep rose, vigorous habit.

Standard Roses.

Standards 3s 6d each, Half Standards 2s 6d each.

We have some fine Standard and Half Standard Roses with stems from 2½ ft. to 4 ft. The selection would be best left to ourselves, as we only grow a few varieties which are most suitable. They are good strong plants. If colours are given we would select best varieties. The following are in stock, viz:—

Comtesse Frigneuse	M. Cochet
Coronet	Mrs. Jas. Wilson
Eliza Fougier	Niphetos
La France	Souvenir Therese Levet
Louis Levique	The Bride
Mad. Jules Grolez	The Meteor

Provence or Moss Roses.

Black Moreau. White.	} 1s each.
Red Moss.	
Pink Moss.	
White Bath.	
W. Lobbs. Purple.	

Rambler Cluster Roses.

1s each.

Crimson Rambler. Brightest crimson; very vigorous grower; foliage very bright green.

Aglaia. Yellow.	} These possess the same excellent qualities as the <i>Crimson Rambler</i> .
Euphrosyne. Pink.	
Thalia. White.	

Verbenas. 9d each; 7s 6d dozen.

Albert Victor. Purple, white eye.
Attraction. Dark rose, white eye.
Columbia. Dark magenta.
Countess of Ellesmere. Red and white striped
Foxhunter. Scarlet, white eye.
George Brunning. Scarlet shaded, white eye.
Heliotrope. Heliotrope.
J. D. Hatton. Scarlet, yellow eye.
Joe. Dark purple, white eye.
Klondyke. Mottled and striped with carmine.
Laura. Crimson.
Lucy. Pale pink to white.
Major Sargood. Crimson.
Mayoresse of Sydney. Pure white, green eye.
Millie. Dark blue shading to pale blue.
Miss Crimston. Light rose, yellow eye.
Mrs. George Reid. Mauve, white eye.
Nellie. Bluish purple, white eye.
Purity. White.
Rose Perfection. Pink, white eye.
Snowdrift. Pure white.
Syringa. Rosy lilac.
The Royal Arthur. Deep bluish purple; large

Selected Violets.

SINGLE VARIETIES.

DOZ.

Admiral Avellan. Rich purple, dwarf; free flowering	6d each	5 0
California. Large single; fine blue; straight stems	.. ..	2 6
Gloire de Hynes. A fine blue violet, profuse bloomer, hardy	6d each	5 0
John Raddenberry. Single, pale blue, strong grower, hardy	.. ..	2 6
La France. Blue with metallic lustre; fragrant; petals large	1s each	9 0
May Jackson. Seedling of great merit; large pale blue flowers	.. ..	2 6
Princess of Wales. The largest Violet; rich, deep, dark blue; long stalks	.. ..	3 0

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Count Brazza (syn Swanley White). One of the best double white Violets	.. ..	2 6
Marie Louise. Double, rich lavender blue, light centre	.. ..	2 6
Neapolitan. Double, delicate shade of mauve, strongly scented	.. ..	2 0

Herbaceous, Bulbous and other Hardy Plants

Agapanthus.

- A. Umbellatus. Blue. 1 0
 A. Umbellatus Alba 1 0
 Strong tuberous plants, with flower stem 3 ft., surrounded by a crown of beautiful blue or white flowers; will thrive well in any ordinary garden soil.
 A. Umbellatus Variegatus 1 6
 Similar to A. Umbellatus, with the exception that its foliage is variegated.

Agave.

- A. Attenuata 2 0
 A. Americana 1 6
 A. Aurea Variegata 1 6
 Very compact habit, leaves dark green; a beautiful plant for lawn decoration.

Aloe.

- A. Arborea 1 6
 A. Saponaria 1 6
 A. Socotrina 1 6
 A. Hanburiana 1 6
 Useful plants for rock terraces.

Alstrœmeria.

- A. Aurantica. Brownish orange 1 0
 A. Alba. Pure white 1 0

Anemone.

- A. Japonica. Pink; single 1 0
 A. Japonica Alba (Honoree Joubert). Pure white; single 1 0
 A. Japonica (Whirlwind). Double white 1 0
 Beautiful herbaceous plants, of great value for cut flowers; large leaves, flower stems 2 feet, flowers abundantly in cluster; hardy.

Anthericum.

- A. Elegantiissima 1 6
 A. Variegatum 1 6
 Showy variegated foliage plants; suitable for hanging baskets.

Aster.

- A. Alpina (Michaelmas Daisy). Varieties, each 1 0

Auriculas.

- A. Alpina. Varieties, each 1 0

Amaryllis.

Of sorts 1 0 to 1 6

Bellis.

- B. Perennis (Double Daisy) per doz. 0 8
 These favourite flowers do well in any sheltered shady position; we have several varieties and colours.

Calla, or Richardia (Lily of the Nile).

- C. The Godfrey. The finest Calla. Compared with Ethiopica it gives three blooms to one, and is much whiter 2 0
 C. Elliottiana. Leaves evenly spotted and marked with white. The spathe is a very rich pure yellow 5 0
 C. Lemon Giant. Magnificent Calla; large yellow spathe, yellowish foliage, white spots 3 6
 C. Ethiopica (Arum Lily). "Lily of the Nile." Easiest culture, prefers moist situation, foliage large, flowers white; fine pot plant 1 0
 C. Little Gem. Dwarf variety of the Nile Lily, handsome, valuable for table decoration 1 0
 C. Maculata Alba. Fine pot plant, with small leaves spotted with silver 1 6
 C. Sanctum (Black Calla). Large flowers, of a deep purple colour, with black pistils standing well out of the flowers 1 0

Cereus (Cactus).

- C. Flagelliformis. Rat tail; pink flowers 1 6
 C. Grandiflora. Very large; white 1 6
 C. Speciosissimus. Crimson 1 6
 C. Phyllocactus. Ivory white 1 6
 C. Phyllocactus. Pale rose colour 1 6

These plants are suited for culture either in green-house, verandah, or on rock work. May also be planted in the open where the climate is not frosty. The flowers are grand, both for colour and size.

Chrysanthemum.

- C. Leucanthemum. White Oxeye Daisy 1 0
 C. Leucanthemum Maximum 1 0

Clidanthus.

- C. Fragrans. 1 0
 Beautiful golden yellow flowers, of exquisite fragrance, produced abundantly. Quite hardy, and not particular as to soil.

Crinum.

- C. Asiaticum 1 6
 C. Maritimum (The Sea Daffodil) 1 6
 C. Pedunculatum 1 6
 Other Choice Varieties 1 6
 Resembles Agapanthus in its habit; also produces tall flower stems, but its crown of flowers is more feathery; a beautiful plant.

Convallaria (Lily of the Valley).

- C. Majalis. White 1 0
 Old English favourite, which succeeds only in the colder districts; its perfume is delightful.

Cyclamen.

- During summer (not in flower) 1s each; 9s dozen.
 During winter (in flower) 1s 6d each; 15s dozen.
 Beautiful winter and spring flowering pot plants, handsome foliage and charming flowers.

Dielytra.

- D. Formosa. Mauve 1 0
 D. Spectabilis (Bleeding Heart). 1 0
 A lovely, soft-wooded, herbaceous, half-hardy perennial, requiring a sheltered position; its foliage is soft but graceful, and it produces pendant spikes of beautiful pink, heart-shaped flowers in great profusion; it prefers a cool climate.

Echeveria.

- E. Metallica each 1 6
 E. Retusa 1 6
 E. Secunda Glauca per 100 10 0
 Foliage plants. E. Metallica is suited for green-house cultivation, but can be planted out during summer; highly ornamental when used in carpet bedding; the leaves are large and with a metallic colour, with a lovely bloom; the other varieties have green leaves, and grow in the shape of a rosette, and are used for ornamental bedding.

Farfugium.

- F. Grande 1 6

Funkia.

- F. Japonica 1 0
 An attractive, hardy, herbaceous plant, good foliage, and perfumed flowers.

Gazania.

- G. Splendens 0 6
 Hardy, showy, herbaceous plant from the Cape; produces large flower heads of bright orange, with black and white spots at the base of each petal; of a trailing habit.

Gentiana.

- G. Acaulis. Dark blue 1 6

Gynerium (Pampas Grass).

- G. Argenteum 1 6
 G. Argenteum Variegatum 2 0
 G. Roseum 1 0
 A beautiful strong-growing grass, which grows freely in any position, throws up tall stalks 8 feet high, surmounted by splendid feathery plumes of great beauty; these can be dried and used for decorative purposes.

Hedychium.

- H. Coronarium Album. White 1 6
 H. Gardnerianum. Yellow 1 6
 Tall Canna-like plants.

Helleborus.

- H. Niger (White Christmas Rose) 1 6

Hemerocallis (Day Lily).

- H. Disticha. Double flowers 1 0
 H. Orange Crimson 1 0
 H. Middendorffii. Large yellow 1 0
 H. Major. Very large, single yellow 1 0

Helianthus.

- H. Multiflorus Grandiflorus 1 0
 The double perennial sunflower.

Herbaceous, Bulbous and other Hardy Plants—Continued.



Hedychium.

Heuchera.

H. Alba. White 1 0

Hepatica.

Cœrulea 1 6
 Rosea 1 6
 Alba 1 6

An early spring flowering plant; prefers light rich soil. These should be left undisturbed in the ground, when they will form grand clumps.

Imantophyllum.

I. Nobilis. Reddish orange flowers, massive foliage 2 6
 Easily grown in shade, house, or verandah.

Iris.

I. Kämpferi. Splendid named collection, single and double, in many shades of colour, 1s each; 9s doz.
 This well-known beautiful flag-like flower of Japan contains a great diversity of colour. White, maroon, deep blue, violet; beautifully veined, mottled, etc. Some of the flowers measure 10 to 12 inches. The Iris grows in all soils, but the Japanese varieties prefer a moist situation.
 I. Robinsoniana (The Wedding Flower) .. 1 0
 A tall-growing evergreen species, with white flowers.
 I. Stylosa. Evergreen, blue and white .. 1 0
 I. Stylosa Alba. White 1 0
 I. Germanica. Many varieties 1 0
 I. Spanish 0 6

Lachenalia (Cape Cowslip).

L. Aurea. Beautiful golden yellow 1 6
 L. Bicolor 1 6
 L. Tricolor 1 6

Mesembryanthemum.

All the most valuable varieties .. 6d and 1s each.
 Very hardy succulent plants, suitable for rockeries and edgings; the flowers open to the sun and close as it goes down; a most brilliant display of colour when in flower.

Mimulus.

M. Hybrid Varieties. Spotted 1 0
 M. Moschatos (Musk) 0 6
 Soft-wooded dwarf herbaceous plants; the flowers produced in profusion; require a sheltered place or bushhouse; plenty of moisture. Musk is best cultivated in pots; leaves delightfully perfumed; yellow flowers.

Nasturtium.

N. Stettianum. Double flowering, orange red .. 1 0

Nertera.

N. Depressa. With small orange berries 1 0

Ophiopogon.

O. Jaburan Variegata. Violet flower, with beautiful variegated foliage 1 6

Pampas Grass (See Gynierium).

Pæonia (See page 57).

Perennial Phlox.

9s per dozen.

P. Aurora Borealis. Carmine, zoned white; each 1 0
 P. Bayard. Dark Lavender 1 0
 P. B. Kelway. Pale lilac 1 0
 P. Bouquet. Rosy purple, pale rose centre, cerise eye; dwarf. 1 0
 P. Eugene Schott. Dark lavender, margined white 1 0
 P. Iris. White, purple eye 1 0
 P. Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white 1 0
 P. Niphetos. Pure white 1 0
 P. Purity. Pure white 1 0
 P. White 1 0
 P. White Queen. White 1 0

Showy herbaceous plants, of easy culture; they throw splendid spikes of flowers and bloom for several weeks.

Phygelius (Cape Figwort).

P. Capensis. Crimson 1 0
 A showy, erect plant; 3 ft. high.

Platycodon (Chinese Bell Flower).

P. Grandiflora. Blue 1 0
 P. Album. White 1 0
 Ornamental hardy plant; 1 ft. high.

Polyanthes (Tuberose).

P. Tuberosa. Single and double. Clumps 6d and 1 0
 P. The Pearl. Flowers double; dwarf habit .. 1 0
 Fragrant flowers, produced on tall spikes. The Tuberose is useful for cutting; it blooms for a long period.

Polyanthus.

P. Varieties dozen 2 0
 An old favourite in English cottage gardens, and a free-flowering plant; in the spring trusses of flowers are produced on short stems; colours various; fine foliage.

Polygonatum (Solomon's Seal).

P. Vulgare 1 0
 An excellent border plant.

Pentstemon.

P. Alba. Fine, pure white 1 0
 P. Alexander Pfium. Deep lake, white throat .. 1 0
 P. Antione Mirzay. Rosy vermilion, white throat .. 1 0
 P. Bertha Koch. Pink, pure white throat .. 1 0
 P. Boccace. Purplish red, white throat, veined .. 1 0
 P. Clara. White, bordered with purple 1 0
 P. Cratere. Flower dark reddish amaranth, the throat veined with reddish crimson 1 0
 P. Diane. Dark rosy violet, the throat maculated and veined with purple; a very large flower .. 1 0
 P. Emblem. Rosy scarlet, white throat 1 0
 P. Garten Directeur Siesmayer. Bright red, white throat, heavily veined with purple .. 1 0
 P. Gaulois. An enormous flower of a dark rose colour, the exterior violet, and the throat cream .. 1 0
 P. Jupiter. Crimson tube, pure white throat, lightly streaked with crimson 1 0
 P. Kamm. Reddish scarlet, fine spike 1 0
 P. Lamartine. Scarlet, white throat, veined with crimson; very showy 1 0
 P. Laura. Rosy lilac, large pure white throat; distinct and showy; very fine 1 0
 P. M. Chabert. Clear rosy pink, pure white throat; extra fine 1 0
 P. Miss F. Hope. Pure white, shaded rose .. 1 0
 P. M. Lemoirier. Bright crimson tube, dark throat veined white 1 0
 P. Neron. Purple, white throat 1 0
 P. Oracle. Rosy salmon, white throat 1 0
 P. Reutier Rothermund. Light pink, white throat, veined with red; good 1 0
 P. Sculpteur Bartholdi. Carmine, white throat .. 1 0
 P. Sexostriis. Purple, shaded violet, white throat .. 1 0
 P. Valeria. Scarlet tube, white throat, veined .. 1 0
 P. White Beauty. Pure ivory white, tinted rose .. 1 0
 A very attractive herbaceous border plant; produces spikes about 18 inches high, profusely covered with tube-shaped flowers of a variety of colours.

Herbaceous, Bulbous and other Hardy Plants—Continued.

Primula (Primrose).

P. Burgundy	1 0
P. Lilac Double	1 0
P. Mauve Double	1 0
P. Rose Double	1 0
P. Sanguinea Plena	1 0
P. White Double	1 0
P. Yellow Double	1 0
P. Single Mauve	1 0
P. Veris (Single Cowslip)	0 6
P. Virginia Single	1 0
P. Obconica	1 0
P. Vulgaris (Common Single Primrose), Dozen	2 6

All the varieties here named are hardy garden plants with the exception of P. Obconica, which is a bush-house plant, producing heads of handsome white flowers. The hardy varieties prefer a sheltered position.

Rudbeckia.

R. Laciniata fl. pl. (Golden Glow)	1 0
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Prettily cut foliage, flowers of a beautiful shade of colour; quite double.

Salvia.

S. Bethellii. Rosy pink, tipped white.. .. .	1 0
S. Coccinea. Scarlet	1 0
S. Grandiflora. Scarlet.. .. .	1 0
S. Grahamii. Purple	1 0
S. Howellii. Dark purplish blue	1 0
S. Issanchon. White and red	1 0
S. Patens. Celestial blue	1 0
S. Rutlandensis. Magenta purple; sweet scented	1 0
S. Splendens	1 0

Free-blooming herbaceous plants; quite hardy, except S. Patens, which requires a sheltered place. S. Grandiflora is a beautiful plant, with brilliant scarlet flowers.

Saxifraga.

S. Filamentosa (Aaron's Beard)	1 6
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Nice for hanging baskets.

Sedem Spectabilis.

S. Japonicum Macrophylla Aurea Marginata	1 6
S. Japonicum Fol. Variegata	1 6
S. Sieboldtii	1 6

Spirea Palmata.

S. Japonica	1 6
S. Rosea	1 6

Very hardy and handsome flowering plants; very suitable for pot culture; lovely foliage.

Statice.

S. Brassicifolia	1 6
S. Dicksoni	1 6
S. Halfordii (species)	1 6

A charming family of fine foliage dwarf plants, which have striking spikes of flowers of various colours; they are quite hardy, and particularly suitable for rockeries.

Stokesia.

S. Cyaneus	1 0
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A valuable herbaceous hardy evergreen, producing from Christmas till winter double starry flowers of a lilac purple.

Tritoma (Queen's Lily).

T. Grandiflora	1 0
T. Madame Owanii. Orange	1 0
T. Star of Baden Baden. Orange	1 0

A handsome tribe of grass-tree like foliage plants, producing fine spikes of crimson and orange flowers; most beautiful for a back border.

Vinca.

V. Major Variegata. Variegated	1 0
V. Periwinkle	1 0

...Greenhouse and Stove Plants...

NOTE—Plants marked * can only be grown in glass-houses artificially heated. Those not marked, in a cool greenhouse, and many of them in a bush-house also.

*Acalypha.

Marginata	1 6
Musiaca	1 6

Very handsome variegated plants.

Alocassia.

Macrorrhiza	1 6
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Alpinia.

Alba Variegata	2 0
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*Anthurium.

Andreanum	4 0
Crystallinum	3 6
Scherzerianum. Small foliage, but beautiful crimson flowers	3 6

Remarkable stove and green-house plants, some varieties producing magnificent leaves and brilliant scarlet flowers.

Allamanda.

Hendersonii	1 6
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Aralia.

Varieties	each 1 6
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Very pretty decorative plants.

Asparagus.

Plumosus Nana	1 6
Consanguineus	1 6
Sprengeri	1 6
Tenuissimus	1 6

Beautiful evergreen climbers, for bush-house, green-house and pot culture; lovely feathery foliage.

Achimenes.

These make fine pot or basket plants for the green-house during summer months, producing in abundance, flowers ranging through many colours. Bulbs .. each 0 6

Aspidistra.

Lurida	..2/6 to 7 6
Lurida Variegata	..2/6 to 10 6

Most useful plants for indoor decoration.

Bilbergia.

Sorts	each 1 6
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Suitable for bush-house.

Clerodendron.

Balfourii	1 6
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Charming green-house climber which is best grown on a wire frame; the flowers are of a most striking character, creamy white, crimson tipped.

Caladiums. Strong Bulbs, 2s each; 18s doz.

Beautiful tender green-house foliage plants, and are the better for artificial heat to start them in the spring; leaves magnificent, of a diversity of colours, curiously spotted and veined; bulbous plants, dormant in the winter; during May, June, and July can be sent out in a dry state.



Caladiums

Greenhouse and Stove Plants,

CONTINUED.

Cissus.

- Discolor** 1 6
A beautiful green-house climber, prettily variegated.

Coleus.

- Standard Varieties.** Medium-sized leaves; a beautiful collection of many distinct varieties .. 0 6

- New Large Leaved Hybrids.** We can supply 12 varieties of the new large-foliaged kinds. These varieties are very beautiful, fine large foliage, and very robust .. each 0 8

Charming ornamental foliage plants. The beauty of some varieties cannot be over-estimated; they are suitable for the green-house, bush-house, or verandah culture.

Curculigo.

- Recurvata** 1 6

- Recurvata Variegata** 3 6

Very effective decorative plants.



Cyperus Alternifolius.

Cyperus.

- Alternifolius** 1 6

- Alternifolius Variegata** 2 6

- Laxus Variegata** 2 0

Very useful bush-house plants.

Dalechampia.

- Roezliana** 2 0

***Dieffenbachia.**

- Baraquiniana** 1 6

- Braziliensis** 2 6

- Chelsonii** 2 6

- Magnifica** 2 6

***Dipladenia.**

- Boliviensis** 2 6

A most beautiful climber, bearing lovely white flowers, delicately suffused with yellow.

***Dracæna.**

- In Variety, from** 2 6

A most charming family of foliaged plants; the more tender varieties have marvellously beautiful coloured leaves; are only suited to hot-house culture. The harder kinds are all of graceful habit, and highly ornamental decorative plants.

Eucharis.

- Amazonica.** The lovely Eucharis lily of the Amazon from 2 6

- Candidum** 2 6

NOTE.—Plants marked * can only be grown in glass-houses artificially heated: Those not marked, in a cool greenhouse, and many of them in a bush-house also.

Eranthemum.

- Tuberculatum.** Flowers pure white, branching freely into slender twigs; tuberculated; very floriferous 1 6
Versicolor 1 6
Bicolor 1 6

Ficus.

- Australis Variegata** 3 6

- Elastica.** The true rubber tree of commerce; a most decorative plant, and will stand a long time in a room; leaves are thicker than the ordinary F. Microphylla 2 6

- Radicans Variegata** 1 6

- Parcelli** 2 6

Gloxinia.

Dry Tubers can be obtained during April, May, June, and July, later on, in a growing state in pots.

- Dry Tubers** 1/6 each, 15/- doz.

- In Pots** 2/- " 20/ "

Charming plants, trumpet-like flowers of every colour, beautifully spotted and blotched, in upright form; leaves very beautiful; continue to flower for a long period; the shelter of a frame is all that they require, but cannot be grown outside.

Graptophyllum.

- Pictum** 2 6

Heliconia.

- Rubra** 2 0

Handsome, broad-leaved, decorated plants.

Ixora.

- Coccinea** 2 0

A very gorgeous green-house plant.

***Medinilla.**

- Magnifica** 3 6

Handsome foliage plant, bearing large flower clusters of a lovely pink colour.

Monstera.

- Deliciosa** 2 6

Remarkable plant, which becomes covered with pink blooms, and at periods the pollen of the flower is discharged, causing a smoke-like appearance; flowers useful for table decoration.

Pandanus.

- Veitchii** from 2 6

- Baptisti** 2 0

- Utilis** 2 0

Veitchii is one of the most charming table decorative plants grown; white and green striped foliage; a perfect specimen plant.

Panicum.

- Variegatum** 1 0

Pilea (Artillery Plant).

- Muscosa** 1 6

Saintpaulia.

- Ionantha** 1 0

Charming little prolific flowering plant; the leaves are dark green, fleshy, with downy surface, spread laterally over the soil, forming a rosette; from the centre and sides spring up quite a bouquet of flowers, violet-like both in colour and shape, 1½ inch in diameter, borne in stalks 2 to 3 inches high. Suitable for bush and green-house.

Schubertia.

- Graveolens** 2 6

Large, white, star-shaped flowers, very floriferous, and a magnificent green-house climber.

Streptocarpus.

- Hybrids** 1 6

Charming flowering plants of lavender and mauve shades of colour; very distinct.

Tabernæmontana.

- Coomassa, fl. pl.** 2 6

A charming green-house plant, bearing a profusion of beautiful snow-white flowers of Gardenia form, sweetly scented.

Vresia.

- Tricolor (Telandria)** 2 0

Handsome variety of a large family of green-house plants.

Aquatic Plants.

WHAT can be more charming than the various lovely Water Lilies, which are so easily cultivated wherever a small pond or tank can be utilised for the purpose; The few varieties we mention are those we find do well around Sydney, and give splendid results for little trouble.

Aponogeton.

Distachyon. Flowers white and black, beautifully scented; good aquatic 1 6

Azolla.

Rubra. A dense floating aquatic, minimising evaporation per dozen 1 0

Limncharis.

Humboldtii (Water Poppy). Pretty aquatic, which in summer covers the surface of the water with broad heart-shaped leaves and soft yellow flowers 1 6

Nymphaea.

Alba. The lovely white Water Lily seen in such profusion during summer and autumn. Tubers 2 0

Gigantea. Beautiful blue; prefers a warmer situation than the others. Strong tubers; May to October 2 6

Lutea. The beautiful yellow variety; rather a shy bloomer as compared to Alba. Tubers 2 0

Stellata. Flowers blue, scented; produced in abundance throughout the summer months .. 2 0

Pontedera. (Water Hyacinth).

Crassipes 1 0
Beautiful water plant, producing flowers resembling the Iris, soft lilac rose, shiny leaves, and will grow in the open air in a glass dish or tub filled with water, if a little earth is allowed to settle at bottom to allow the roots to take hold.

Papyrus.

Antiquorum (Egyptian Paper Reed) 1 6
Usually cultivated as an aquatic. For sub-tropical gardening it is very useful, and is best grown in shallow water in a warm position.

..Carpet Bedding Plants..

Alternanthera.

Aurea Reticulata per hundred 10 0
Amabile 10 0
Parenchoides 10 0
Versicolor 10 0

Cineraria.

Maritima 5 0

Echeveria.

Secunda Glauca 10 0

Geranium.

Madame Salroy 12 0

Iresine.

Acuminata. Green and yellow, variegated .. 10 0
Herbstii. Red 10 0
Lindenii. Pointed leaves; red 10 0
Lindenii Aurea. Green and yellow, pointed leaves 10 0

Mesembryanthemum.

Cordifolium Variegata 10 0

Pyrethrum.

Aureum 6 0

Stelaria (Thrift).

Graminea. Small tufts per hundred 2 0
Effective bedding plants; can be planted from October to December.

.....Plants for Edging.....

BOX per hundred 10 0
Oxalis, pink 5 0
Violet, white 6 0
Violet, pale blue 6 0

Seedling Annuals, &c.

To meet an increasing demand for Seedlings, we are now able to supply the following during the months named. Fine, strong, healthy, young plants:—

CAN BE SUPPLIED FROM MARCH TO AUGUST.

We have always on show at our warehouse a fine assortment of well-grown seasonal annuals in boxes.

	DOZEN
Acrolinium Roseum	0 8
Acrolinium Alba	0 8
Antirrhinum. Best varieties	0 8
Aquilegia Vulgaris, fl. pl.	1 0
Bellis Perennis (Daisies). Varieties	0 8
Centaurea (Cornflower). Varieties	0 8
Calendula. Best mixed	0 8
Calliopsis Drummondii	0 8
Calliopsis Grandiflora	1 0
Calliopsis Bicolor Tinctoria	0 8
Calliopsis Lanceolata	1 0
Calliopsis. Best mixed	0 8
Candytuft. Varieties	0 8
Carnation Marguerite	1 0
Carnation "Riviera Market." Beautiful ever-blooming; profusion of flowers of all shades; perfect for cutting; seedlings give 90 per cent. double flowers. Mixed Seedlings	1 0
Carnation Marguerite Malmaison	2 0
Cosmos. Mixed colours	1 0
Cosmidium Burridgeanum	0 8
Campanula (Canterbury Bells). Mixed	0 8
Delphinium Perennial	2 0
Dianthus, in variety	0 8
Eschscholtzia. Best mixed	1 0
Gaillardia, in variety	0 8
Garden Marigold sorts	0 8
Helichrysum. Mixed	0 8
Hollyhocks. Double	1 0
Linum Grandiflora Rubrum (Scarlet Flax)	0 8
Linum. Best mixed	0 8
Lupins. Best mixed	0 8
Myosotis (Forget-Me-Not). Varieties	1 0
Nigella. Mixed	1 0
Pansies. All the best strains	1 0
Pansies, Superb French	1 0
Phlox, in variety	0 8
Picotees	2 0
Polyanthus	1 0
Poppies. Best varieties	0 8
Primrose (English)	2 0
Rhodanthe Maculata	0 8
Rhodanthe Manglesi	0 8
Scabious. Mixed	0 8
Sweet Alyssum. White	0 8
Stock, Ten-week. Various	0 8
Stock, Brompton	1 0
Summer Chrysanthemums, in variety	0 8
Verbenas. Superb mixed	1 0
Wallflower. Single	0 8
Wallflower. Double	0 8

CAN BE SUPPLIED FROM AUGUST TO JANUARY.

	DOZEN
Ageratum. Mixed	0 8
Amaranthus. Coloured leaves. Varieties	0 8
Aster. Varieties	1 0
Balsam. Best mixed	0 8
Celosia. Mixed	1 0
Cosmos. Mixed	0 8
Cosmidium Burridgeanum	0 8
Digitalis (Foxglove). Mixed	0 8
Gomphrena Globosa (Globe Amaranthe)	0 8
Lobelia. Mixed	1 0
Nasturtium. Best mixed	0 8
Portulacca. Single	0 8
Portulacca. Double	0 8
Pyrethrum Aureum	0 8
Rudbeckia. Bicolour	1 0
Salpiglossis	1 0
Sunflower. Varieties	0 8
Sunflower. Miniature varieties	0 8
Tagetes (Marigold). Varieties	0 8
Zinnia. Varieties	0 8

FERNS.

Adiantum (Maiden Hair Fern).

Affine	1 6
Amabile	1 6
Æmulum	1 6
Capillus Veneris	1 6
Capillus Veneris Pacottii	1 6
Concinnum	1 6
Concinnum Latum	1 6
Cuneatum	1 0
Cuneatum Grandiceps	1 6
Curvatum	1 6
Decorum	1 6
Elegans	1 6
Fergusonii	1 6
Formosum	1 6
Fragrantissimum	1 6
Gracillimum	1 6
Gracillimum Cristata	1 6
Hispidulum	1 0
Japonica	1 6
Le Grandi	1 6
Lathomi	1 6
Marissii	1 6
Pedatum	1 6
Pendulum	1 6
Pubescens	1 0
Rhodophyllum	1 6
Sanctæ Catherinæ	1 6
Sangvillii	1 6
Strictum	1 6
Tenerum	1 0
Trapeziforme	1 6

Large sized plants up to 5s.

Alsophila.

Cooperii	1 6
Excelsa	1 6
Robusta	1 6
Species of Lord Howe	1 6

Asplenium.

Bulbiferum	1 6
Diversifolium	2 0
Lucidum	1 6
Nidus (Bird's Nest)	1 6
Viviparum	1 0

Cyrtomium.

Falcatum	1 8
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Cyathea (Tree Ferns).

Dealbata	2 6
Medullaris	2 6

Davallia.

Bullata	1 6
Canariensis	2 6
Dissecta	1 6
Pyxidata	1 6

Dicksonia (Tree Fern).

Antarctica	2 6
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Dictyogramma.

Japonica	1 6
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Diplazium.

Thwaitesia	1 0
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Doodia.

Caudata	1 0
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Doryopteris.

Palmata	1 6
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Gleichenia.

Microphylla	1 6
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Gymnogramma.

Chrysophylla (Golden Fern)	1 6
Decompositum	1 6
Sulphurea	1 0

Lastrea.

Richardsii Corymbosa	1 6
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Lomaria.

Discolour	2 0
Gibba	1 6
Pattersonii	1 6

Lycopodium.

Aureum	1 0
Denticulatum	1 0

Lygodium.

Scandens (Climbing Fern)	1 6
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Marattia.

Fraxinia	3 6
Cycas-like stems, with immense fronds.	

Microlepia.

Hirta Cristata	1 6
Strigosa	2 0

Nephrodium.

Molle	1 6
Molle Corymbiferum	1 6

Nephrolepis.

Bostoniensis	1 6
Bridgesi	2 0
Davalliodes	1 6
Davalliodes Fuscans	2 0
Duffii	1 6
Erecta	1 6
Exaltata	1 0

Onychium.

Japonicum	1 6
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Osmunda.

Falcata	1 6
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Platycerium.

Alicorne (Elkhorn Fern)	1 6
Grande (Staghorn Fern)	1 6

Pleobodium.

Aureum	1 6
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Pteris.

Pteris Species from Lord Howe Island	1 6
(A beautiful variety.)	

Argyrea (Silver Fern)	1 6
Cretica Alba Lineata	1 6
Mayii	2 6
Nemoralis	1 6
Ouvrardi	1 6
Serrulata	1 6
Serrulata Cristata	1 6
Tremula	1 0
Umbrosa	1 6
Wimsetti	1 6

Selaginella.

Almanda	1 0	Schotti	1 6
Cesium Arborea	1 6	Stoloniferum	1 0
Emiliana	1 6	Tasselata	1 6
Formosum	1 6	Umbrosum	1 6
Grandis	1 6	Wildenovii	1 6
Nidus	1 0	Cærulescens	1 6

Large Plants of any of the above Ferns may be obtained at advanced prices.

TREE FERN TRUNKS from 3s 6d

FERN BASKETS.

Established Fern Baskets always in Stock, from 3s 6d each.

JAPANESE FERN BALLS

(DAVALLIA BULLATA).

In various designs, 7-in. and 9-in. diameter, 4s and 7s each.
These are made to hang up, and are very ornamental.

ORCHIDS.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

We can supply strong Plants of many of the best Orchids, including:

Aerides.
Cypripediums (Slipper Orchid). In twelve finest sorts.
Calanthes. A beautiful free-flowering species.
Cattleyas. Twelve varieties. Superb flowering.
Dendrobiums.
Laelias.
Oncidium. Several choice varieties of the butterfly type.
Odontoglossum.



Decorative Palms.



We can supply Palms in any quantity, and of almost any size. The prices quoted are for medium-sized, well-furnished plants; but we can also supply splendid extra-sized, well-grown plants of nearly every variety. We have tens of thousands of Palms of all sizes to offer, and will always be glad to make special quotations for large lines.

PALMS IN POTS.

THERE is no form of home decoration more pleasing than the liberal distribution of plants about the rooms of a house, or on the balconies or verandahs. The choice of plants which will succeed indoors is not large, and perhaps the very hardiest and best of all are the well-known **KENTIAS**.

These magnificent plants will grow well indoors if the few simple directions we give are followed. To keep the plants in perfect health, they must have plenty of water—that is, as much as they require; if they are kept in the shade, three times a week will be often enough to water them. The best plan is to take the plant outside on verandah, fill up the pot with water, and allow all surplus to run off through the drainage.

The palms should have their leaves sponged once a week, so as to remove any dust, and it is a good plan to put them out on the verandah or balcony occasionally when the weather is mild, but they must be kept out of the wind and sun; they like shade.



Corypha.

Areca.

Bauerii	.. .. .	from	1 6
Lutescens		from	5 0
Sapida		from	1 6
Rubra		from	3 6

Brahea.

Filamentosa		from	1 6
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One of the best Palms for embellishing the garden grounds.

Chamærops.

Excelsa		from	1 6
Fortunii	.. .. .	from	1 6

Cocos.

Australis	.. .. .	from	2 6
Plumosa	.. .. .	from	1 6
Weddelliana	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6

Most graceful palm in existence; very beautiful for table and drawing-room decoration.

Cycas.

Circinalis	.. .. .	from	2 6
Revoluta		from	2 6

The best of this family; very handsome.

Caryota.

Urens		from	1 6
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Corypha.

Australis (The N.S.W. Cabbage Tree Palm)	from	1 6
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Carludowica.

Palmata		from	3 6
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A beautiful fan palm; a fast grower.

Diplothenium.

Maritimum (Wine Palm)		from	2 6
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One of the finest palms for out-door culture; very hardy.

Kentia.

Belmoreana (Curly Palm)		1/6 to	42 0
Canterburyana (Large Mountain)	.. .. .	from	1 6
Moorei	.. .. .	from	2 6
Fosteriana (Thatch Palm)	.. .. .	1/6 to	42 0

We also offer fine well-grown specimens of Kentias, 4 to 6 feet, from 15s to 63s.

The Kentias are the hardiest, most beautiful, and most useful of all the palms. For decorative purposes they cannot be excelled.

Latania.

Borbonica	.. .. .	from	1 6
Rubra (Livistonia Commersonii)		from	3 6

Very beautiful fan-leaved palm.

Licuala.

Grandis		from	3 6
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Another strikingly handsome fan-leaved palm.

Macrozamia.

Cylindrica		from	2 6
Denisonii	.. .. .	from	1 6
Miquellii	.. .. .	from	2 6

Phoenix.

Acaulis	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Canariensis	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Dactylifera (Date Palm)	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Farinifera	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Reclinata	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Rupicola	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Sylvestris	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6
Tenuis	.. .. .	2/6 to	10 6

Rhapis.

Flabelliformis	.. .. .	from	3 6
Humilis	.. .. .	from	3 6

Japanese Palms; very beautiful for pot culture.

Seaforthia.

Elegans (N.S.W. Bangalow Palm)	from	1 6
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Sabal.

Blackburniana.	Small plants from	1	6
Palmata	 from	1	6
Umbraculifera	 from	1	6

The following are very effective when planted on grass and very hardy:—

Phoenix	Chamærops Macrozamia
Sabal Palmata	Sabal Umbraculifera
Cocos Plumosa	Corypha Australis
Cycas Revoluta	Seaforthia Elegans

Chamærops
Excelsa.

Garden Requisites.

MANURES, Etc.

Standen's Gardener's Friend Manure.

In tins, 1s 6d and 3s each.

For promoting a vigorous growth, and giving a fine healthy appearance to all flowers and vegetables, and particularly to pot plants.

Clay's Fertiliser, or Plant Food.

In boxes 1s 6d each.

One of the oldest and most reliable of all Garden Manures, either for plants in pots or in the border; very largely used; preferred by some gardeners to all others.

Superior Garden Fertiliser.

In tins of about 6 lb., 1s.

For vegetables and flowers this manure is a fertiliser of a very high class, containing potash, lime, nitrogen, and phosphoric acid in the proportions best suited to become the food of plants; can be used either liquid or dry.

Finest Prepared Orchid Peat.

15s per bag.

Specially imported from the best English source of supply for orchid culture.

Sphagnum Moss.

Per bag of about 5 bushels, 15s (unbroken); any other quantity supplied at special prices.

Summer Cloud Shading.

1s 6d per packet.

For shading frames and green-houses. It is applied outside the glass, and cannot be washed off by rain. Gives shade enough to protect plants from the glare of the sun.

Virgin Cork.

6d per lb.; special price for large lots.

This ornamental bark is largely used for horticultural decorative purposes; in the hands of a person of taste it can produce the most charming effects in ferneries, etc.

Grafting Wax (French).

9d, 1s 3d, 2s 3d, and 4s 6d tin.

Largely used in nurseries where grafting is extensively practised.

Brass Garden Syringes.

No. 1, 12-inch barrel	..	..	..	..	9 0
No. 1½, 15-inch barrel	..	..	..	..	12 0
No. 3, 18-inch barrel	..	..	..	..	19 0
No. 4	..	..	..	..	20 0

This instrument can be used for a variety of purposes in the garden where insect pests are numerous.

CHEAP SYRINGES. 4s 6d to 7s 6d each.

WATERING CANS (English Made).

4-qts.	6 0	6-qts.	7 0	8-qts.	8 0
Common fine	-	-	2 3	to 5 9	

FINGER SPADES.

6d each.

Insect Destroyers and Fumigators.

Gishurst Compound.

In boxes—1 lb., 1s 6d; 3 lb., 4s 6d; 12 lb., 14s.

A very efficacious dressing for the destruction of aphids, green fly, red spider, and thrips; also for dressing apple trees infested with blight or other insects; and is death to the pests of the orange tree—scale and coccus.

Fowler's Insecticide.

In jars 1s 6d and 3s each.

A most thorough eradicator of fly, thrips, mildew, scale, aphids, coccus, etc., and a valuable preparation for the removal of all insect pests in plants.

Soluble Fir Tree Oil.

In bottles 2s and 3s each.

One of the best insecticides for plants or animals.

Nicotine Soap.

In jars, 1s 6d each.

Another useful insecticide for washing plants.

Lethorian, Vapour Cone.

1s, 1s 6d, and 2s 6d each, the smaller size being large enough to disinfect about 500 cubic feet.

Niquas.

The most successful non-poisonous insecticide of the day.

½ pints, sufficient for 5 gallons wash	..	..	1 0
1 pint,	10	..	2 0
½ gallons,	6d	..	5 0

"Nikoteen."

In bottles—sufficient to make 5 gallons of wash	-	1 3
" " 10 "	-	2 6
" " 20 "	-	3 6
" " 100 "	-	12 6

Certain death to aphids, scale, and all other insect pests; harmless to plant life. This has proved itself to be the best remedy yet introduced. Directions on each bottle.

Medicated Tobacco Paper.

In 1 lb. packets, 1s 6d each.

For fumigating pot plants for the destruction of insect pests, such as red spider, mealy bug and aphids.

Tobacco for Washes.

In pressed parcels of about 10 lbs. weight, sufficient to make 10 gallons liquid, 1s each parcel.

Tobacco Powder.

In tins, 1s each. For fumigating plants and for the destruction of spider, mealy bug, etc., and it can also be applied by a distributor. Plants should be syringed with clean water some time after they have been treated.

Tobacco Powder Distributors, 1s 3d and 3s 6d.

Morbine.

In tins, sufficient for 1 gallon of water - 1s each
5 gallon drum, to make 40 gallons of wash - 15s each

A preparation for the eradication of weeds, etc., from garden paths, also for the destruction of noxious weeds, such as lantana, prickly pear, etc.

Universal Fumigator.

No. 1, 4s 6d; No. 2, 6s 6d; No. 3, 11s 6d.

The best insect fumigator in the market, producing the largest quantity of genuine tobacco smoke.

Slug Destroyer.

7 lb. bags, 3s each.

Especially prepared for destruction of slugs and snails, etc.

"Climax" Spray Pump.

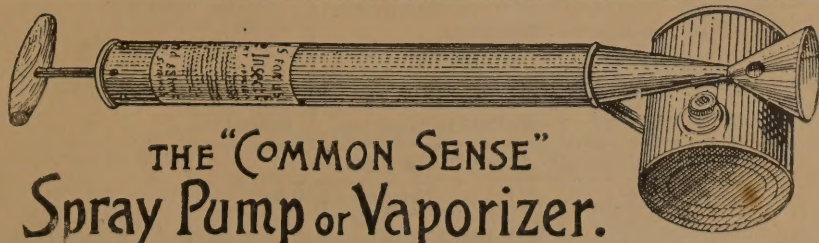
No. 1, £2 17s 6d; No. 2, £3 15s; No. 3, £5 10s; No. 4, £6 5s.

"Figaro" Knapsack Pump.

Price, £2 2s 6d. Full particulars for using Pump sent with each.

Martin's Patent Flower Rack.

For supporting out flowers in bowls or glasses. 2-in., 8d each, 3-in., 1s 3d each; 4-in., 1s 9d each; 6-in., 2s 3d each.



THE "COMMON SENSE" Spray Pump or Vaporizer.

Tin, 4s each; packed and post free in N.S.W., 5s; other States, 6s.

Copper, 7s each; packed and post free in N.S.W., 8s; other States, 9s.

The most effective Cheap Amateur's Spray Pump and Vaporizer yet offered. It throws a spray as fine as mist, and is in consequence more effective than any other Spray Pump of its size.

For destroying scale, mealy bug, red spider, thrips, black or green fly, and mildew, or insect life of any kind on plants, shrubs, or fruit trees, use Nikoteen, Gishurst's Compound, or any of the washes or emulsions recommended, all of which can be applied with this sprayer.

GARDEN REQUISITES—Continued.**Sets of Light Garden Tools.**

For Ladies .. 6s 9d to 11s 6d per set.
For Amateurs .. 12s per set.

GARDEN SPADES.

D handled, Parkes' patent .. 3 9 to 5 0
Ladies' Spades (various sizes) .. 1 9 to 3 6

GARDEN TROWELS.

Blue, bright points, 5 to 8 inches .. 0 8 to 1 9
All blue .. 0 6
Long-handled Trowels .. 1 0

GARDEN RAKES.

Finest Steel, with handles .. 1 2 to 1 9
Finest Steel, unhandled .. 0 8 to 1 0

GARDEN HOES.

Square or Draw, 4 inch to 7 inch .. 0 8 to 1 0
Half-moon, swan neck, 5 inch and 6 inch .. 1 0
Dutch, 4 inch to 7 inch .. 1 0 to 1 3

RAKE AND HOE HANDLES

0 9

DAISY OR WEED LIFTER

2 0 and 2 3

WEED FORKS.

Blue, bright tips .. 0 9 to 1 6
All blue .. 0 8
All blue, long-handled .. 1 0
Blue, bright tips, long-handled .. 1 2

EDGING IRONS (Handled)

For trimming grass edges .. 3 3

PRUNING SAWS.

14-inch to 18-inch .. 2 6 to 3 0
" Californian " .. 6 0

STANDARD TREE PRUNERS.

8 feet .. 10 6
10 feet .. 11 6

ROSE PRUNERS. 2s 6d each.**SECATEURS (Vine Pruners).**

Various patterns .. 3/3 3/6 4 0 and 5 6

SHEARS.

Hedge Shears, 8 to 10 inch .. 3 9 to 4 6
Grass Shears .. 2 9
Myticutah Lopping Shears .. 8 0

GARDEN LINES.

Strong Cord .. 1 6

GARDEN REELS. 1s 10d each.**LEATHER GARDEN GLOVES.**

Strong "Gauntlets" for pruning .. 4 6
Oxford Tans, with cuffs .. 2 0 and 2 9
Ladies' for garden work .. 2 0 and 2 6

LADIES' GARDENING CUFFS.

Made of plaited grass .. 0 3 per pair
To protect the wrists and linen cuffs when gardening.

FLOWER GATHERERS.

Useful for ladies when cutting flowers. The flower is held after the stem has been cut. 3 0 per pair

Saynor's Budding Knives.

324	325	329	BL	325½	204	207
3/3	3/9	2/6	3/6	5/-	3/9	3/9

Saynor's Pruning Knives.

938	189	197	195½	196½	187	195	312B
4/6	4/-	4/3	4/-	5/6	3/3	3/6	3/-
194	312	196	166	192	188	191	
7/3	3/-	5/6	2/6	3/6	3/9	4/-	

Zinc Labels for Pots, Borders or Trees.

Indestructible; can be written on with indelible ink.

PRICE PER ONE HUNDRED.

No. 1 .. 4 0	No. 5 .. 3 6	No. 14 .. 2 0
No. 2 .. 3 0	No. 6 .. 2 9	No. 15 .. 2 9
No. 3 .. 3 6	No. 7 .. 2 0	No. 20 .. 2 6
No. 4 .. 3 0	No. 13 .. 2 6	No. 21 .. 3 9

V. rbenia Pins 1s 6d per box. Layer Pegs 1s 6d per box.

PARCELS POST RATES.**For N.S.W.**

Under 1 lb.	0 6
Over 1 lb. and under 2	0 9
" 2 "	1 0
" 3 "	1 3
" 4 "	1 6
" 5 "	1 9
" 6 "	2 0
" 7 "	2 3
" 8 "	2 6
" 9 "	2 9
" 10 "	3 0

For Other States.

Under 1 lb.	0 8
Over 1 lb. and under 2	1 2
" 2 "	1 8
" 3 "	2 2
" 4 "	2 8
" 5 "	3 2
" 6 "	3 8
" 7 "	4 2
" 8 "	4 8
" 9 "	5 2
" 10 "	5 8

Flower Pots and Saucers.

We exercise every care in packing Flower Pots for transit by steamer or rail, but we accept no responsibility whatever regarding them in the matter of breakage

Flower Pots.

4-inch .. 1 6 dozen
5-inch .. 2 6 "
6-inch .. 3 0 "
7-inch .. 4 0 "
8-inch .. 6 0 "
9-inch .. 9 0 "
10-inch .. 12 0 "
12-inch .. 18 0 "

Saucers.

For 5-inch pots .. 1 6 dozen
" 6-inch pots .. 2 0 "
" 7-inch pots .. 3 0 "
" 8-inch pots .. 4 0 "
" 9-inch pots .. 4 6 "
" 10-inch pots .. 6 0 "
" 12-inch pots .. 8 0 "

Hyacinth Glasses.

For growing and flowering Hyacinth bulbs in water.

Various Colours .. 9d each, or 6s per dozen

Ornamental Hyacinth Glasses from 1s 6d to 2s 6d each

Brass Hyacinth Supports .. 4d each

WOOD FLOWER STICKS.**UNPAINTED (White).**

1 foot .. 1 0 per 100
1½ feet .. 1 3 "
2 " .. 1 9 "
2½ " .. 2 3 "
3 " .. 2 9 "
3½ " .. 3 9 "
4 " .. 4 9 "
4½ " .. 5 3 "

PAINTED (Green).

1 foot .. 0 3 per dozen
1½ feet .. 0 4 "
2 " .. 0 6 "
2½ " .. 0 8 "
3 " .. 0 10 "
3½ " .. 1 0 "
4 " .. 1 3 "

Hardwood Stakes.

This is an excellent stake, and can be used for almost any class of work; nicely pointed, and very durable.

	per dozen	per 100
3 feet long, ½-inch square ..	0 7	4 0
3½ " ½-inch " ..	0 8	5 0
4 " ½-inch " ..	1 0	6 0
4½ " 1-inch " ..	1 3	8 6
5 " 1-inch " ..	1 6	9 0

Florist Stake, Bamboo Cane.

4 feet. 6d per dozen.

Thin and strong, and most suitable for Carnations, Bouvardias, and tall-growing florist flowers.

Carnation Bands. 2d dozen.

Most useful to Carnation growers; to prevent blooms from bursting.

Lead Wire.

For tying on Hanging Zinc Labels.

3 sizes .. 1s 6d per lb.

Wood Garden Labels.**PAINTED.**

4-inch per hundred 1 3	9-inch per hundred 2 9
6-inch .. 1 6	10-inch .. 3 3
7-inch .. 2 0	12-inch .. 3 9

PLAIN.

6-inch .. 1 0	12-inch .. 2 0
9-inch .. 1 6	

Raffia Fibre.

1s 6d per lb. Special Prices for Large Parcels.

The most popular tying material known to horticulturists. It should be damped before being used, and can be split into the finest threads if necessary. It is very strong.

Indelible Ink.

For writing on zinc labels.

In bottles .. 6d each

Indelible Black Pencils. 4d each

Excellent substitutes for pen and ink; the weather has no effect on labels written with them.

Cannot write on zinc labels with these.

Twine.

For tying up plants and shrubs.

Tarred .. 2 0 and 1 0 per ball
Hemp .. 0 6 and 0 9 per ball

WE PUBLISH WORKS ON

"The Kitchen Garden."

1s 1d post free.

"The Flower Garden."

1s 1d post free.

"The Fruit Garden."

2 vols., 1s 1d each post free.

For Novelties
in Vegetable
and Flower
Seeds, see the
Coloured
Sheets..

INDEX.

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For Novelties
in Shrubs and
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for all
Crops*



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Sydney.*